



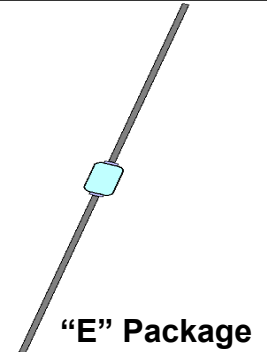
**1N4954 thru 1N4996, 1N5968 thru 1N5969, and 1N6632 thru 1N6637**

**VOIDLESS-HERMETICALLY-SEALED  
5 WATT GLASS ZENER DIODES**

**ALSO  
AVAILABLE IN  
SURFACE  
MOUNT**

### DESCRIPTION

This Zener Voltage Regulator series is military qualified to MIL-PRF-19500/356 and is ideal for high-reliability applications where a failure cannot be tolerated. These industry-recognized 5 Watt Zener Voltage Regulators are hermetically sealed with voidless-glass construction using an internal metallurgical bond. It includes Zener selections from 3.3 to 390 volts in standard 5% tolerances as well as tighter tolerances identified by different suffix letters on the part number. They are also available in surface-mount packages (see separate data sheet for 1N4954US thru 1N4996US, 1N5968US thru 1N5969US, and 1N6632US thru 1N6637US). Microsemi also offers numerous other Zener products to meet higher and lower power ratings in both thru-hole and surface mount packages.



**IMPORTANT:** For the most current data, consult MICROSEMI's website: <http://www.microsemi.com>

### FEATURES

- Popular JEDEC registered series
- Voidless hermetically sealed glass package
- Extremely robust construction
- Triple-layer passivation
- Internal "Category I" Metallurgical bonds for 1N4954 thru 1N4996, and "Category III" for 1N6632 thru 1N6637 as well as 1N5968 thru 1N5969
- JAN, JANTX, JANTXV, and JANS available per MIL-PRF-19500/356
- Surface mount equivalents also available in a square end-cap MELF configuration with "US" suffix (see separate data sheet for 1N4954US thru 1N4996US, 1N6632US thru 1N6637US and 1N5968US thru 1N5969US)

### APPLICATIONS / BENEFITS

- Regulates voltage over a broad operating current and temperature range
- Extensive selection from 3.3 to 390 V
- Standard voltage tolerances are plus/minus 5% with no suffix
- Tight tolerances available in plus or minus 2% or 1% with C or D suffix respectively
- Flexible axial-lead mounting terminals
- Nonsensitive to ESD per MIL-STD-750 Method 1020
- Inherently radiation hard as described in Microsemi MicroNote 050

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

- Operating Temperature: -65°C to +175°C.
- Storage Temperature: -65°C to +175°C.
- Power Dissipation: 5 Watts @ T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C
- Thermal Resistance: 22°C/W junction to lead at 3/8 inch (10 mm) from body for 1N4954 thru 1N4996 and 30°C/W for 1N6632 thru 1N6637, 1N5968 thru 1N5969
- Thermal Impedance at 10 ms: 1.8°C/W for 1N4954 thru 1N4996, and 3.0°C/W for both the 1N6632 thru 1N6637 & 1N5968 thru 1N5969
- Forward Voltage: 1.50 V at 1.0 A

### MECHANICAL AND PACKAGING

- CASE: Hermetically sealed voidless hard glass with Tungsten slugs
- TERMINATIONS: Axial-leads are Tin/Lead (Sn/Pb) over Copper except for JANS with solid Silver (Ag) and no finish
- MARKING: Body painted and part number, etc.
- POLARITY: Cathode indicated by band
- Tape & Reel option: Standard per EIA-296
- Weight: 750 mg





SCOTTSDALE DIVISION

1N4954 thru 1N4996, 1N5968 thru 1N5969, and  
1N6632 thru 1N6637

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**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C**

TYPE*	NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE $V_Z @ I_{ZT}$	TEST CURRENT $I_{ZT}$	MAXIMUM ZENER IMPEDANCE		VOLTAGE REGULATION (Note 1) $\Delta V_Z$	MAXIMUM REVERSE LEAKAGE CURRENT VOLTAGE		MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE COEFF. $\alpha_{VZ} @ I_{ZT}$	MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS CURRENT $I_{ZM}$	SURGE CURRENT $I_{ZSM}$
			$Z_Z @ I_{ZT}$	$Z_{ZK} @ I_{ZK}=1mA$		$I_R$	$V_R$			
			OHMS	OHMS		$\mu A$	VOLTS			
1N6632	3.3	380	3.0	500	0.90	300	1.0	-.075	1440	20.0
1N6633	3.6	350	2.5	500	0.80	250	1.0	-.070	1320	18.7
1N6634	3.9	320	2.0	500	0.75	175	1.0	-.060	1220	17.6
1N6635	4.3	290	2.0	500	0.70	25	1.0	-.050	1100	16.4
1N6636	4.7	260	2.0	450	0.60	20	1.0	+/- .025	1010	15.3
1N6637	5.1	240	1.5	400	0.50	5	1.0	+/- .030	930	14.4
1N5968	5.6	220	1.0	400	0.4	5000	4.28	.04	865	20
1N5969	6.2	220	1.0	1000	0.5	1000	4.74	.04	765	20
1N4954	6.8	175	1.0	1000	0.7	150	5.2	.05	700	29.3
1N4955	7.5	175	1.5	800	0.7	100	5.7	.06	630	26.4
1N4956	8.2	150	1.5	600	0.7	50	6.2	.06	580	24
1N4957	9.1	150	2.0	400	0.7	25	6.9	.06	520	22
1N4958	10.0	125	2.0	125	0.8	25	7.6	.07	475	20
1N4959	11	125	2.5	130	0.8	10	8.4	.07	430	19
1N4960	12	100	2.5	140	0.8	10	9.1	.07	395	18
1N4961	13	100	3.0	145	0.9	10	9.9	.08	365	16
1N4962	15	75	3.5	150	1.0	5	11.4	.08	315	12
1N4963	16	75	3.5	155	1.1	5	12.2	.08	294	10
1N4964	18	65	4.0	160	1.2	5	13.7	.085	264	9.0
1N4965	20	65	4.5	165	1.5	2	15.2	.085	237	8.0
1N4966	22	50	5.0	170	1.8	2	16.7	.085	216	7.0
1N4967	24	50	5.0	175	2.0	2	18.2	.090	198	6.5
1N4968	27	50	6.0	180	2.0	2	20.6	.090	176	6.0
1N4969	30	40	8	190	2.5	2	22.8	.090	158	5.5
1N4970	33	40	10	200	2.8	2	25.1	.095	144	5.0
1N4971	36	30	11	220	3.0	2	27.4	.095	132	4.5
1N4972	39	30	14	230	3.0	2	29.7	.095	122	4.0
1N4973	43	30	20	240	3.3	2	32.7	.095	110	3.5
1N4974	47	25	25	250	3.5	2	35.8	.095	100	3.2
1N4975	51	25	27	270	4.0	2	38.8	.095	92	3.0
1N4976	56	20	35	320	4.4	2	42.6	.095	84	2.8
1N4977	62	20	42	400	5.0	2	47.1	.100	76	2.5
1N4978	68	20	50	500	5.5	2	51.7	.100	70	2.2
1N4979	75	20	55	620	6.0	2	56.0	.100	63.0	2.0
1N4980	82	15	80	720	6.6	2	62.2	.100	58.0	1.8
1N4981	91	15	90	760	7.5	2	69.2	.100	52.5	1.6
1N4982	100	12	110	800	8.0	2	76.0	.100	47.5	1.4
1N4983	110	12	125	1000	9.0	2	83.6	.100	43.0	1.2
1N4984	120	10	170	1150	10	2	91.2	.100	39.5	1.00
1N4985	130	10	190	1250	11	2	98.8	.105	36.6	0.80
1N4986	150	8	330	1500	13	2	114.0	.105	31.6	0.75
1N4987	160	8	350	1650	14	2	121.6	.105	29.4	0.70
1N4988	180	5	450	1750	16	2	136.8	.110	26.4	0.60
1N4989	200	5	500	1850	18	2	152	.110	23.6	0.50
1N4990	220	5	550	2000	19	2	167	.115	21.6	0.50
1N4991	240	5	650	2050	22	2	182	.115	19.8	0.40
1N4992	270	5	800	2100	25	2	206	.120	17.5	0.35
1N4993	300	4	950	2150	28	2	228	.120	15.6	0.30
1N4994	330	4	1175	2200	32	2	251	.120	14.4	0.25
1N4995	360	3	1400	2300	35	2	274	.120	13.0	0.22
1N4996	390	3	1800	2500	40	2	297	.120	12.0	0.20

\* $I_{ZK} = 5 \text{ mA}$  for 1N5968

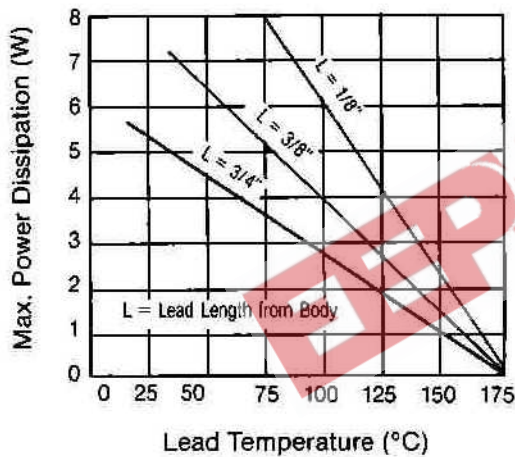
NOTE 1: Maximum voltage change  $\Delta V_Z$  between 10% of  $I_{ZM}$  and 50% of  $I_{ZM}$



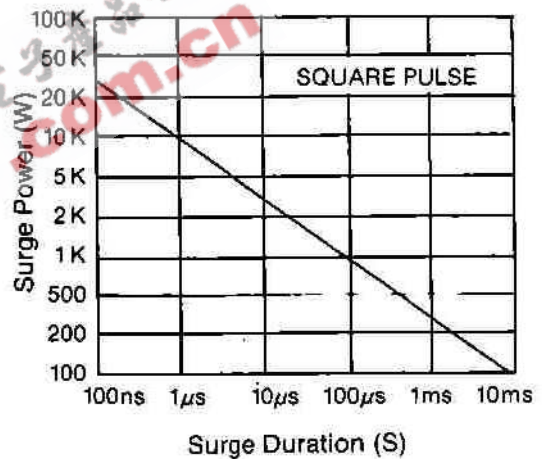
**SYMBOLS & DEFINITIONS**

Symbol	Definition
$V_Z$	Zener Voltage: The zener voltage the device will exhibit at a specified current ( $I_Z$ ) in its breakdown region.
$I_Z, I_{ZT}, I_{ZK}$	Regulator Current: The dc regulator current ( $I_Z$ ), at a specified test point ( $I_{ZT}$ ), or near breakdown knee ( $I_{ZK}$ ).
$Z_{ZT}$ or $Z_{ZK}$	Dynamic Impedance: The small signal impedance of the diode when biased to operate in its breakdown region at a specified rms current modulation (typically 10% of $I_{ZT}$ or $I_{ZK}$ ) and superimposed on $I_{ZT}$ or $I_{ZK}$ respectively.
$V_F$	Maximum Forward Voltage: The maximum forward voltage the device will exhibit at a specified current.
$I_R$	Maximum Reverse Current: The maximum reverse (leakage) current that will flow at the specified voltage and temperature.
$I_{ZM}$	Maximum Regulator (Zener) Current: The maximum rated dc current for the specified power rating.
$I_{ZSM}$	Maximum Zener Surge Current: The nonrepetitive peak value of zener surge current at a specified wave form.

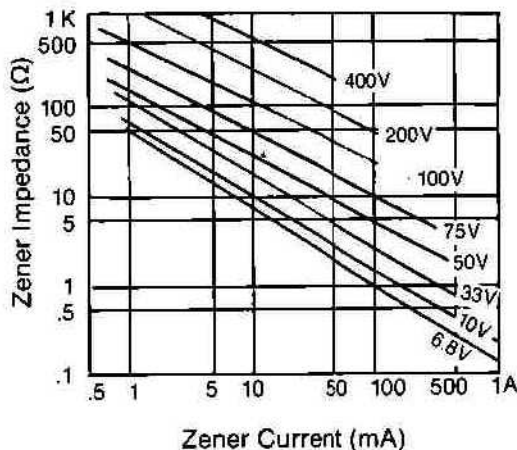
**GRAPHS**



**FIGURE 1**  
POWER DISSIPATION vs. LEAD  
TEMPERATURE DERATING CURVE



**FIGURE 2**  
SURGE POWER vs.  
SURGE DURATION



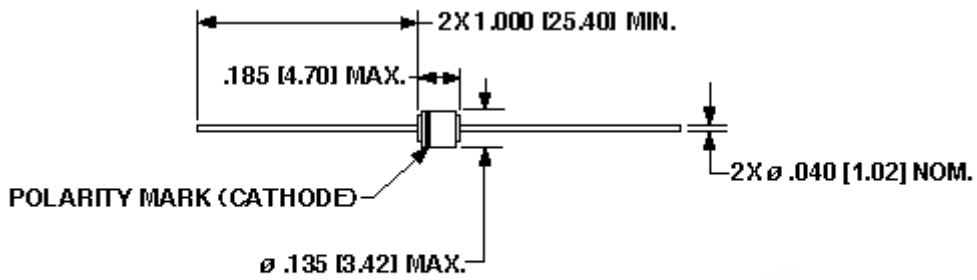
**FIGURE 3**  
TYPICAL ZENER IMPEDANCE vs.  
ZENER CURRENT



1N4954 thru 1N4996, 1N5968 thru 1N5969, and  
1N6632 thru 1N6637

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### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTE: DIMENSIONS IN INCHES (MM)

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