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- State-of-the-Art Advanced BiCMOS
   Technology (ABT) Widebus™ Design for
   2.5-V and 3.3-V Operation and Low Static
   Power Dissipation
- Support Mixed-Mode Signal Operation (5-V Input and Output Voltages With 2.3-V to 3.6-V V<sub>CC</sub>)
- Typical V<sub>OLP</sub> (Output Ground Bounce)
  < 0.8 V at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C
- High Drive (-24/24 mA at 2.5-V and -32/64 mA at 3.3-V V<sub>CC</sub>)
- Power Off Disables Outputs, Permitting Live Insertion
- High-Impedance State During Power Up and Power Down Prevents Driver Conflict
- Uses Bus Hold on Data Inputs in Place of External Pullup/Pulldown Resistors to Prevent the Bus From Floating
- Auto3-State Eliminates Bus Current Loading When Output Exceeds V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 250 mA Per JESD 17
- ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015; Exceeds 200 V Using Machine Model; and Exceeds 1000 V Using Charged-Device Model, Robotic Method
- Flow-Through Architecture Facilitates
  Printed Circuit Board Layout
- Distributed V<sub>CC</sub> and GND Pin Configuration
  Minimizes High-Speed Switching Noise
- Package Options Include Plastic Shrink Small-Outline (DL), Thin Shrink Small-Outline (DGG), Thin Very Small-Outline (DGV) Packages, and 380-mil Fine-Pitch Ceramic Flat (WD) Package

#### SN54ALVTH16827 . . . WD PACKAGE SN74ALVTH16827 . . . DGG, DGV, OR DL PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



#### description

The 'ALVTH16827 devices are 20-bit buffers/line drivers designed for 2.5-V or 3.3-V  $V_{CC}$  operation, but with the capability to provide a TTL interface to a 5-V system environment.

The devices are composed of two 10-bit sections with separate output-enable signals. For either 10-bit buffer section, the two output-enable (1OE1 and 1OE2, or 2OE1 and 2OE2) inputs must be low for the corresponding Y outputs to be active. If either output-enable input is high, the outputs of that 10-bit buffer section are in the high-impedance state.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

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#### description (continued)

When  $V_{CC}$  is between 0 and 1.2 V, the device is in the high-impedance state during power up or power down. However, to ensure the high-impedance state above 1.2 V,  $\overline{OE}$  should be tied to  $V_{CC}$  through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

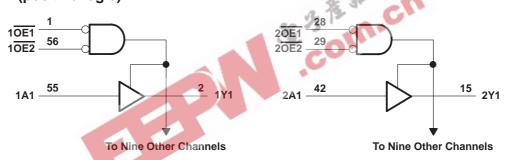
Active bus-hold circuitry is provided to hold unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level.

The SN54ALVTH16827 is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of –55°C to 125°C. The SN74ALVTH16827 is characterized for operation from –40°C to 85°C.

## FUNCTION TABLE (each 10-bit section)

	INPUTS		OUTPUT
OE1	OE2	Α	Y
L	L	L	L
L	L	Н	Н
Н	X	Χ	Z
Х	Н	Χ	Z

### logic diagram (positive logic)



## absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage range, V <sub>CC</sub>	–0.5 V to 4.6 V
Input voltage range, V <sub>I</sub> (see Note 1)	
Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance	
or power-off state, V <sub>O</sub> (see Note 1)	–0.5 V to 7 V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high state, VO (see Note 1)	–0.5 V to 7 V
Output current in the low state, IO: SN54ALVTH16827	96 mA
SN74ALVTH16827	128 mA
Output current in the high state, I <sub>O</sub> : SN54ALVTH16827	
SN74ALVTH16827	–64 mA
Input clamp current, I <sub>IK</sub> (V <sub>I</sub> < 0)	–50 mA
Output clamp current, I <sub>OK</sub> (V <sub>O</sub> < 0)	–50 mA
Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{JA}$ (see Note 2): DGG package	81°C/W
DGV package	86°C/W
DL package	74°C/W
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stg</sub>	–65°C to 150°C

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

<sup>2.</sup> The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.



NOTES: 1. The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

## recommended operating conditions, $V_{\mbox{CC}}$ = 2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V (see Note 3)

			SN54	ALVTH1	6827	SN74	ALVTH1	6827	UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Vcc	Supply voltage	2.3		2.7	2.3		2.7	V	
VIH	High-level input voltage	1.7			1.7			V	
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage		Ú	0.7			0.7	V	
VI	Input voltage	0	Vcc	5.5	0	Vcc	5.5	V	
loH	High-level output current			,0	-6			-8	mA
la.	Low-level output current			Ó	6			8	mA
lOL	Low-level output current; current duty cycle ≤	50%; f ≥ 1 kHz	5	7	18			24	IIIA
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or fall rate	Outputs enabled	8		10			10	ns/V
Δt/ΔV <sub>CC</sub>	Power-up ramp rate	200			200			μs/V	
TA	Operating free-air temperature		-55		125	-40		85	°C

NOTE 3: All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.

## recommended operating conditions, $V_{CC}$ = 3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V (see Note 3)

				SN54	ALVTH1	6827	SN74	ALVTH1	6827	UNIT
			a.	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	ONIT
VCC	Supply voltage	4	26	3	1.	3.6	3		3.6	V
VIH	High-level input voltage		1	2			2			V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage					0.8			0.8	V
VI	Input voltage			0	Vcc	5.5	0	Vcc	5.5	V
loн	High-level output current				Q	-24			-32	mA
lou	Low-level output current				(0)	24			32	mA
lor	Low-level output current; current duty cycle ≤ 5	0%; f ≥	1 kHz	ć	Õ,	48			64	IIIA
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or fall rate	Outputs	s enabled	0		10			10	ns/V
Δt/ΔV <sub>CC</sub>	Power-up ramp rate			200			200			μs/V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature			-55		125	-40		85	°C

NOTE 3: All unused control inputs of the device must be held at VCC or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.

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## electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CC}$ = 2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V (unless otherwise noted)

D	ARAMETER	TEST CO	ONDITIONS	SN54	ALVTH1	6827	SN74	ALVTH1	6827	UNIT
Γ/	ARAMETER	1231 CC	DNDITIONS	MIN	TYP <sup>†</sup>	MAX	MIN	TYP <sup>†</sup>	MAX	UNIT
٧ıĸ		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V},$	I <sub>I</sub> = -18 mA			-1.2			-1.2	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V},$	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.	2		V <sub>CC</sub> -0.	.2		
VOH		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -6 mA	1.8						V
		VCC = 2.3 V	$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$				1.8			
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V},$	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA			0.2			0.2	
			$I_{OL} = 6 \text{ mA}$			0.4			0.47	
VOL		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	$I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$						0.4	V
		VCC = 2.3 V	$I_{OL} = 18 \text{ mA}$			0.5				
			$I_{OL} = 24 \text{ mA}$						0.5	
	Control inputs	$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V},$	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND			±1			±1	
	Control inputs	$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ or } 2.7 \text{ V},$	V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V			10			10	
II			V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V			3 10			10	μΑ
	Data inputs	$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	$V_I = V_{CC}$			1			1	
			V <sub>I</sub> = 0	26	4.00	<b>–</b> 5			<b>–</b> 5	
l <sub>off</sub>		$V_{CC} = 0$ ,	$V_I$ or $V_O = 0$ to 4.5 $V$	2 13		CV.	•		±100	μΑ
I <sub>BHL</sub> ‡		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V},$	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.7 V	3.	115			115		μΑ
IBHH§		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V},$	V <sub>I</sub> = 1.7 V	-6	-10			-10		μΑ
IBHLO	,¶	$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V},$	$V_1 = 0$ to $V_{CC}$	300			300			μΑ
IBHHC	) <sup>#</sup>	$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V},$	$V_I = 0$ to $V_{CC}$	-300			-300			μΑ
IEX		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V},$	$V_{O} = 5.5 \text{ V}$			125			125	μΑ
I <sub>OZ(PI</sub>	U/PD) <sup>☆</sup>	$V_{CC} \le 1.2 \text{ V}, V_{O} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ $V_{I} = \text{GND or } V_{CC}, \overline{\text{OE}} =$	to V <sub>CC</sub> , don't care			±100			±100	μΑ
lozh		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V	$V_O = 2.3 \text{ V},$ $V_I = 0.7 \text{ V or } 1.7 \text{ V}$			5			5	μΑ
lozL		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V	V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 V, V <sub>I</sub> = 0.7 V or 1.7 V			<b>-</b> 5			-5	μΑ
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V,	Outputs high		0.04	0.1		0.04	0.1	
ICC		$I_{O} = 0$ ,	Outputs low		2.3	5		2.3	5	mA
		$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	Outputs disabled		0.04	0.1		0.04	0.1	
Ci		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V,	V <sub>I</sub> = 2.5 V or 0		3			3		pF
Со		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V,	V <sub>O</sub> = 2.5 V or 0		6			6		pF

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup>The bus-hold circuit can sink at least the minimum low sustaining current at V<sub>IL</sub> max. I<sub>BHL</sub> should be measured after lowering V<sub>IN</sub> to GND and then raising it to V<sub>IL</sub> max.

<sup>§</sup> The bus-hold circuit can source at least the minimum high sustaining current at V<sub>IH</sub> min. I<sub>BHH</sub> should be measured after raising V<sub>IN</sub> to V<sub>CC</sub> and then lowering it to V<sub>IH</sub> min.

 $<sup>\</sup>P$  An external driver must source at least  $I_{\mbox{\footnotesize{BHLO}}}$  to switch this node from low to high.

<sup>#</sup> An external driver must sink at least I<sub>BHHO</sub> to switch this node from high to low.

 $<sup>\</sup>parallel$  Current into an output in the high state when  $V_O > V_{CC}$ 

<sup>\*</sup>High-impedance state during power up or power down

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## electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CC}$ = 3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CO	ONDITIONS	SN54	ALVTH1	6827	SN74	ALVTH1	6827	UNIT
FA	RAWLIER	1231 00	MUITIONS	MIN	TYP†	MAX	MIN	TYP†	MAX	ONIT
٧ıĸ		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V,	I <sub>I</sub> = -18 mA			-1.2			-1.2	V
		$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V},$	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.	2		VCC-0	.2		
Vон		V 0 V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -24 mA	2						V
		VCC = 3 V	$I_{OH} = -32 \text{ mA}$				2			
		$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V},$	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA			0.2			0.2	
			I <sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA						0.4	
\/			I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA			0.5				V
VOL		VCC = 3 V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 32 mA						0.5	V
			I <sub>OL</sub> = 48 mA			0.55				
			I <sub>OL</sub> = 64 mA						0.55	
	Control in nexts	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND			±1			±1	
	Control inputs	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 or 3.6 V,	V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V		- 0	10			10	
l <sub>l</sub>			V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V		2 15	10			10	μΑ
	Data inputs	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V	$V_I = V_{CC}$	40		1			1	
			V <sub>I</sub> = 0	13	6	-5			-5	
l <sub>off</sub>		$V_{CC} = 0$ ,	$V_I$ or $V_O = 0$ to 4.5 $V$	-40	16				±100	μΑ
I <sub>BHL</sub> ‡		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V,	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.8 V	<b>7</b> 5	20		75			μΑ
I <sub>BHH</sub> §		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V,	V <sub>I</sub> = 2 V	-75			-75			μΑ
IBHLO	T .	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,	$V_I = 0$ to $V_{CC}$	500			500			μΑ
Івнно		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,	$V_I = 0$ to $V_{CC}$	-500			-500			μΑ
<sub>IEX</sub>		$V_{CC} = 3 V$ ,	V <sub>O</sub> = 5.5 V			125			125	μΑ
l <sub>OZ(PU</sub>	J/PD) <sup>☆</sup>	$V_{CC} \le 1.2 \text{ V}, V_{O} = \underline{0.5} \text{ V}$ $V_{I} = \text{GND or } V_{CC}, \overline{OE} = \underline{0.5} \text{ V}$	to V <sub>CC</sub> , don't care			±100			±100	μΑ
lozh		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V	$V_O = 3 \text{ V},$ $V_I = 0.8 \text{ V or } 2 \text{ V}$			5			5	μΑ
lozL		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V	$V_O = 0.5 \text{ V},$ $V_I = 0.8 \text{ V or 2 V}$			<b>–</b> 5			-5	μΑ
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,	Outputs high		0.07	0.1		0.07	0.1	
ICC		$I_{O} = 0$ ,	Outputs low		3.2	6		3.2	6	mA
		$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	Outputs disabled		0.07	0.1		0.07	0.1	
∆lcc□		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V, One Other inputs at V <sub>CC</sub> or G				0.4			0.4	mA
Ci		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V,	V <sub>I</sub> = 3.3 V or 0		3			3		pF
Со		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V,	V <sub>O</sub> = 3.3 V or 0		6			6		pF

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup> The bus-hold circuit can sink at least the minimum low sustaining current at V<sub>IL</sub> max. I<sub>BHL</sub> should be measured after lowering V<sub>IN</sub> to GND and then raising it to V<sub>IL</sub> max.

<sup>§</sup> The bus-hold circuit can source at least the minimum high sustaining current at V<sub>IH</sub> min. I<sub>BHH</sub> should be measured after raising V<sub>IN</sub> to V<sub>CC</sub> and then lowering it to V<sub>IH</sub> min.

<sup>¶</sup> An external driver must source at least I<sub>BHLO</sub> to switch this node from low to high.

 $<sup>^{\#}\</sup>mbox{An external driver must sink}$  at least  $\mbox{I}_{\mbox{\footnotesize BHHO}}$  to switch this node from high to low.

 $<sup>\</sup>parallel$  Current into an output in the high state when  $V_O > V_{CC}$ 

<sup>★</sup>High-impedance state during power up or power down

<sup>□</sup>This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at the specified TTL voltage level rather than V<sub>CC</sub> or GND.

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## switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $C_L$ = 30 pF, $V_{CC}$ = 2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

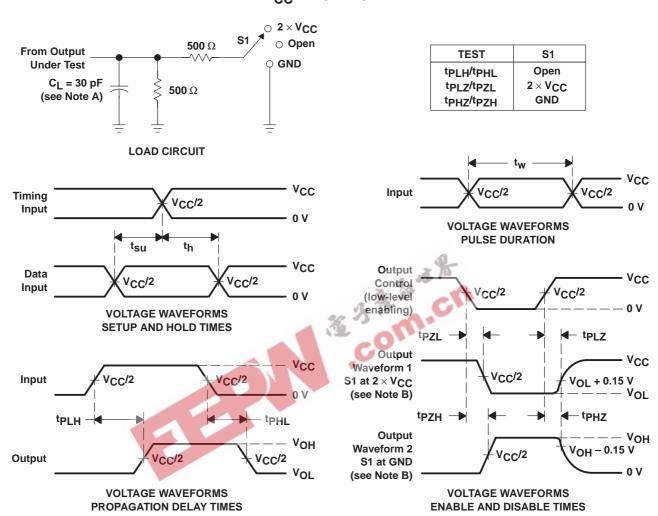
PARAMETER	FROM	то	SN54ALVTI	H16827	SN74ALVT	UNIT	
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNII
t <sub>PLH</sub>	A		1.5	3.2	1.5	3.2	ne
t <sub>PHL</sub>	A	ı	1.7	3.7	1.7	3.7	ns
<sup>t</sup> PZH	OE		1.9	4.3	1.9	4.3	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OE OE	1	1.8	4	1.8	4	115
<sup>t</sup> PHZ	ŌĒ	V	2.5	5.6	2.5	5.6	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	06	'	0 1.7	4.6	1.7	4.6	113

## switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $C_L$ = 50 pF, $V_{CC}$ = 3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2)

PARAMETER	FROM	то	SN54ALVTH	116827	SN74ALVT	H16827	UNIT
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNII
<sup>t</sup> PLH	A	Y	1.8	3	1.8	3	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	A	1	1.6	2.8	1.6	2.8	115
<sup>t</sup> PZH	ŌĒ	Υ	1.6	3.9	1.6	3.9	ns
<sup>t</sup> PZL	OE .	Ge.	1.5	3.4	1.5	3.4	115
<sup>t</sup> PHZ	ŌĒ	<b>V</b>	3.3	5.8	3.3	5.8	ns
tPLZ	OE .		2.6	4.6	2.6	4.6	115

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# PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION $V_{CC}$ = 2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V

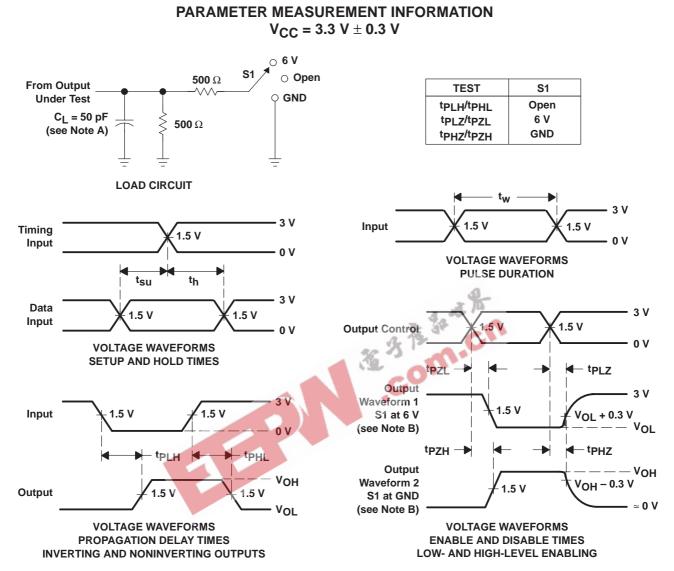


NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_{O} = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_{f} \leq 2$  ns.  $t_{f} \leq 2$  ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

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- NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform22 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
  - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \,\Omega$ ,  $t_f \leq$  2.5 ns.  $t_f \leq$  2.5 ns.
  - D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.

Figure 2. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms





### PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

24-May-2007

#### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	e Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)
74ALVTH16827DLG4	ACTIVE	SSOP	DL	56	20	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
74ALVTH16827DLRG4	ACTIVE	SSOP	DL	56	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
74ALVTH16827GRE4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	56	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
74ALVTH16827VRE4	ACTIVE	TVSOP	DGV	56	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
74ALVTH16827VRG4	ACTIVE	TVSOP	DGV	56	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN74ALVTH16827DL	ACTIVE	SSOP	DL	56	20	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN74ALVTH16827DLR	ACTIVE	SSOP	DL	56	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN74ALVTH16827GR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	56	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN74ALVTH16827VR	ACTIVE	TVSOP	DGV	56	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free** (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

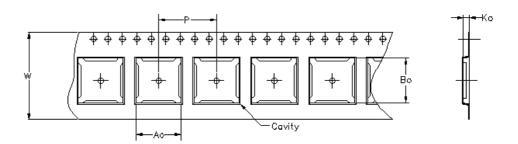
**Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br):** TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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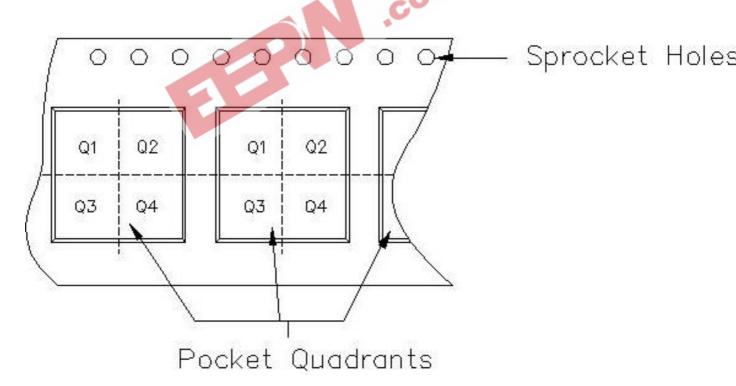
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Carrier tape design is defined largely by the component lentgh, width, and thickness

Ao = Dimension designed to accommodate the component width.										
Bo = Dimension designed to accommodate the component length.										
Ko = Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness.										
W = Overall width of the carrier tape. 🥻 🔼										
P = Pitch between successive cavity centers.										



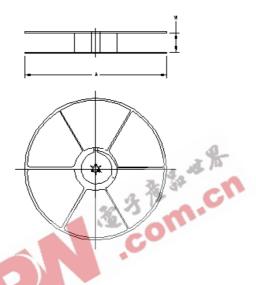
### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



## **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

27-Apr-2007

Device	Package	Pins	Site	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74ALVTH16827DLR	DL	56	MLA	330	32	11.35	18.67	3.1	16	32	Q1
SN74ALVTH16827GR	DGG	56	MLA	330	24	8.6	15.8	1.8	12	24	Q1
SN74ALVTH16827VR	DGV	56	MLA	330	24	6.8	10.1	1.6	12	24	Q1



## TAPE AND REEL BOX INFORMATION

Device	Package	Pins	Site	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74ALVTH16827DLR	DL	56	MLA	336.6	342.9	41.3
SN74ALVTH16827GR	DGG	56	MLA	333.2	333.2	31.75
SN74ALVTH16827VR	DGV	56	MLA	333.2	333.2	31.75





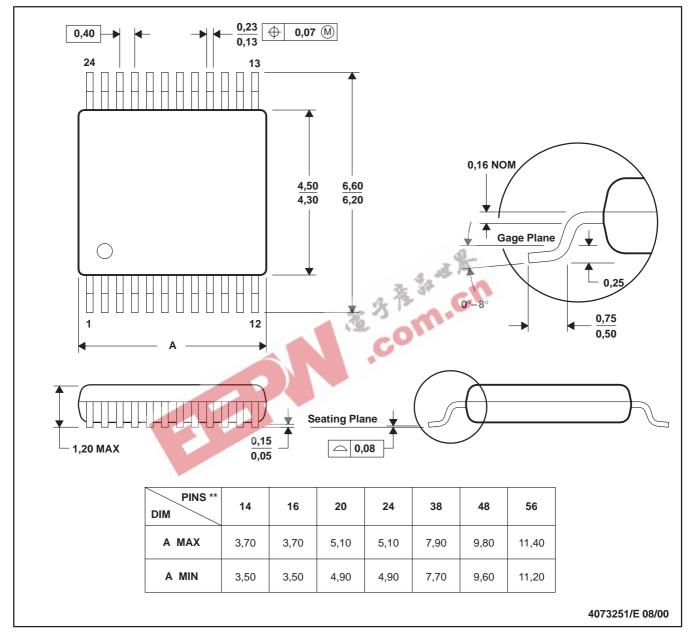
27-Apr-2007



### DGV (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

#### **24 PINS SHOWN**

#### **PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE**



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0,15 per side.

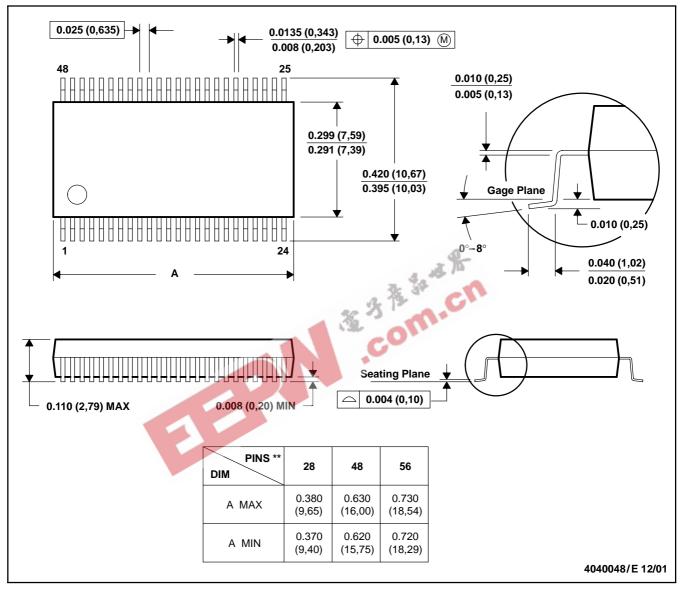
D. Falls within JEDEC: 24/48 Pins – MO-153 14/16/20/56 Pins – MO-194



### DL (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

#### PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

#### **48 PINS SHOWN**



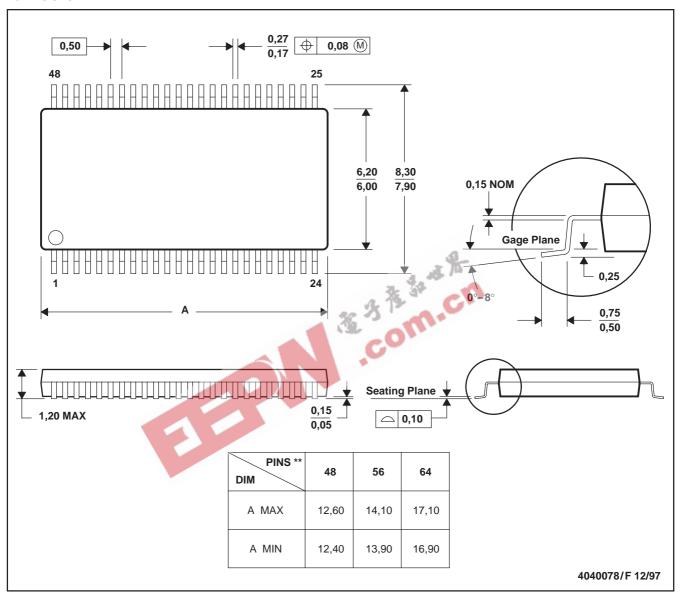
NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-118

### DGG (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

#### PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

### **48 PINS SHOWN**



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold protrusion not to exceed 0,15.

D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

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