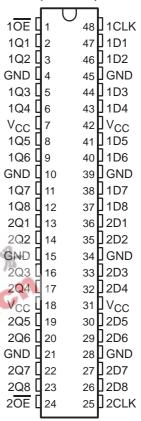
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- State-of-the-Art Advanced BiCMOS
   Technology (ABT) Widebus™ Design for
   2.5-V and 3.3-V Operation and Low Static
   Power Dissipation
- Support Mixed-Mode Signal Operation (5-V Input and Output Voltages With 2.3-V to 3.6-V V<sub>CC</sub>)
- Typical V<sub>OLP</sub> (Output Ground Bounce)
   < 0.8 V at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C
- High Drive (-24/24 mA at 2.5-V and -32/64 mA at 3.3-V V<sub>CC</sub>)
- Power Off Disables Outputs, Permitting Live Insertion
- High-Impedance State During Power Up and Power Down Prevents Driver Conflict
- Uses Bus Hold on Data Inputs in Place of External Pullup/Pulldown Resistors to Prevent the Bus From Floating
- Auto3-State Eliminates Bus Current Loading When Output Exceeds V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 250 mA Per JESD 17
- ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015; Exceeds 200 V Using Machine Model; and Exceeds 1000 V Using Charged-Device Model, Robotic Method
- Flow-Through Architecture Facilitates
   Printed Circuit Board Layout
- Distributed V<sub>CC</sub> and GND Pin Configuration
   Minimizes High-Speed Switching Noise
- Package Options Include Plastic Shrink Small-Outline (DL), Thin Shrink Small-Outline (DGG), Thin Very Small-Outline (DGV) Packages, and 380-mil Fine-Pitch Ceramic Flat (WD) Package

#### SN54ALVTH16374 . . . WD PACKAGE SN74ALVTH16374 . . . DGG, DGV, OR DL PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



#### description

The 'ALVTH16374 devices are 16-bit edge-triggered D-type flip-flops with 3-state outputs designed for 2.5-V or 3.3-V  $V_{CC}$  operation, but with the capability to provide a TTL interface to a 5-V system environment. These devices are particularly suitable for implementing buffer registers, I/O ports, bidirectional bus drivers, and working registers.

These devices can be used as two 8-bit flip-flops or one 16-bit flip-flop. On the positive transition of the clock (CLK), the flip-flops store the logic levels set up at the data (D) inputs.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

Widebus is a trademark of Texas Instruments Incorporated.

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#### description (continued)

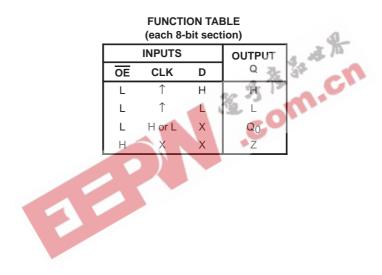
A buffered output-enable  $(\overline{OE})$  input can be used to place the eight outputs in either a normal logic state (high or low logic levels) or a high-impedance state. In the high-impedance state, the outputs neither load nor drive the bus lines significantly. The high-impedance state and the increased drive provide the capability to drive bus lines without need for interface or pullup components.

OE does not affect internal operations of the flip-flop. Old data can be retained or new data can be entered while the outputs are in the high-impedance state.

Active bus-hold circuitry is provided to hold unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level.

When  $V_{CC}$  is between 0 and 1.2 V, the device is in the high-impedance state during power up or power down. However, to ensure the high-impedance state above 1.2 V,  $\overline{OE}$  should be tied to  $V_{CC}$  through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

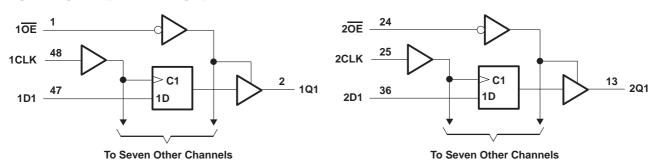
The SN54ALVTH16374 is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of –55°C to 125°C. The SN74ALVTH16374 is characterized for operation from –40°C to 85°C.





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#### logic diagram (positive logic)



## absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

| Supply voltage range, V <sub>CC</sub>  | –0.5 V to 4.6 V |
|--|-----------------|
| Input voltage range, V <sub>I</sub> (see Note 1)                                   | 0.5 V to 7 V    |
| Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance                          |                 |
| or power-off state, V <sub>O</sub> (see Note 1)                                    | 0.5 V to 7 V    |
| Voltage range applied to any output in the high state, V <sub>O</sub> (see Note 1) | –0.5 V to 7 V   |
| Output current in the low state, Io: SN54ALVTH16374                                | 96 mA           |
| SN74ALVTH16374   | 128 mA          |
| Output current in the high state, Io: SN54ALVTH16374                               | –48 mA          |
| SN74ALVTH16374   | –64 mA          |
| Input clamp current, I <sub>IK</sub> (V <sub>I</sub> < 0)                          | –50 mA          |
| Output clamp current, $I_{OK}$ ( $V_O < 0$ )                                       |                 |
| Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{JA}$ (see Note 2): DGG package                 |                 |
| DGV package  |                 |
| DL package   |                 |
| Storage temperature range, T <sub>Stq</sub>  |                 |

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

### recommended operating conditions, $V_{CC}$ = 2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V (see Note 3)

|                     |  |                 |     |     |     | SN74 | ALVTH1 | 6374 | UNIT |
|---------------------|--|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|------|--------|------|------|
|                     |  |                 | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN  | TYP    | MAX  | UNIT |
| Vcc                 | Supply voltage                                 |                 | 2.3 |     | 2.7 | 2.3  |        | 2.7  | V    |
| VIH                 | High-level input voltage                       | 1.7             |     |     | 1.7 |      |        | V    |      |
| V <sub>IL</sub>     | Low-level input voltage                        |                 | 4   | 0.7 |     |      | 0.7    | V    |      |
| VI                  | Input voltage                                  |                 |     | Vcc | 5.5 | 0    | VCC    | 5.5  | V    |
| ЮН                  | High-level output current                      |                 |     | ,0  | -6  |      |        | -8   | mA   |
| la.                 | Low-level output current                       |                 |     | (0) | 6   |      |        | 8    | mA   |
| lOL                 | Low-level output current; current duty cycle ≤ | 50%; f ≥ 1 kHz  | 5   | 3   | 18  |      |        | 24   | IIIA |
| Δt/Δν               | Input transition rise or fall rate             | Outputs enabled | Q.  |     | 10  |      |        | 10   | ns/V |
| Δt/ΔV <sub>CC</sub> | Power-up ramp rate                             |                 |     |     |     | 200  |        |      | μs/V |
| TA                  | Operating free-air temperature                 |                 |     |     | 125 | -40  |        | 85   | °C   |

NOTE 3: All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.



<sup>2.</sup> The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.

## SN54ALVTH16374, SN74ALVTH16374 2.5-V/3.3-V 16-BIT EDGE-TRIGGERED D-TYPE FLIP-FLOPS WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS SCES068F – JUNE 1996 – REVISED JANUARY 1999

## recommended operating conditions, $V_{CC}$ = 3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V (see Note 3)

|                     |  |                 |     |     | 6374 | SN74 | ALVTH1 | 6374 | UNIT |
|---------------------|--|-----------------|-----|-----|------|------|--------|------|------|
|                     |  |                 | MIN | TYP | MAX  | MIN  | TYP    | MAX  | UNII |
| Vcc                 | Supply voltage                                   |                 | 3   |     | 3.6  | 3    |        | 3.6  | V    |
| VIH                 | High-level input voltage                         | 2               |     |     | 2    |      |        | V    |      |
| V <sub>IL</sub>     | Low-level input voltage                          |                 |     |     | 0.8  |      |        | 0.8  | V    |
| ٧ <sub>I</sub>      | Input voltage                                    | 0               | VCC | 5.5 | 0    | VCC  | 5.5    | V    |      |
| loн                 | High-level output current                        |                 | ,Q  | -24 |      |      | -32    | mA   |      |
| 1                   | Low-level output current                         |                 |     | (0) | 24   |      |        | 32   | A    |
| IOL                 | Low-level output current; current duty cycle ≤ 5 | 50%; f≥1 kHz    | (   | S S | 48   |      |        | 64   | mA   |
| Δt/Δν               | Input transition rise or fall rate               | Outputs enabled | Q.  |     | 10   |      |        | 10   | ns/V |
| Δt/ΔV <sub>CC</sub> | Power-up ramp rate                               |                 |     |     |      | 200  |        |      | μs/V |
| T <sub>A</sub>      | Operating free-air temperature                   |                 |     |     | 125  | -40  |        | 85   | °C   |

NOTE 3: All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.



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# electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CC}$ = 2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER          |                | TEST CO   | MOITIONS  | SN54               | ALVTH1 | 6374         | SN74               | ALVTH1 | 6374 | UNIT |  |
|--------------------|----------------|---|---|--------------------|--------|--------------|--------------------|--------|------|------|--|
| PA                 | KAMETER        | 1251 00   | NDITIONS  | MIN                | TYP†   | MAX          | MIN                | TYP†   | MAX  | UNII |  |
| VIK                |                | $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V},$   | $I_{I} = -18 \text{ mA}$  |                    |        | -1.2         |                    |        | -1.2 | V    |  |
|                    |                | $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V},$   | I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA   | V <sub>CC</sub> -0 | 2      |              | V <sub>CC</sub> -0 | .2     |      |      |  |
| Vон                |                | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V   | $I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$  | 1.8                |        |              |                    |        |      | V    |  |
|                    |                | VCC = 2.3 V   | $I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$  |                    |        |              | 1.8                |        |      |      |  |
|                    |                | $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V},$   | I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA  |                    |        | 0.2          |                    |        | 0.2  |      |  |
|                    |                |   | $I_{OL} = 6 \text{ mA}$   |                    |        | 0.4          |                    |        |      |      |  |
| VOL                |                | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V   | $I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$   |                    |        |              |                    |        | 0.4  | V    |  |
|                    |                | VCC = 2.3 V   | I <sub>OL</sub> = 18 mA   |                    |        | 0.5          |                    |        |      |      |  |
|                    |                |   | I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA   |                    |        |              |                    |        | 0.5  |      |  |
|                    | Control inputs | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V},$   | $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND   |                    |        | ±1           |                    |        | ±1   |      |  |
|                    | Control inputs | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 or 2.7 V,   | V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V  |                    |        | <u>\$</u> 10 |                    |        | 10   |      |  |
| Ц                  |                |   | V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V  |                    | 10     |              |                    |        | 10   | μΑ   |  |
|                    | Data inputs    | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$  | $V_I = V_{CC}$  |                    |        | 1            |                    |        | 1    |      |  |
|                    |                |   | V <sub>I</sub> = 0  | 4.0                |        | <u>–</u> 5   |                    |        | -5   |      |  |
| l <sub>off</sub>   |                | $V_{CC} = 0$ ,  | $V_I$ or $V_O = 0$ to $4.5 V_A$                                   | 19                 | S &    |              |                    |        | ±100 | μΑ   |  |
| I <sub>BHL</sub> ‡ |                | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V,  | V <sub>I</sub> = 0.7 V  | -                  | 115    |              |                    | 115    |      | μΑ   |  |
| I <sub>BHH</sub> § |                | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V,  | V <sub>I</sub> = 1.7 V  | ON                 | -10    |              |                    | -10    |      | μΑ   |  |
| IBHLO              | 1              | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V},$   | $V_I = 0$ to $V_{CC}$   | 300                |        |              | 300                |        |      | μΑ   |  |
| Івнно              | #              | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V},$   | $V_I = 0$ to $V_{CC}$   | -300               |        |              | -300               |        |      | μΑ   |  |
| IEX                |                | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V,  | V <sub>O</sub> = 5.5 V  |                    |        | 125          |                    |        | 125  | μΑ   |  |
| I <sub>OZ(PL</sub> | J/PD)☆         | $V_{CC} \le 1.2 \text{ V}, V_{O} = 0.5 \text{ V}$<br>$V_{I} = \text{GND or } V_{CC}, \overline{OE} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ | to V <sub>CC</sub> ,<br>don't care                                |                    |        | ±100         |                    |        | ±100 | μΑ   |  |
| lozh               |                | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V   | $V_0 = 2.3 \text{ V},$<br>$V_1 = 0.7 \text{ V or } 1.7 \text{ V}$ |                    |        | 5            |                    |        | 5    | μΑ   |  |
| lOZL               |                | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V   | $V_O = 0.5 \text{ V},$<br>$V_I = 0.7 \text{ V or } 1.7 \text{ V}$ |                    |        | -5           |                    |        | -5   | μА   |  |
|                    |                | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V,  | Outputs high  |                    | 0.04   | 0.1          |                    | 0.04   | 0.1  |      |  |
| ICC                |                |   | Outputs low   |                    | 2.3    | 4.5          |                    | 2.3    | 4.5  | mA   |  |
|                    |                |   | Outputs disabled  |                    | 0.04   | 0.1          |                    | 0.04   | 0.1  |      |  |
| Ci                 |                | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V,  | V <sub>I</sub> = 2.5 V or 0                                       |                    | 3.5    |              |                    | 3.5    |      | pF   |  |
| Co                 |                | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V,  | V <sub>O</sub> = 2.5 V or 0                                       |                    | 6      |              |                    | 6      |      | pF   |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup> The bus-hold circuit can sink at least the minimum low sustaining current at V<sub>IL</sub> max. I<sub>BHL</sub> should be measured after lowering V<sub>IN</sub> to GND and then raising it to V<sub>IL</sub> max.

<sup>§</sup> The bus-hold circuit can source at least the minimum high sustaining current at V<sub>IH</sub> min. I<sub>BHH</sub> should be measured after raising V<sub>IN</sub> to V<sub>CC</sub> and then lowering it to V<sub>IH</sub> min.

 $<sup>\</sup>P$  An external driver must source at least  $I_{\mbox{\footnotesize{BHLO}}}$  to switch this node from low to high.

<sup>#</sup>An external driver must sink at least IBHHO to switch this node from high to low.

 $<sup>\</sup>parallel$  Current into an output in the high state when  $V_O > V_{CC}$ 

<sup>\*</sup>High-impedance state during power up or power down

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# electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CC}$ = 3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V (unless otherwise noted)

|                    | A D A METED             | TEST   | CONDITIONS  | SN54                | ALVTH1 | 6374 | SN74ALVTH16374      |      |          | UNIT |  |
|--------------------|-------------------------|--|---|---------------------|--------|------|---------------------|------|----------|------|--|
| P                  | ARAMETER                | lesi c   | CONDITIONS  | MIN                 | TYP†   | MAX  | MIN                 | TYP† | MAX      | UNII |  |
| VIK                |                         | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V,   | I <sub>I</sub> = -18 mA                                       |                     |        | -1.2 |                     |      | -1.2     | V    |  |
|                    |                         | $V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V},$  | I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA                                     | V <sub>CC</sub> -0. | 2      |      | V <sub>CC</sub> -0. | .2   |          |      |  |
| Vон                |                         | Van 2.V  | I <sub>OH</sub> = -24 mA                                      | 2                   |        |      |                     |      |          | V    |  |
|                    |                         | VCC = 3 V  | I <sub>OH</sub> = -32 mA                                      |                     |        |      | 2                   |      |          |      |  |
|                    |                         | $V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V},$  | I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA                                      |                     |        | 0.2  |                     |      | 0.2      |      |  |
|                    |                         |  | I <sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA                                       |                     |        |      |                     |      | 0.4      |      |  |
| \/a.               |                         |  | $I_{OL} = 24 \text{ mA}$                                      |                     |        | 0.5  |                     |      |          | V    |  |
| VOL                |                         | VCC = 3 V  | I <sub>OL</sub> = 32 mA                                       |                     |        |      |                     |      | 0.5      | V    |  |
|                    |                         |  | I <sub>OL</sub> = 48 mA                                       |                     |        | 0.55 |                     |      |          |      |  |
|                    |                         |  | I <sub>OL</sub> = 64 mA                                       |                     |        |      |                     |      | 0.55     |      |  |
|                    | Control innuts          | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,   | $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND   |                     |        | £1 € |                     |      | ±1       |      |  |
|                    | Control inputs          | $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ or } 3.6 \text{ V},$  | V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V  |                     | -      | 10   |                     |      | 10       |      |  |
| II                 |                         |  | V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V  |                     | 23     | 10   |                     |      | 10       | μΑ   |  |
| Data inputs        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V | $V_I = V_{CC}$   | 70.   | 4/3                 | 1      |      |                     | 1    |          |      |  |
|                    |                         |  | V <sub>I</sub> = 0  | 2 19                | 23     | -5   |                     |      | -5       |      |  |
| l <sub>off</sub>   |                         | $V_{CC} = 0$ ,   | $V_{I}$ or $V_{O} = 0$ to 4.5 $V$                             | 2                   | M      |      |                     |      | ±100     | μΑ   |  |
| I <sub>BHL</sub> ‡ |                         | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V,   | V <sub>I</sub> = 0.8 V  | 75                  |        |      | 75                  |      |          | μΑ   |  |
| I <sub>BHH</sub> § |                         | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V,   | V <sub>1</sub> = 2 V  | <b>-</b> 75         |        |      | -75                 |      |          | μΑ   |  |
| IBHLO              |                         | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,   | $V_I = 0$ to $V_{CC}$   | 500                 |        |      | 500                 |      |          | μΑ   |  |
| IBHHC              | o <sup>#</sup>          | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,   | $V_I = 0$ to $V_{CC}$   | -500                |        |      | -500                |      |          | μΑ   |  |
| ΙΕΧ                |                         | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V,   | V <sub>O</sub> = 5.5 V  |                     |        | 125  |                     |      | 125      | μΑ   |  |
| I <sub>OZ(PI</sub> | U/PD) <sup>☆</sup>      | $V_{CC} \le 1.2 \text{ V}, V_{O} = \underline{0.5}$<br>$V_{I} = \text{GND or } V_{CC}, \overline{\text{OE}}$ | V to V <sub>CC</sub> ,<br>= don't care                        |                     |        | ±100 |                     |      | ±100     | μΑ   |  |
| lozh               |                         | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V  | $V_O = 3 \text{ V},$<br>$V_I = 0.8 \text{ V or } 2 \text{ V}$ |                     |        | 5    |                     |      | 5        | μΑ   |  |
|                    |                         |  | $V_0 = 0.5 \text{ V},$  |                     |        |      |                     |      |          |      |  |
| IOZL               |                         | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V  | ľ   |                     |        | -5   |                     |      | -5       | μΑ   |  |
|                    |                         |  | V <sub>I</sub> = 0.8 V or 2 V                                 |                     | 0.07   | 0.4  |                     | 0.07 | 0.4      |      |  |
| la a               |                         | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,   | Outputs high  |                     | 0.07   | 0.1  |                     | 0.07 | 0.1<br>5 | A    |  |
| ICC                |                         | $I_O = 0$ ,<br>$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND   | Outputs low   |                     | 3.2    |      |                     | 3.2  |          | mA   |  |
|                    |                         |  | Outputs disabled  |                     | 0.07   | 0.1  | _                   | 0.07 | 0.1      |      |  |
| ∆ICC□              | 1                       | $V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V, On}$<br>Other inputs at $V_{CC}$ or                                  | e input at v <sub>CC</sub> – 0.6 v,<br>GND                    |                     |        | 0.4  |                     |      | 0.4      | mA   |  |
| Ci                 |                         | $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V},$  | V <sub>I</sub> = 3.3 V or 0                                   |                     | 3.5    |      |                     | 3.5  |          | pF   |  |
| Со                 |                         | $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V},$  | $V_0 = 3.3 \text{ V or } 0$                                   |                     | 6      |      |                     | 6    |          | pF   |  |

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

<sup>□</sup>This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at the specified TTL voltage level rather than V<sub>CC</sub> or GND.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup> The bus-hold circuit can sink at least the minimum low sustaining current at V<sub>IL</sub> max. I<sub>BHL</sub> should be measured after lowering V<sub>IN</sub> to GND and then raising it to V<sub>IL</sub> max.

<sup>§</sup> The bus-hold circuit can source at least the minimum high sustaining current at V<sub>IH</sub> min. I<sub>BHH</sub> should be measured after raising V<sub>IN</sub> to V<sub>CC</sub> and then lowering it to V<sub>IH</sub> min.

<sup>¶</sup> An external driver must source at least IBHLO to switch this node from low to high.

<sup>#</sup> An external driver must sink at least I<sub>BHHO</sub> to switch this node from high to low.

Current into an output in the high state when VO > VCC

<sup>\*</sup>High-impedance state during power up or power down

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# timing requirements over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CC}$ = 2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

|                 | 5   |           |       |     | SN74ALVTH16374 |     | UNIT |  |
|-----------------|---|-----------|-------|-----|----------------|-----|------|--|
|                 |   |           |       |     | MIN            | MAX | UNIT |  |
| fclock          | Clock frequency                                   |           |       | 150 |                | 150 | MHz  |  |
| t <sub>W</sub>  | Pulse duration, CLK high or low                   |           | 1.5   | 13: | 1.5            |     | ns   |  |
|                 | Setup time, data before CLK↑  Data high  Data low |           | 1.1 Q |     | 1              |     | ns   |  |
| t <sub>su</sub> |   |           | 1.4   |     | 1.3            |     |      |  |
| 4.              | Hold time, data after CLK↑                        | Data high | 0.6   |     | 0.5            |     |      |  |
| th              | Hold time, data after CLN                         | 0.9       |       | 0.8 |                | ns  |      |  |

# timing requirements over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CC}$ = 3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2)

|                 |  |           | SN54ALVT | H16374 | SN74ALVT | H16374 | UNIT |  |
|-----------------|--|-----------|----------|--------|----------|--------|------|--|
|                 |  |           | MIN      | MAX    | MIN      | MAX    | UNIT |  |
| fclock          | Clock frequency                          |           | 4        | 250    |          | 250    | MHz  |  |
| t <sub>W</sub>  | Pulse duration, CLK high or low          | A         | 1.5      | 4.     | 1.5      |        | ns   |  |
|                 | Octors the contests to the Contest OLIVA | Data high | 1.16     | 1      | 1        |        | ns   |  |
| t <sub>su</sub> | Setup time, data before CLK↑             | Data low  | 1.6      |        | 1.5      |        |      |  |
| 4.              | Hold time, data after CLK↑               | Data high | 0.6      |        | 0.5      |        |      |  |
| th              | noid time, data after CENT               | Data low  | 2 1.1    |        | 1        |        | ns   |  |

# switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $C_L$ = 30 pF, $V_{CC}$ = 2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

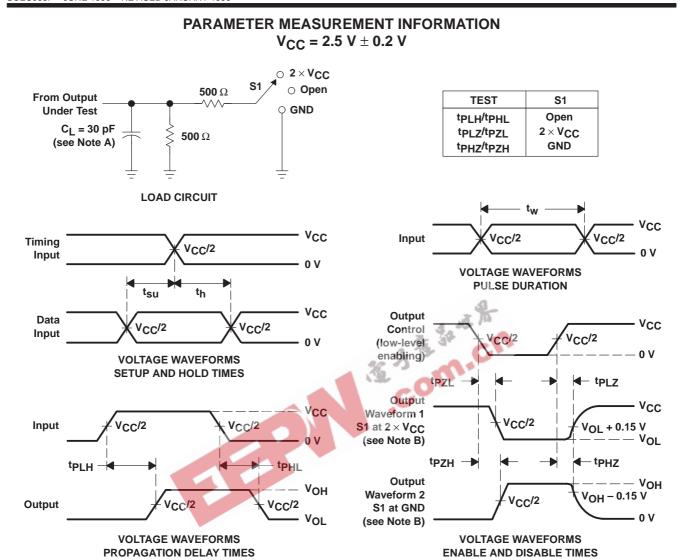
| PARAMETER        | FROM          | ТО       | SN54ALVTH16374 | SN74ALVTH | UNIT |      |
|------------------|---------------|----------|----------------|-----------|------|------|
| PARAMETER        | (INPUT)       | (OUTPUT) | MIN MAX        | MIN       | MAX  | UNIT |
| f <sub>max</sub> |               |          | 150            | 150       |      | MHz  |
| t <sub>PLH</sub> | CLK           | Q        | 1.4 3.9        | 1.5       | 3.8  | nc   |
| t <sub>PHL</sub> | CLK           | Q        | 1.4 3.9        | 1.5       | 3.8  | ns   |
| <sup>t</sup> PZH | ŌĒ            | Q        | 1, 4.2         | 1         | 4.1  | ns   |
| <sup>t</sup> PZL | OE .          | ď        | 3.8            | 1         | 3.7  | 115  |
| <sup>t</sup> PHZ | <del>OE</del> | Q        | 1.7 4.3        | 1.8       | 4.2  | ns   |
| t <sub>PLZ</sub> | ]             | ų ų      | 1 3.5          | 1         | 3.4  | 115  |

# switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, C<sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2)

| PARAMETER        | FROM             | то | SN54ALVTH16374 | SN74ALVTH16374 | UNIT |
|------------------|------------------|----|----------------|----------------|------|
| PARAMETER        | (INPUT) (OUTPUT) |    | MIN MAX        | MIN MAX        | UNIT |
| f <sub>max</sub> |                  |    | 250            | 250            | MHz  |
| <sup>t</sup> PLH | CLK              | Q  | 1 3.4          | 1 3.2          | ns   |
| <sup>t</sup> PHL | OLK              | ď  | 1 3.3          | 1 3.2          | 115  |
| <sup>t</sup> PZH | ŌĒ               | Q  | 3.9            | 1 3.8          | ns   |
| t <sub>PZL</sub> | OE               | ď  | 3.4            | 1 3.3          | 115  |
| <sup>t</sup> PHZ | ŌĒ               | Q  | 1 4.7          | 1 4.6          | ns   |
| t <sub>PLZ</sub> | OL               | Q  | 1 4.4          | 1 4.2          | 1113 |



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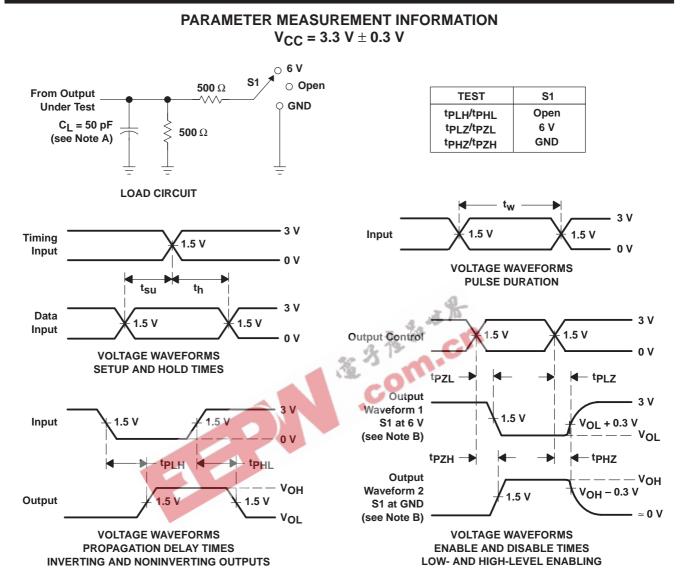


NOTES: A. C<sub>I</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_Q = 50 \ \Omega$ ,  $t_f \leq$  2 ns,  $t_f \leq$  2 ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

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- NOTES: A. C<sub>I</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform22 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
  - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_f \leq$  2.5 ns,  $t_f \leq$  2.5 ns.
  - D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.

Figure 2. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



#### PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

4-Oct-2005

#### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

| Orderable Device  | Status <sup>(1)</sup> | Package<br>Type | Package<br>Drawing | Pins | Package<br>Qty | e Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup> | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup> |
|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------|----------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| 74ALVTH16374GRE4  | ACTIVE                | TSSOP           | DGG                | 48   | 2000           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-1-260C-UNLIM           |
| 74ALVTH16374VRE4  | ACTIVE                | TVSOP           | DGV                | 48   | 2000           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-1-260C-UNLIM           |
| 74ALVTH16374ZQLR  | ACTIVE                | VFBGA           | ZQL                | 56   | 1000           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | SNAGCU           | Level-1-260C-UNLIM           |
| SN74ALVTH16374DL  | ACTIVE                | SSOP            | DL                 | 48   | 25             | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-1-260C-UNLIM           |
| SN74ALVTH16374DLR | ACTIVE                | SSOP            | DL                 | 48   | 1000           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-1-260C-UNLIM           |
| SN74ALVTH16374GR  | ACTIVE                | TSSOP           | DGG                | 48   | 2000           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-1-260C-UNLIM           |
| SN74ALVTH16374KR  | ACTIVE                | VFBGA           | GQL                | 56   | 1000           | TBD                       | SNPB             | Level-1-240C-UNLIM           |
| SN74ALVTH16374VR  | ACTIVE                | TVSOP           | DGV                | 48   | 2000           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)   | CU NIPDAU        | Level-1-260C-UNLIM           |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS) or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): Tl's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

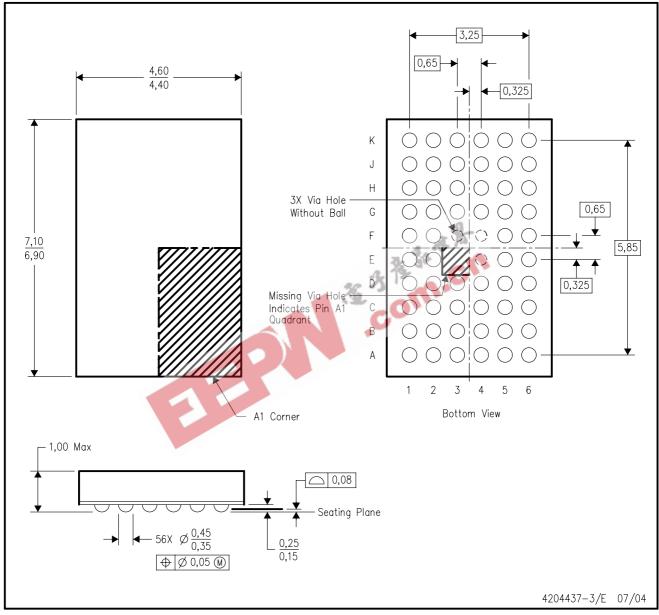
(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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# ZQL (R-PBGA-N56)

## PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES:

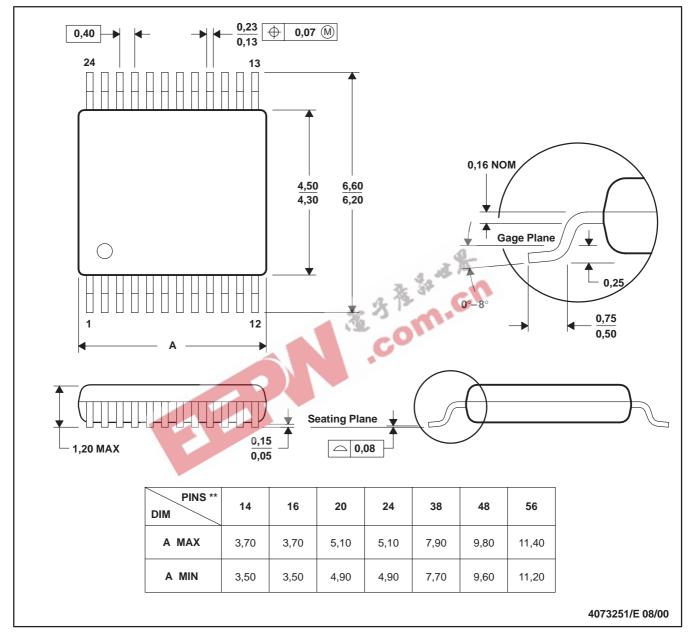
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Falls within JEDEC MO-225 variation BA.
- D. This package is lead-free. Refer to the 56 GQL package (drawing 4200583) for tin-lead (SnPb).



### DGV (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

#### **24 PINS SHOWN**

#### **PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE**



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

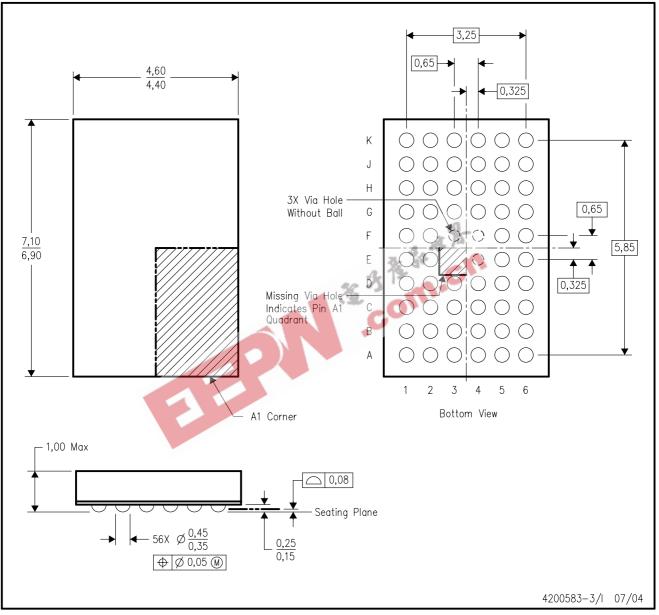
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0,15 per side.

D. Falls within JEDEC: 24/48 Pins – MO-153 14/16/20/56 Pins – MO-194



# GQL (R-PBGA-N56)

## PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES:

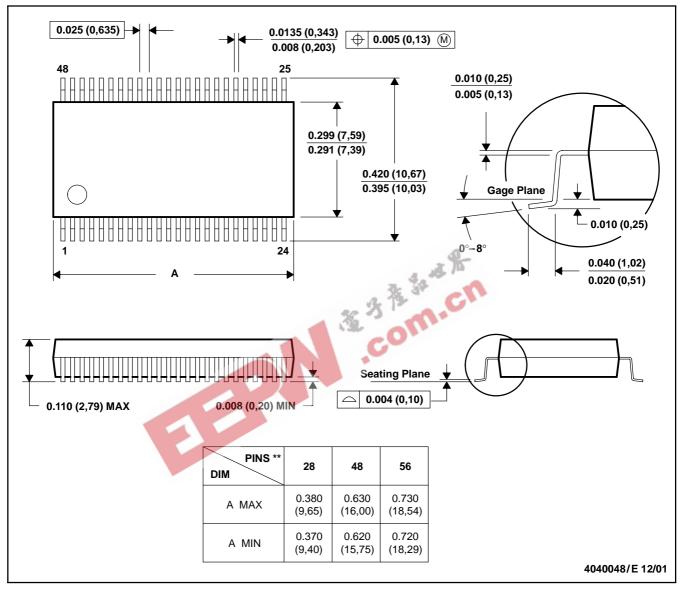
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Falls within JEDEC MO-225 variation BA.
- D. This package is tin-lead (SnPb). Refer to the 56 ZQL package (drawing 4204437) for lead-free.



#### DL (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

#### PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

#### **48 PINS SHOWN**



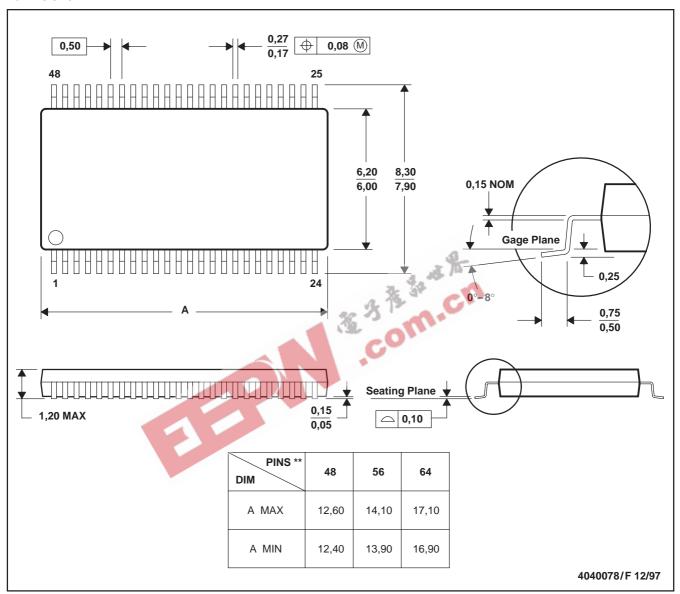
NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-118

### DGG (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

#### PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

#### **48 PINS SHOWN**



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold protrusion not to exceed 0,15.

D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

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