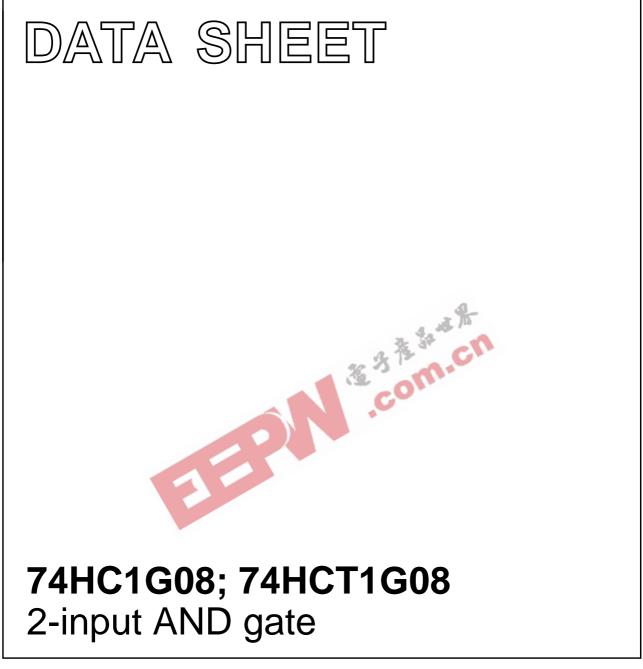
INTEGRATED CIRCUITS



Product specification Supersedes data of 2001 Mar 02 2002 May 17



74HC1G08; 74HCT1G08

FEATURES

- Wide supply voltage range from 2.0 to 6.0 V
- · Symmetrical output impedance
- · High noise immunity
- · Low power dissipation
- · Balanced propagation delays
- Very small 5 pins package
- · Output capability: standard.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

GND = 0 V; T_{amb} = 25 °C; t_r = $t_f \le 6.0$ ns.

DESCRIPTION

The 74HC1G/HCT1G08 is a high-speed Si-gate CMOS device.

The 74HC1G/HCT1G08 provides the 2-input AND function. The standard output currents are $\frac{1}{2}$ compared to the 74HC/HCT08.

CYMPOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	ТҮР				
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS HC1G		HCT1G	UNIT		
t _{PHL} /t _{PLH}	propagation delay A and B to Y	C _L = 15 pF; V _{CC} = 5 V	7	11	ns		
CI	input capacitance	4.41	1.5	1.5	pF		
C _{PD}	power dissipation capacitance	notes 1 and 2	19	21	pF		
Notes							

Notes

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μ W).

 $P_{D} = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^{2} \times f_{i} + \sum (C_{L} \times V_{CC}^{2} \times f_{o}) \text{ where:}$

 f_i = input frequency in MHz;

 $f_o = output frequency in MHz;$

 C_L = output load capacitance in pF;

V_{CC} = supply voltage in Volts;

 $\Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) = \text{sum of outputs.}$

2. For HC1G the condition is $V_1 = GND$ to V_{CC} . For HCT1G the condition is $V_I = GND$ to $V_{CC} - 1.5$ V.

FUNCTION TABLE

See note 1.

INP	OUTPUT	
A	В	Y
L	L	L
L	Н	L
Н	L	L
Н	Н	Н

Note

- 1. H = HIGH voltage level;
 - L = LOW voltage level.

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ORDERING INFORMATION

	PACKAGE								
TYPE NUMBER	TEMPERATURE RANGE	PINS	PACKAGE	MATERIAL	CODE	MARKING			
74HC1G08GW	–40 to +125 °C	5	SC-88A	plastic	SOT353	HE			
74HCT1G08GW	–40 to +125 °C	5	SC-88A	plastic	SOT353	TE			
74HC1G08GV	–40 to +125 °C	5	SC-74A	plastic	SOT753	H08			
74HCT1G08GV	–40 to +125 °C	5	SC-74A	plastic	SOT753	T08			

PINNING

PIN	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
1	В	data input B
2	A	data input A
3	GND	ground (0 V)
4	Y	data output Y
5	V _{CC}	supply voltage

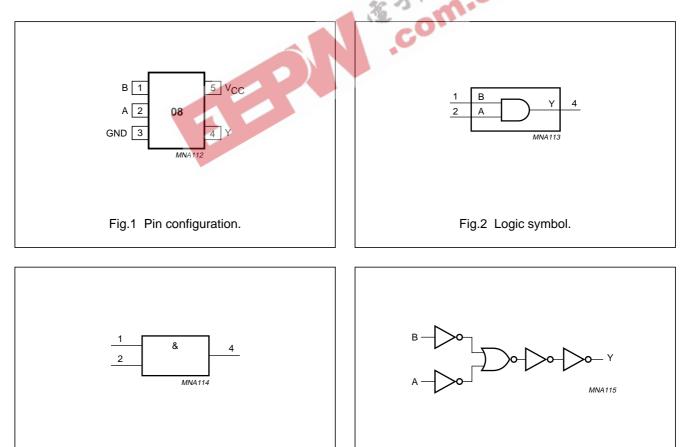


Fig.3 IEC logic symbol.

Fig.4 Logic diagram.

74HC1G08; 74HCT1G08

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	7	74HC1G04		74HCT1G04			UNIT
STMBOL	FARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
V _{CC}	supply voltage		2.0	5.0	6.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
VI	input voltage		0	-	V _{CC}	0	-	V _{CC}	V
Vo	output voltage		0	-	V _{CC}	0	-	V _{CC}	V
T _{amb}	operating ambient temperature	see DC and AC characteristics per device	-40	+25	+125	-40	+25	+125	°C
t _r , t _f	input rise and fall times	V _{CC} = 2.0 V	-	-	1000	-	-	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	-	500	-	-	500	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	-	400	-	-	-	ns

LIMITING VALUES

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134); voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V _{CC}	supply voltage	20 3	-0.5	+7.0	V
I _{IK}	input diode current	$V_{I} < -0.5 V \text{ or } V_{I} > V_{CC} + 0.5 V; \text{ note 1}$	—	±20	mA
I _{OK}	output diode current	$V_0 < -0.5 V \text{ or } V_0 > V_{CC} + 0.5 V; \text{ note } 1$	—	±20	mA
I _O	output source or sink current	–0.5 V < V _O < V _{CC} + 0.5 V; note 1	-	±12.5	mA
I _{CC}	V _{CC} or GND current	note 1	-	±25	mA
T _{stg}	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P _D	power dissipation per package	for temperature range from –40 to +125 °C;	-	200	mW
		note 2			

Notes

- 1. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
- 2. Above 55 °C the value of P_D derates linearly with 2.5 mW/K.

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DC CHARACTERISTICS

Family 74HC1G

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

		TEST CONDIT	IONS	T _{amb} (°C)					
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	071150		-	-40 to +8	5	-40 t	o +125	
		OTHER	V _{CC} (V)	MIN.	TYP. ⁽¹⁾	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	1
VIH	HIGH-level input voltage		2.0	1.5	1.2	_	1.5	_	V
			4.5	3.15	2.4	-	3.15	-	V
			6.0	4.2	3.2	-	4.2	-	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage		2.0	—	0.8	0.5	-	0.5	V
			4.5	_	2.1	1.35	-	1.35	V
			6.0	-	2.8	1.8	-	1.8	V
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_{O} = -20 \ \mu\text{A}$	2.0	1.9	2.0	_	1.9	-	V
		$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_{O} = -20 \ \mu\text{A}$	4.5	4.4	4.5	<u>n</u>	4.4	-	V
		$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_{O} = -20 \ \mu\text{A}$	6.0	5.9	6.0	2	5.9	-	V
		$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_{O} = -2.0 \text{ mA}$	4.5	4.13	4.32	-	3.7	-	V
		$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_{O} = -2.6 \text{ mA}$	6.0	5.63	5.81	-	5.2	-	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_{O} = 20 \ \mu\text{A}$	2.0	-	0	0.1	-	0.1	V
		$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_O = 20 \ \mu\text{A}$	4.5	-	0	0.1	-	0.1	V
		$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_{O} = 20 \ \mu\text{A}$	6.0	-	0	0.1	-	0.1	V
		$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_{O} = 2.0 \text{ mA}$	4.5	-	0.15	0.33	-	0.4	V
		$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_{O} = 2.6 \text{ mA}$	6.0	-	0.16	0.33	-	0.4	V
I _{LI}	input leakage current	$V_{I} = V_{CC} \text{ or } GND$	6.0	-	-	1.0	_	1.0	μA
I _{CC}	quiescent supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $I_O = 0$	6.0	-	-	10	-	20	μA

Note

1. All typical values are measured at T_{amb} = 25 °C.

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Family 74HCT1G

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

		TEST CONDI	T _{amb} (°C)						
SYMBOL	PARAMETER		N 00	−40 to +85			-40 t	o +125	UNIT
		OTHER	V _{CC} (V)	MIN.	TYP. ⁽¹⁾	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	1
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage		4.5 to 5.5	2.0	1.6	-	2.0	-	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage		4.5 to 5.5	-	1.2	0.8	-	0.8	V
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_{O} = -20 \ \mu\text{A}$	4.5	4.4	4.5	-	4.4	-	V
		$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_{O} = -2.0 \text{ mA}$	4.5	4.13	4.32	-	3.7	-	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_{O} = 20 \ \mu\text{A}$	4.5	-	0	0.1	-	0.1	V
		$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_{O} = 2.0 \text{ mA}$	4.5	- 34	0.15	0.33	-	0.4	V
ILI	input leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	5.5 🦔	37		1.0	_	1.0	μA
I _{CC}	quiescent supply current	$V_{I} = V_{CC}$ or GND; $I_{O} = 0$	5.5	00	÷.	10	-	20	μA
ΔI_{CC}	additional supply current per input	$V_{I} = V_{CC} - 2.1 V;$ $I_{O} = 0$	4.5 to 5.5	1	-	500	-	850	μA

Note

1. All typical values are measured at $T_{amb} = 25$ °C.

74HC1G08; 74HCT1G08

AC CHARACTERISTICS

Type 74HC1G08

GND = 0 V; t_r = t_f \leq 6.0 ns; C_L = 50 pF.

		TEST CONDITIONS							
SYMBOL	PARAMETER			−40 to +85			-40 to +125		UNIT
		WAVEFORMS V _C	V _{CC} (V)	MIN.	TYP. ⁽¹⁾	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
t _{PHL} /t _{PLH}	propagation delay	see Figs 5 and 6	2.0	_	25	115	_	135	ns
	A and B to Y		4.5	—	9	23	_	27	ns
			6.0	_	8	20	-	23	ns

Note

1. All typical values are measured at T_{amb} = 25 °C.

Type 74HCT1G08

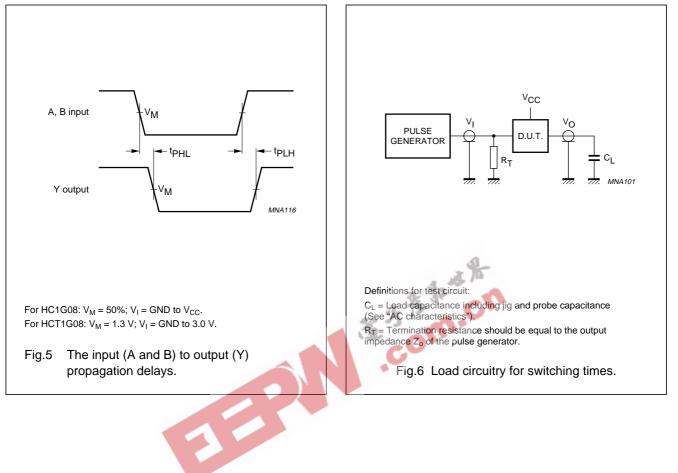
$GND = 0 V$; $t_r = t_f \le 6.0 \text{ ns}$; $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$.						8-			
	TEST CONDITIC			δc	34	T _{am} B (°C)		
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORMS	V OR	-40 to +85			-40 to +125		
		WAVEFORMIS	V _{CC} (V)	MIN.	TYP. ⁽¹⁾	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
t _{PHL} /t _{PLH}	propagation delay A and B to Y	see Figs 5 and 6	4.5	-0-	11	23	-	27	ns

Note

1. All typical values are measured at $T_{amb} = 25$ °C.

74HC1G08; 74HCT1G08

AC WAVEFORMS

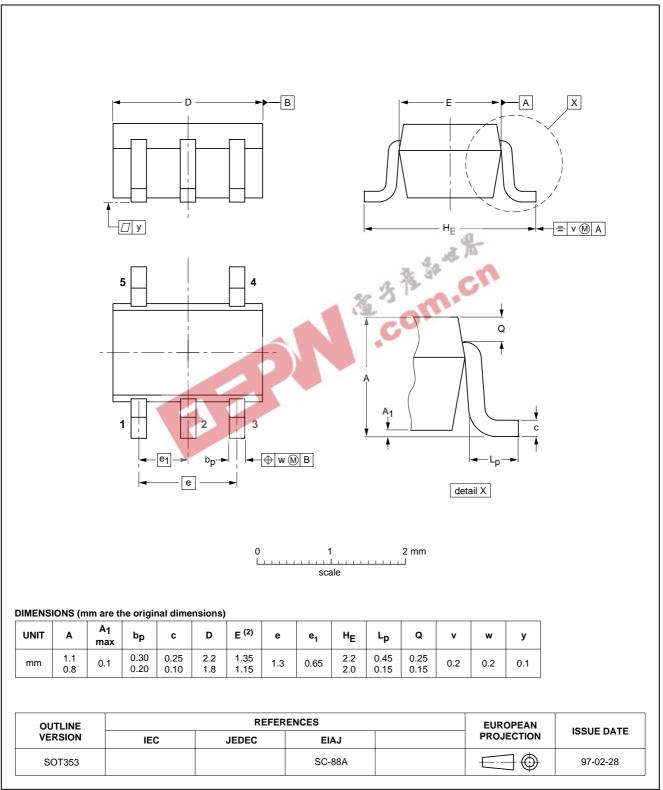


74HC1G08; 74HCT1G08

2-input AND gate

PACKAGE OUTLINES

Plastic surface mounted package; 5 leads



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Plastic surface mounted package; 5 leads В Α D Х □у = v (M) A ΗE E 3 E State 5 4 Q 1 A₁ ¥ С 4 4 3 1 Lp detail X - ⊕ w (M) B е 2 mm 0 1 L scale DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions) UNIT D Е $^{\rm H}{\rm E}$ Q Α A1 bp с е Lp v w у 0.40 0.33 0.23 0.100 3.1 2.7 3.0 2.5 0.6 0.2 0.26 1.7 1.3 1.1 0.95 0.2 0.2 0.1 mm 0.9 0.013 0.25 0.10 REFERENCES OUTLINE VERSION EUROPEAN **ISSUE DATE** PROJECTION IEC JEDEC JEITA SOT753 SC-74A 02-04-16

SOT753

74HC1G08; 74HCT1G08

SOLDERING

Introduction to soldering surface mount packages

This text gives a very brief insight to a complex technology. A more in-depth account of soldering ICs can be found in our *"Data Handbook IC26; Integrated Circuit Packages"* (document order number 9398 652 90011).

There is no soldering method that is ideal for all surface mount IC packages. Wave soldering can still be used for certain surface mount ICs, but it is not suitable for fine pitch SMDs. In these situations reflow soldering is recommended.

Reflow soldering

Reflow soldering requires solder paste (a suspension of fine solder particles, flux and binding agent) to be applied to the printed-circuit board by screen printing, stencilling or pressure-syringe dispensing before package placement.

Several methods exist for reflowing; for example, convection or convection/infrared heating in a conveyor type oven. Throughput times (preheating, soldering and cooling) vary between 100 and 200 seconds depending on heating method.

Typical reflow peak temperatures range from 215 to 250 °C. The top-surface temperature of the packages should preferable be kept below 220 °C for thick/large packages, and below 235 °C for small/thin packages.

Wave soldering

Conventional single wave soldering is not recommended for surface mount devices (SMDs) or printed-circuit boards with a high component density, as solder bridging and non-wetting can present major problems.

To overcome these problems the double-wave soldering method was specifically developed.

If wave soldering is used the following conditions must be observed for optimal results:

- Use a double-wave soldering method comprising a turbulent wave with high upward pressure followed by a smooth laminar wave.
- For packages with leads on two sides and a pitch (e):
 - larger than or equal to 1.27 mm, the footprint longitudinal axis is preferred to be parallel to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board;
 - smaller than 1.27 mm, the footprint longitudinal axis must be parallel to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board.

The footprint must incorporate solder thieves at the downstream end.

• For packages with leads on four sides, the footprint must be placed at a 45° angle to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board. The footprint must incorporate solder thieves downstream and at the side corners.

During placement and before soldering, the package must be fixed with a droplet of adhesive. The adhesive can be applied by screen printing, pin transfer or syringe dispensing. The package can be soldered after the adhesive is cured.

Typical dwell time is 4 seconds at 250 °C. A mildly-activated flux will eliminate the need for removal of corrosive residues in most applications.

Manual soldering

Fix the component by first soldering two diagonally-opposite end leads. Use a low voltage (24 V or less) soldering iron applied to the flat part of the lead. Contact time must be limited to 10 seconds at up to $300 \,^{\circ}$ C.

When using a dedicated tool, all other leads can be soldered in one operation within 2 to 5 seconds between 270 and 320 $^\circ\text{C}.$

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Suitability of surface mount IC packages for wave and reflow soldering methods

PACKAGE ⁽¹⁾	SOLDERING METHOD			
PACKAGE (*)	WAVE	REFLOW ⁽²⁾		
BGA, LBGA, LFBGA, SQFP, TFBGA, VFBGA	not suitable	suitable		
HBCC, HBGA, HLQFP, HSQFP, HSOP, HTQFP, HTSSOP, HVQFN, HVSON, SMS	not suitable ⁽³⁾	suitable		
PLCC ⁽⁴⁾ , SO, SOJ	suitable	suitable		
LQFP, QFP, TQFP	not recommended ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	suitable		
SSOP, TSSOP, VSO	not recommended ⁽⁶⁾	suitable		

Notes

- 1. For more detailed information on the BGA packages refer to the "(*LF*)BGA Application Note" (AN01026); order a copy from your Philips Semiconductors sales office.
- 2. All surface mount (SMD) packages are moisture sensitive. Depending upon the moisture content, the maximum temperature (with respect to time) and body size of the package, there is a risk that internal or external package cracks may occur due to vaporization of the moisture in them (the so called popcorn effect). For details, refer to the Drypack information in the "Data Handbook IC26; Integrated Circuit Packages; Section: Packing Methods".
- 3. These packages are not suitable for wave soldering. On versions with the heatsink on the bottom side, the solder cannot penetrate between the printed-circuit board and the heatsink. On versions with the heatsink on the top side, the solder might be deposited on the heatsink surface.
- 4. If wave soldering is considered, then the package must be placed at a 45° angle to the solder wave direction. The package footprint must incorporate solder thieves downstream and at the side corners.
- 5. Wave soldering is suitable for LQFP, TQFP and QFP packages with a pitch (e) larger than 0.8 mm; it is definitely not suitable for packages with a pitch (e) equal to or smaller than 0.65 mm.
- 6. Wave soldering is suitable for SSOP and TSSOP packages with a pitch (e) equal to or larger than 0.65 mm; it is definitely not suitable for packages with a pitch (e) equal to or smaller than 0.5 mm.

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Notes	1	3. 15 15

Notes

- 1. Please consult the most recently issued data sheet before initiating or completing a design.
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NOTES



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NOTES



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Printed in The Netherlands

613508/03/pp**16**

Date of release: 2002 May 17

Document order number: 9397 750 09717

SCA74

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