

# FDZ201N

## N-Channel 2.5V Specified PowerTrench® BGA MOSFET

### General Description

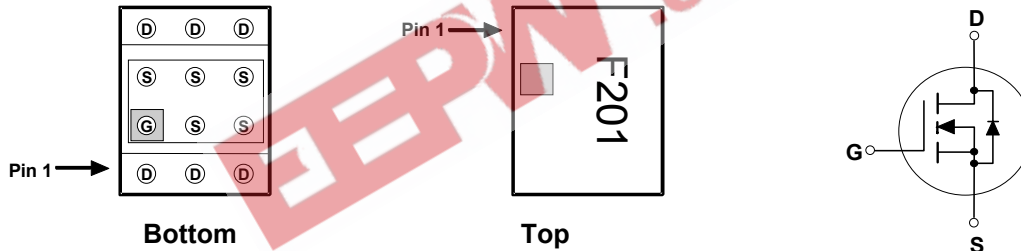
Combining Fairchild's advanced 2.5V specified PowerTrench process with state-of-the-art BGA packaging, the FDZ201N minimizes both PCB space and  $R_{DS(ON)}$ . This BGA MOSFET embodies a breakthrough in packaging technology which enables the device to combine excellent thermal transfer characteristics, high current handling capability, ultra-low profile packaging, low gate charge, and low  $R_{DS(ON)}$ .

### Applications

- Battery management
- Load switch
- Battery protection

### Features

- 9 A, 20 V.  $R_{DS(ON)} = 18 \text{ m}\Omega @ V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{DS(ON)} = 30 \text{ m}\Omega @ V_{GS} = 2.5 \text{ V}$
- Occupies only 5 mm<sup>2</sup> of PCB area: only 55% of the area of SSOT-6
- Ultra-thin package: less than 0.80 mm height when mounted to PCB
- Outstanding thermal transfer characteristics: 4 times better than SSOT-6
- Ultra-low  $Q_g \times R_{DS(ON)}$  figure-of-merit
- High power and current handling capability



### Absolute Maximum Ratings T<sub>A</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Units
V <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Voltage	20	V
V <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Source Voltage	±12	V
I <sub>D</sub>	Drain Current – Continuous (Note 1a)	9	A
		20	
P <sub>D</sub>	Power Dissipation (Steady State) (Note 1a)	2	W
T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to +150	°C

### Thermal Characteristics

R <sub>θJA</sub>	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 1a)	64	°C/W
R <sub>θJB</sub>	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ball (Note 1)	8	
R <sub>θJC</sub>	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (Note 1)	0.7	

### Package Marking and Ordering Information

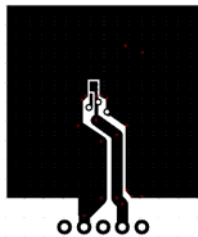
Device Marking	Device	Reel Size	Tape width	Quantity
201N	FDZ201N	7"	8mm	3000 units

**Electrical Characteristics** $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted

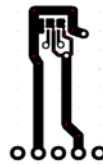
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>Off Characteristics</b>						
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain–Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = 250\ \mu\text{A}$	20			V
$\frac{\Delta BV_{DSS}}{\Delta T_J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = 250\ \mu\text{A}$ , Referenced to $25^\circ\text{C}$		14		$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = 16\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$			1	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{GSSF}$	Gate–Body Leakage, Forward	$V_{GS} = 12\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$			100	nA
$I_{GSSR}$	Gate–Body Leakage, Reverse	$V_{GS} = -12\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$			-100	nA
<b>On Characteristics (Note 2)</b>						
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\ \mu\text{A}$	0.6	0.8	1.5	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{GS(th)}}{\Delta T_J}$	Gate Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = 250\ \mu\text{A}$ , Referenced to $25^\circ\text{C}$		-3		$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain–Source On–Resistance	$V_{GS} = 4.5\text{ V}, I_D = 9\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 2.5\text{ V}, I_D = 6.5\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 4.5\text{ V}, I_D = 9\text{ A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		14 20 20	18 30 28	$\text{m}\Omega$
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = 5\text{ V}, I_D = 9\text{ A}$		33		S
<b>Dynamic Characteristics</b>						
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V},$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		1127		pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance			268		pF
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			134		pF
<b>Switching Characteristics (Note 2)</b>						
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn–On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 1\text{ A},$ $V_{GS} = 4.5\text{ V}, R_{GEN} = 6\ \Omega$		8	16	ns
$t_r$	Turn–On Rise Time			11	20	ns
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn–Off Delay Time			26	42	ns
$t_f$	Turn–Off Fall Time			8	16	ns
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 9\text{ A},$ $V_{GS} = 4.5\text{ V}$		11	15	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate–Source Charge			2		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate–Drain Charge			3		nC
<b>Drain–Source Diode Characteristics and Maximum Ratings</b>						
$I_S$	Maximum Continuous Drain–Source Diode Forward Current				1.7	A
$V_{SD}$	Drain–Source Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_S = 1.7\text{ A}$ (Note 2)		0.7	1.2	V
$t_{rr}$	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = 9\text{ A},$ $d_i/d_t = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		20		nS
$Q_{rr}$	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge			14		nC

**Notes:**

1.  $R_{\theta JA}$  is determined with the device mounted on a  $1\text{ in}^2$  2 oz. copper pad on a  $1.5 \times 1.5\text{ in.}$  board of FR-4 material. The thermal resistance from the junction to the circuit board side of the solder ball,  $R_{\theta JB}$  is defined for reference. For  $R_{\theta JC}$ , the thermal reference point for the case is defined as the top surface of the copper chip carrier.  $R_{\theta JC}$  and  $R_{\theta JB}$  are guaranteed by design while  $R_{\theta JA}$  is determined by the user's board design.



a)  $64^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$  when mounted on a  $1\text{ in}^2$  pad of 2 oz copper



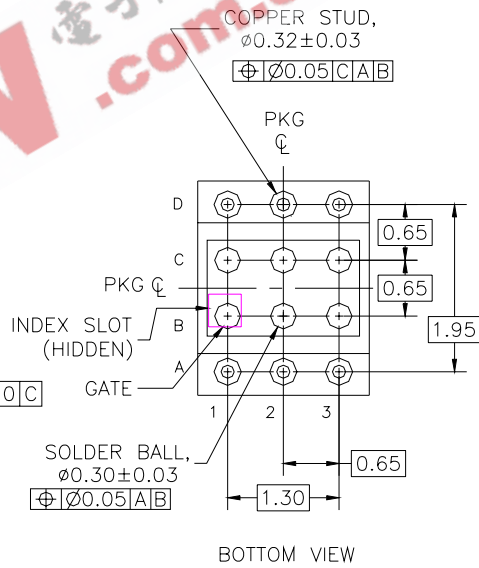
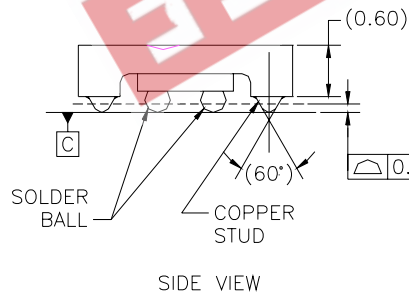
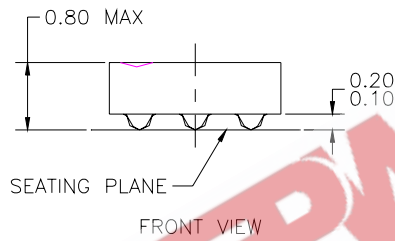
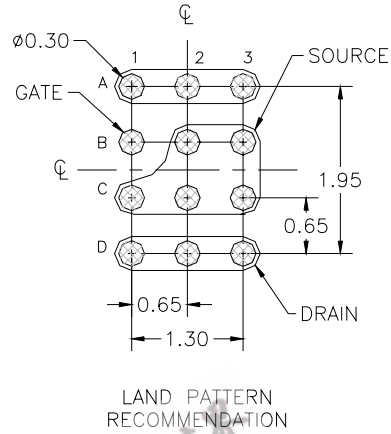
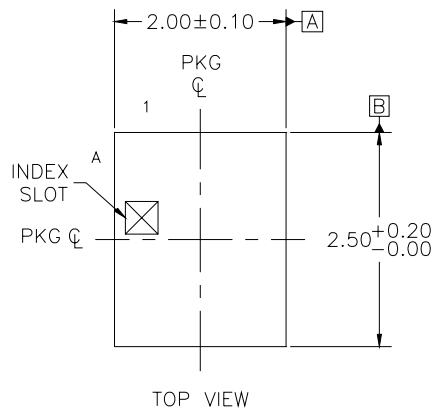
b)  $128^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$  when mounted on a minimum pad of 2 oz copper

Scale 1 : 1 on letter size paper

2. Pulse Test: Pulse Width <  $300\ \mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle < 2.0%

# Dimensional Outline and Pad Layout

FDZ201N



NOTES: UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

- A) ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- B) NO JEDEC REGISTRATION REFERENCE AS OF JULY 1999.
- C) TERMINAL CONFIGURATION TABLE.

POSITION	DESIGNATION	TYPE
A1,A2,A3, D1,D2,D3	DRAIN	COPPER STUD
B1	GATE	SOLDER BALL
B2,B3,C1,C2,C3	SOURCE	SOLDER BALL

Typical Characteristics

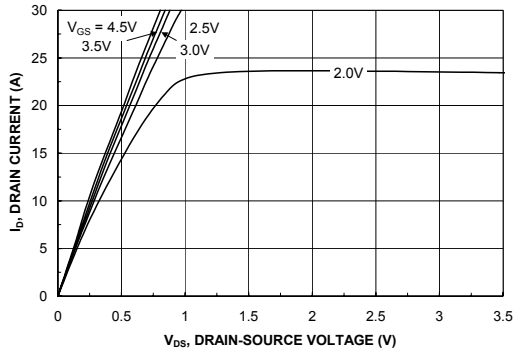


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics.

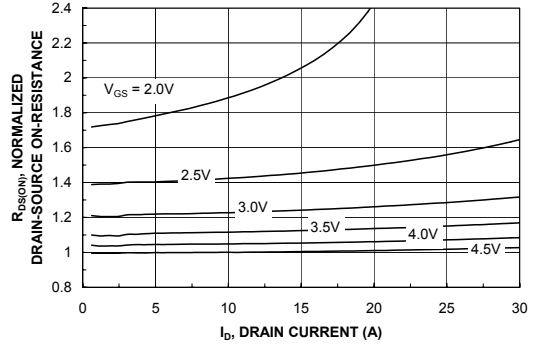


Figure 2. On-Resistance Variation with Drain Current and Gate Voltage.

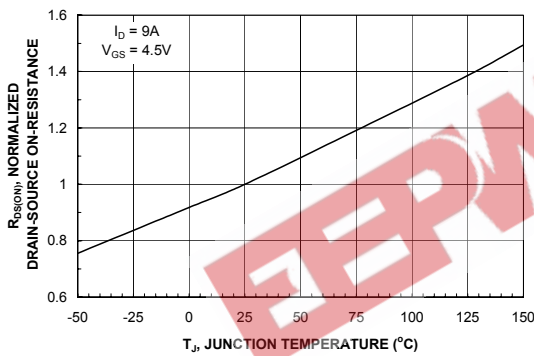


Figure 3. On-Resistance Variation with Temperature.

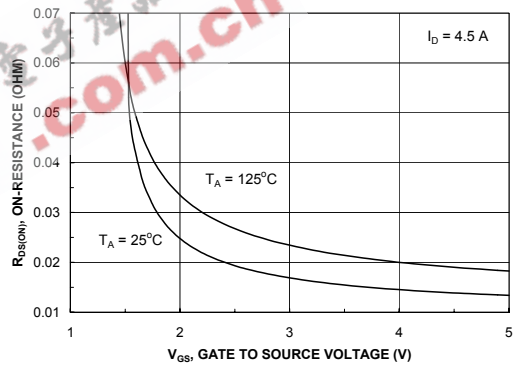


Figure 4. On-Resistance Variation with Gate-to-Source Voltage.

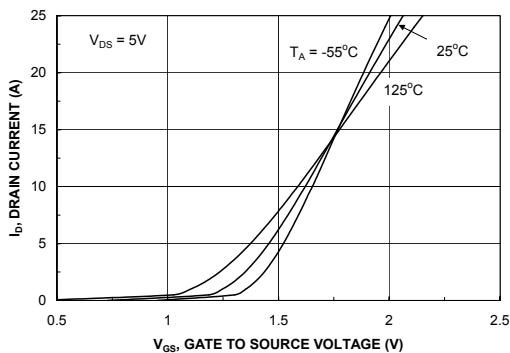


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics.

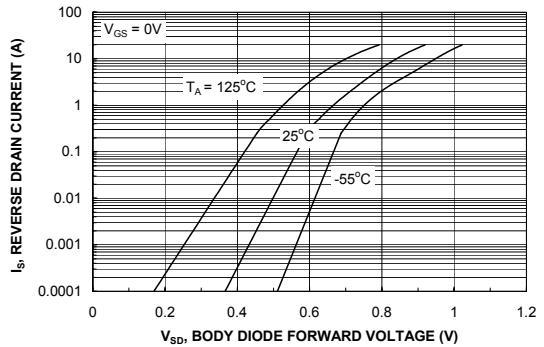


Figure 6. Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation with Source Current and Temperature.

Typical Characteristics

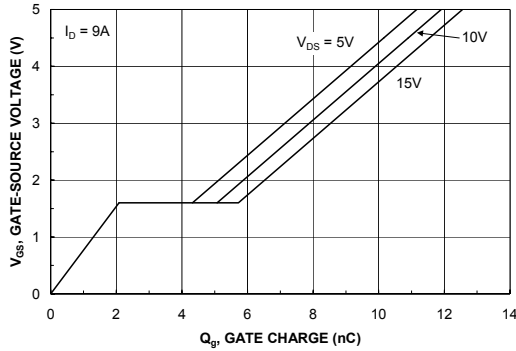


Figure 7. Gate Charge Characteristics.

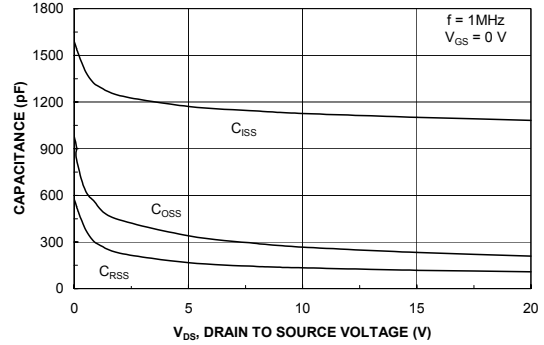


Figure 8. Capacitance Characteristics.

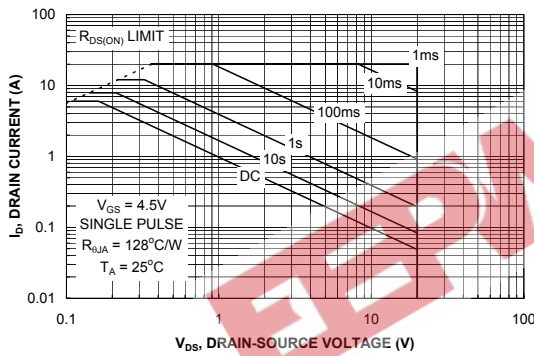


Figure 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area.

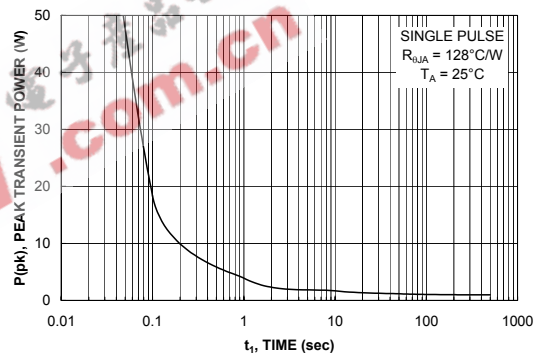


Figure 10. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation.

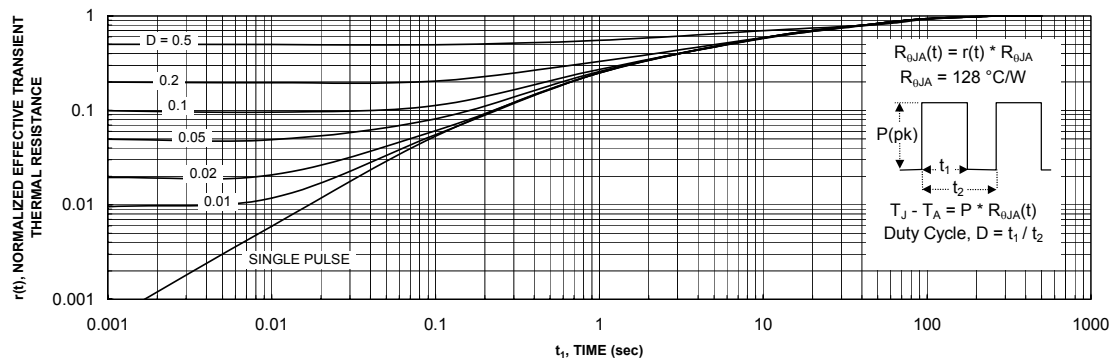


Figure 11. Transient Thermal Response Curve.

Thermal characterization performed using the conditions described in Note 1b.  
Transient thermal response will change depending on the circuit board design.

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