

Functional Description

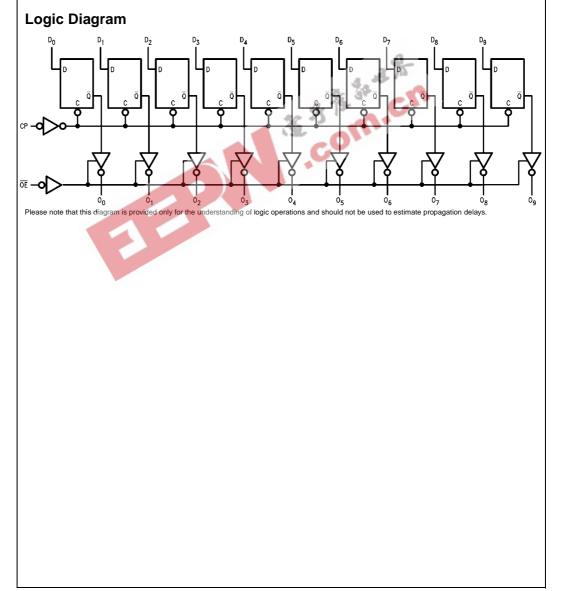
The ACTQ821 consists of ten-bit D-type edge-triggered flip-flops. The buffered Clock (CP) and buffered Output Enable ($\overline{\text{OE}}$) are common to all flip-flops. The flip-flops will store the state of their individual D inputs that meet the setup and hold time requirements on the LOW-to-HIGH CP transition. With $\overline{\text{OE}}$ LOW the contents of the flip-flops are available at the outputs. When $\overline{\text{OE}}$ is HIGH the outputs go to the high impedance state. Operation of the OE input does not affect the state of the flip-flops.

The ACTQ821 is functionally and pin compatible with the AM29821.

Function Table

I	nputs		Internal	Outputs	Function
OE	СР	D	Q	0	
н	\	L	L	Z	High Z
Н	~	Н	Н	Z	High Z
L	\	L	L	L	Load
L	~	Н	Н	н	Load

L = HIGH Voltage Level L = LOW Voltage Level Z = HIGH Impedance ✓ = LOW-to-HIGH Clock Transition



Absolute Maximum Ratings(Note 1)

Supply Voltage (V _{CC})	- 0.5V to + 7.0V
DC Input Diode Current (I _{IK})	
$V_{I} = -0.5V$	– 20 mA
$V_I = V_{CC} + 0.5V$	+ 20 mA
DC Input Voltage (VI)	$-0.5V$ to $V_{CC}+0.5V$
DC Output Diode Current (I _{OK})	
$V_{O} = -0.5V$	– 20 mA
$V_O = V_{CC} + 0.5V$	+ 20 mA
DC Output Voltage (V _O)	$-0.5V$ to $V_{CC}+0.5V$
DC Output Source	
or Sink Current (I _O)	± 50 mA
DC V _{CC} or Ground Current	
per Output Pin (I _{CC} or I _{GND})	± 50 mA
Storage Temperature (T _{STG})	$-65^{\circ}C$ to $+150^{\circ}C$
DC Latch-Up Source	
or Sink Current	\pm 300 mA

Junction Temperature (T_J) PDIP

Recommended Operating Conditions

Supply Voltage (V _{CC})	4.5V to 5.5V
Input Voltage (VI)	0V to V_{CC}
Output Voltage (V _O)	0V to V _{CC}
Operating Temperature (T _A)	$-40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$
Minimum Input Edge Rate $\Delta V/\Delta t$	
Minimum Input Edge Rate $\Delta V / \Delta t$	125 mV/ns
V _{IN} from 0.8V to 2.0V	
V _{CC} @ 4.5V, 5.5V	

Note 1: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. The databook specifications should be met, withto the device may occur. The databook specifications should be met, with-out exception, to ensure that the system design is reliable over its power supply, temperature, and output/input loading variables. Fairchild does not recommend operation of FACT™ circuits outside databook specifications.

DC Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	V_{CC} $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$				Units	Conditions	
Symbol	Parameter	(V)	Typ Guar		aranteed Limits	Units	Conditions	
V _{IH}	Minimum High Level	4.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	V	$V_{OUT} = 0.1V$	
	Input Voltage	5.5	1.5	2.0	2.0		or $V_{CC} - 0.1V$	
V _{IL}	Maximum Low Level	4.5	1.5	0.8	0.8	V	$V_{OUT} = 0.1V$	
	Input Voltage	5.5	1.5	0.8	0.8		or $V_{CC} - 0.1V$	
V _{OH}	Minimum High Level	4.5	4.49	4.4	4.4	V	I _{OUT} = - 50 μA	
	Output Voltage	5.5	5.49	5.4	5.4			
							$V_{IN} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH}$	
		4.5		3.86	3.76	V	$I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}$	
		5.5		4.86	4.76		I _{OH} = - 24 mA (Note 2)	
V _{OL}	Maximum Low Level	4.5	0.001	0.1	0.1	V	I _{OUT} = 50 μA	
	Output Voltage	5.5	0.001	0.1	0.1			
							$V_{IN} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH}$	
		4.5		0.36	0.44	V	I _{OL} = 24 mA	
		5.5		0.36	0.44		I _{OL} = 24 mA (Note 2)	
I _{IN}	Maximum Input Leakage Current	5.5		±0.1	±1.0	μA	$V_I = V_{CC}, GND$	
l _{oz}	Maximum 3-STATE	5.5		±0.5	±5.0	μA	$V_I = V_{IL}, V_{IH}$	
	Leakage Current						$V_{O} = V_{CC}, GND$	
I _{CCT}	Maximum I _{CC} /Input	5.5	0.6		1.5	mA	$V_I = V_{CC} - 2.1V$	
I _{OLD}	Minimum Dynamic	5.5			75	mA	V _{OLD} = 1.65V Max	
I _{OHD}	Output Current (Note 3)	5.5			-75	mA	V _{OHD} = 3.85V Min	
I _{CC}	Maximum Quiescent Supply Current	5.5		8.0	80.0	μA	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND	
V _{OLP}	Quiet Output Maximum Dynamic V _{OL}	5.0	1.1	1.5		V	Figure 1, Figure 2 (Note 4)(Note 5)	
V _{OLV}	Quiet Output Minimum Dynamic V _{OL}	5.0	- 0.6	- 1.2		V	Figure 1, Figure 2 (Note 4)(Note 5)	
V _{IHD}	Minimum High Level Dynamic Input Voltage	5.0	1.9	2.2		V	(Note 4)(Note 6)	
V _{ILD}	Maximum Low Level Dynamic Input Voltage	5.0	1.2	0.8		V	(Note 4)(Note 6)	

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Note 3: Maximum test duration 2.0 ms, one output loaded at a time.

Note 4: DIP package.

Note 5: Max number of outputs defined as (n). Data inputs are driven 0V to 3V. One output @ GND.

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140°C

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DC Electrical Characteristics (Continued) **Note 6:** Maximum number of data inputs (n) switching. (n–1) inputs switching 0V to 3V. Input-under-test switching: 3V to threshold (V_{ILD}), 0V to threshold (V_{IHD}), f = 1 MHz.

AC Electrical Characteristics

		v _{cc}	T _A = + 25°C C _L = 50 pF			$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to} + 85^{\circ}C$ $C_{L} = 50 \text{ pF}$		Units
Symbol	Parameter	(V)						
		(Note 7)	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	
f _{max}	Maximum Clock	5.0	120			110		MHz
	Frequency							
t _{PLH}	Propagation Delay	5.0	3.0	6.5	9.5	2.5	10.5	ns
t _{PHL}	CP to O _n							
t _{PZH}	Output Enable Time	5.0	3.0	7.5	10.5	2.5	11.5	ns
t _{PZL}	OE to On							
t _{PHZ}	Output Disable Time	5.0	1.0	6.5	8.5	1.0	9.0	ns
t _{PLZ}	OE to O _n							
t _{OSLH}	Output to Output Skew	5.0		0.5	1.0		1.0	ns
tOSHL	CP to O _n (Note 8)				4			
Note 7: Volta	ge Range 5.0 is 5.0V ± 0.5V					12		

Note 8: Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two outputs within the same packaged device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH to LOW (t_{OSHL}) or LOW to HIGH (t_{OSLH}). Parameter guaranteed by design. Not tested.

Symbol	Parameter	-	V _{CC} (V)	T _A = + 25°C C _L = 50 pF		$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$ $C_{L} = 50 \text{ pF}$	Units
			(Note 9)	Тур	Guaranteed Minimum		
ts	Setup Time, HIGH or LOW		5.0		3.0	3.0	ns
	D _n to CP						
t _H	Hold Time, HIGH or LOW		5.0		1.5	1.5	ns
	D _n to CP						
t _H	CP Pulse Width		5.0		4.5	5.5	ns
	HIGH or LOW						

Note 9: Voltage Range 5.0 is 5.0V ±0.5V

Capacitance

Symbol	Symbol Parameter		Units	Conditions
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	4.5	pF	V _{CC} = OPEN
C _{PD}	Power Dissipation Capacitance	55.0	pF	$V_{CC} = 5.0V$

FACT Noise Characteristics

The setup of a noise characteristics measurement is critical to the accuracy and repeatability of the tests. The following is a brief description of the setup used to measure the noise characteristics of FACT.

Equipment:

Hewlett Packard Model 8180A Word Generator PC-163A Test Fixture

Tektronics Model 7854 Oscilloscope

Procedure:

- 1. Verify Test Fixture Loading: Standard Load 50 pF, $500\Omega.$
- Deskew the HFS generator so that no two channels have greater than 150 ps skew between them. This requires that the oscilloscope be deskewed first. It is important to deskew the HFS generator channels before testing. This will ensure that the outputs switch simultaneously.
- Terminate all inputs and outputs to ensure proper loading of the outputs and that the input levels are at the correct voltage.
- Set the HFS generator to toggle all but one output at a frequency of 1 MHz. Greater frequencies will increase DUT heating and effect the results of the measurement.
- Set the HFS generator input levels at 0V LOW and 3V HIGH for ACT devices and 0V LOW and 5V HIGH for AC devices. Verify levels with an oscilloscope.



Note 10: V_{OHV} and V_{OLP} are measured with respect to ground reference. Note 11: Input pulses have the following characteristics: f = 1 MHz, $t_r = 3 \text{ ns}$, $t_f = 3 \text{ ns}$, skew < 150 ps.

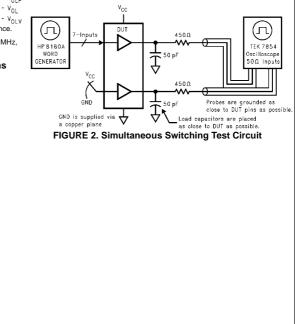
FIGURE 1. Quiet Output Noise Voltage Waveforms

 $V_{\mbox{OLP}}/V_{\mbox{OLV}}$ and $V_{\mbox{OHP}}/V_{\mbox{OHV}}$:

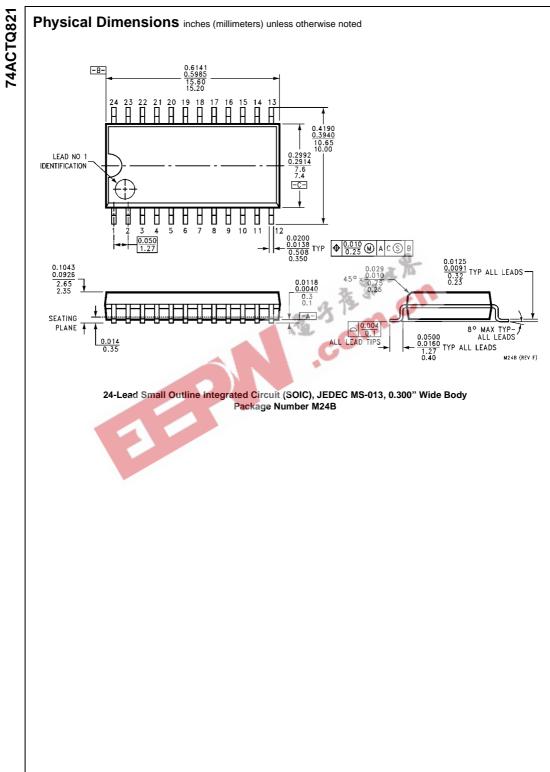
- Determine the quiet output pin that demonstrates the greatest noise levels. The worst case pin will usually be the furthest from the ground pin. Monitor the output voltages using a 50Ω coaxial cable plugged into a standard SMB type connector on the test fixture. Do not use an active FET probe.
- Measure V_{OLP} and V_{OLV} on the quiet output during the worst case transition for active and enable. Measure V_{OHP} and V_{OHV} on the quiet output during the worst case active and enable transition.
- Verify that the GND reference recorded on the oscilloscope has not drifted to ensure the accuracy and repeatability of the measurements.

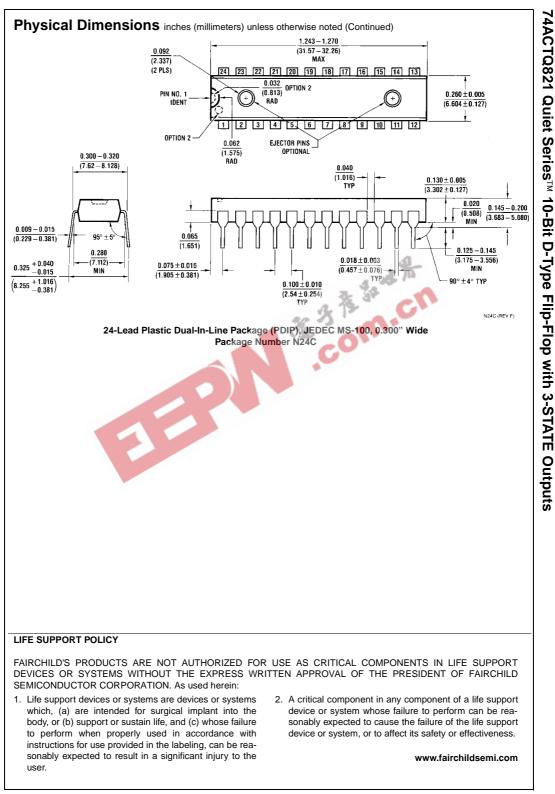
 V_{ILD} and V_{IHD} :

- Monitor one of the switching outputs using a 50Ω coaxial cable plugged into a standard SMB type connector on the test fixture. Do not use an active FET probe.
- First increase the input LOW voltage level, V_{IL}, until the output begins to oscillate or steps out a min of 2 ns. Oscillation is defined as noise on the output LOW level that exceeds V_{IL} limits, or on output HIGH levels that exceed V_{IL} limits. The input LOW voltage level at which oscillation occurs is defined as V_{ILD}.
- Next decrease the input HIGH voltage level V_{IH} until the output begins to oscillate or steps out a min of 2ns. Oscillation is defined as noise on the output LOW level that exceeds V_{IL} limits, or on output HIGH levels that exceed V_{IH} limits. The input HIGH voltage level at which oscillation occurs is defined as V_{IHD}.
- Verify that the GND reference recorded on the oscilloscope has not drifted to ensure the accuracy and repeatability of the measurements.



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