# **Dual Supply Octal Translating Transceiver**

## with 3-State Outputs

The 74LVX4245 is a 24-pin dual-supply, octal translating transceiver that is designed to interface between a 5V bus and a 3V bus in a mixed 3V/5V supply environment such as laptop computers using a 3.3V CPU and 5V LCD display. The A port interfaces with the 5V bus; the B port interfaces with the 3V bus.

The Transmit/Receive  $(T/\overline{R})$  input determines the direction of data flow. Transmit (active-High) enables data from the A port to the B port. Receive (active-Low) enables data from the B port to the A port. The Output Enable (OE) input, when High, disables both A and B ports by placing them in 3-State.

- Outputs Source/Sink 24mA at 5V Bus and 12mA at 3V Bus
   Guaranteed Simultaneous Switching Noise Level and Dynamic Threshold Performance
   Available in SOIC and TSSOP Packages
   Functionally Compatible with

#### V<sub>CCB</sub> V<sub>CCB</sub> OE **B3** B5 B6 B7 **GND** 18 2 6 10 11 GND GND

Figure 1, 24-Lead Pinout (Top View)

## MC74LVX4245



**LOW-VOLTAGE CMOS** 



DW SUFFIX 24-LEAD PLASTIC SOIC PACKAGE CASE 751E-04



DT SUFFIX 24-LEAD PLASTIC TSSOP PACKAGE CASE 948H-01

#### **PIN NAMES**

Pins	Function					
ŌE T/R	Output Enable Input Transmit/Receive Input					
A0–A7	Side A 3–State Inputs or 3–State Outputs					
B0-B7	Side B 3–State Inputs or 3–State Outputs					

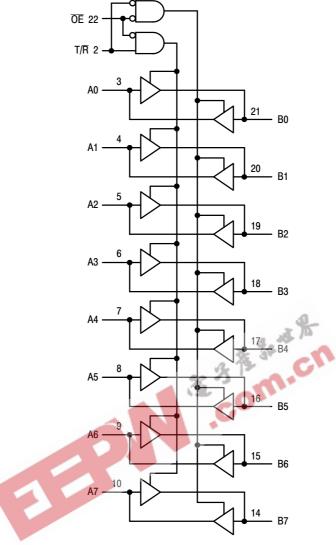


Figure 2. Logic Diagram

INP	UTS	OPERATING MODE
ŌĒ	T/R	OPERATING MODE Non-Inverting
L	L	B Data to A Bus
L	Н	A Data to B Bus
Н	X	Z

 $H = High\ Voltage\ Level;\ L = Low\ Voltage\ Level;\ Z = High\ Impedance\ State;\ X = High\ or\ Low\ Voltage\ Level$  and Transitions are Acceptable; For ICC reasons, Do Not Float Inputs

## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS\***

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Condition	Unit
V <sub>CCA</sub> , V <sub>CCB</sub>	DC Supply Voltage	-0.5 to +7.0		V
VI	DC Input Voltage $\overline{OE}$ , $\overline{T/R}$	–0.5 to V <sub>CCA</sub> +0.5		V
V <sub>I/O</sub>	DC Input/Output Voltage An	–0.5 to V <sub>CCA</sub> +0.5		V
	Bn	–0.5 to V <sub>CCB</sub> +0.5		V
I <sub>IK</sub>	DC Input Diode Current $\overline{OE}$ , $\overline{T/R}$	±20	V <sub>I</sub> < GND	mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	DC Output Diode Current	±50	$V_O < GND; V_O > V_{CC}$	mA
Io	DC Output Source/Sink Current	±50		mA
I <sub>CC</sub> , I <sub>GND</sub>	DC Supply Current Per Output Pin Maximum Current at I <sub>CCA</sub> Maximum Current at I <sub>CCB</sub>	±50 ±200 ±100		mA
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150		°C
Latchup	DC Latchup Source/Sink Current	±300		mA

<sup>\*</sup> Absolute maximum continuous ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Exposure to these conditions or conditions beyond those indicated may adversely affect device reliability. Functional operation under absolute—maximum—rated conditions is not implied.

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## **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Symbol	Parameter	_ 4	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CCA</sub> , V <sub>CCB</sub>	Supply Voltage	V <sub>CCA</sub> V <sub>CCB</sub>	4.5 2.7	5.5 3.6	V
V <sub>I</sub>	Input Voltage	ŌE, T/R	0	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V
V <sub>I/O</sub>	Input/Output Voltage	An Bn	0 0	V <sub>CCA</sub> V <sub>CCB</sub>	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Free-Air Temperature		-40	+85	°C
Δt/ΔV	Minimum Input Edge Rate V <sub>IN</sub> from 30% to 70% of V <sub>CC</sub> ; V <sub>CC</sub> at 3.0V, 4.5V,	, 5.5V	0	8	ns/V

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

						T <sub>A</sub> =	25°C	T <sub>A</sub> = -40 to +85°C	
Symbol	Parameter		Condition	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCB</sub>	Тур	Gua	ranteed Limits	Unit
V <sub>IHA</sub>	Minimum HIGH Level	An, OE T/R	V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 0.1V	5.5 4.5	3.3 3.3		2.0 2.0	2.0 2.0	V
$V_{IHB}$	Input Voltage	Bn	or ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.1V	5.0 5.0	3.6 2.7		2.0 2.0	2.0 2.0	V
V <sub>ILA</sub>	Maximum LOW Level	An, <del>OE</del> T/R	V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 0.1V	5.5 4.5	3.3 3.3		0.8 0.8	0.8 0.8	V
V <sub>ILB</sub>	Input Voltage	Bn	or ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.1V	5.0 5.0	2.7 3.6		0.8 0.8	0.8 0.8	V
V <sub>OHA</sub>	Minimum HIGH Level		$I_{OUT} = -100\mu A$ $I_{OH} = -24mA$	4.5 4.5	3.0 3.0	4.50 4.25	4.40 3.86	4.40 3.76	V
V <sub>OHB</sub>	Output Voltage		$I_{OUT} = -100\mu A$ $I_{OH} = -12mA$ $I_{OH} = -8mA$	4.5 4.5 4.5	3.0 3.0 2.7	2.99 2.80 2.50	2.9 2.4 2.4	2.9 2.4 2.4	V
V <sub>OLA</sub>	Maximum LOW Level		I <sub>OUT</sub> = 100μA I <sub>OL</sub> = 24mA	4.5 4.5	3.0 3.0	0.002 0.18	0.10 0.36	0.10 0.44	V
V <sub>OLB</sub>	Output Voltage		$I_{OUT} = 100\mu A$ $I_{OL} = 12mA$ $I_{OL} = 8mA$	4.5 4.5 4.5	3.0 3.0 2.7	0.002 0.1 0.1	0.10 0.31 0.31	0.10 0.40 0.40	V

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

						T <sub>A</sub> =	25°C	T <sub>A</sub> = -40 to +85°C	
Symbol	Parameter		Condition	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCB</sub>	Тур	Gua	aranteed Limits	Unit
I <sub>IN</sub>	Max Input Leakage Current	OE, T/R	$V_I = V_{CCA}$ , GND	5.5	3.6		±0.1	±1.0	μА
I <sub>OZA</sub>	Max 3–State Out- put Leakage	An	$\begin{aligned} & \underbrace{V_{I} = V_{IH},  V_{IL}} \\ & \overline{OE} = V_{CCA} \\ & V_{O} = V_{CCA},  GND \end{aligned}$	5.5	3.6		±0.5	±5.0	μА
I <sub>OZB</sub>	Max 3–State Out- put Leakage	Bn	$V_{I} = V_{IH}, V_{IL}$ $\overline{OE} = V_{CCA}$ $V_{O} = V_{CCB}, GND$	5.5	3.6		±0.5	±5.0	μА
$\Delta I_{CC}$	Maximum I <sub>CCT</sub> per Input	An, OE T/R	V <sub>I</sub> =V <sub>CCA</sub> -2.1V	5.5	3.6	1.0	1.35	1.5	mA
		Bn	V <sub>I</sub> =V <sub>CCB</sub> -0.6V	5.5	3.6		0.35	0.5	mA
I <sub>CCA</sub>	Quiescent V <sub>CCA</sub> Supply Current		An=V <sub>CCA</sub> or GND Bn=V <sub>CCB</sub> or GND <del>OE</del> =GND T/R=GND	5.5	3.6		8	80	μА
I <sub>CCB</sub>	Quiescent V <sub>CCB</sub> Supply Current		An=V <sub>CCA</sub> or GND Bn=V <sub>CCB</sub> or GND OE=GND T/R=V <sub>CCA</sub>	5.5	3.6	4.4	5	50	μА
V <sub>OLPA</sub> V <sub>OLPB</sub>	Quiet Output Max Dynamic V <sub>OL</sub>		Notes 1., 2.	<b>5.0</b> 5.0	3.3 3.3	4	1.5 1.2		V
V <sub>OLVA</sub> V <sub>OLVB</sub>	Quiet Output Min Dynamic V <sub>OL</sub>		Notes 1., 2.	5.0 5.0	3.3 3.3	D4.	-1.2 -0.8		V
V <sub>IHDA</sub> V <sub>IHDB</sub>	Min HIGH Level Dynamic Input Volt- age		Notes 1., 3.	5.0 5.0	3.3 3.3		2.0 2.0		V
V <sub>ILDA</sub> V <sub>ILDB</sub>	Max LOW Level Dynamic Input Volt- age	1	Notes 1., 3.	5.0 5.0	3.3 3.3		0.8 0.8		V

- Worst case package.
   Max number of outputs defined as (n). Data inputs are driven 0V to V<sub>CC</sub> level; one output at GND.
   Max number of data inputs (n) switching. (n-1) inputs switching 0V to V<sub>CC</sub> level. Input under test switching: V<sub>CC</sub> level to threshold (V<sub>ILD</sub>), 0V to threshold (V<sub>ILD</sub>), f = 1MHz.

#### **CAPACITIVE CHARACTERISTICS**

Symbol	Parameter		Parameter Condition		Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance		$V_{CCA} = 5.0V; V_{CCB} = 3.3V$	4.5	pF
C <sub>I/O</sub>	Input/Output Capacitance		$V_{CCA} = 5.0V; V_{CCB} = 3.3V$	15	pF
C <sub>PD</sub>	Power Dissipation Capacitance (Measured at 10MHz)	$_{A\toB}^{B\toA}$	$V_{CCA} = 5.0V$ $V_{CCB} = 3.3V$	55 40	pF

## **AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

		T <sub>A</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = -40 to +85°C C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF			$T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}$	
			$_{CCA}$ = 5V $\pm 0.5$		$V_{CCA} = 5V \pm 0.5V$ $V_{CCB} = 2.7V$		
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ (Note 4.)	Max	Min	Max	Unit
t <sub>PHL</sub> t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation Delay A to B	1.0 1.0	5.1 5.3	9.0 9.0	1.0 1.0	10.0 10.0	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub> t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation Delay B to A	1.0 1.0	5.4 5.5	9.0 9.0	1.0 1.0	10.0 10.0	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub> t <sub>PZH</sub>	Output Enable Time OE to B	1.0 1.0	6.5 6.7	10.5 10.5	1.0 1.0	11.5 11.5	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub> t <sub>PZH</sub>	Output Enable Time OE to A	1.0 1.0	5.2 5.8	9.5 9.5	1.0 1.0	10.0 10.0	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	Output Disable Time OE to B	1.0 1.0	6.0 3.3	10.0 7.0	1.0 1.0	10.0 7.5	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub> t <sub>PLZ</sub>	Output Disable Time OE to A	1.0 1.0	3.9 2.9	7.5 7.0	1.0 1.0	7.5 7.5	ns
t <sub>OSHL</sub> t <sub>OSLH</sub>	Output to Output Skew, Data to Output (Note 5.)		1.0	1.5		1.5	ns

toslh 5.)

4. Typical values at V<sub>CCA</sub> = 5.0V; V<sub>CCB</sub> = 3.3V at 25°C.

5. Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH—to—LOW (t<sub>OSHL</sub>) or LOW—to—HIGH (t<sub>OSLH</sub>); parameter guaranteed by design.

#### **Dual Supply Octal Translating Transceiver**

The 74LVX4245 is a is a dual—supply device well capable of bidirectional signal voltage translation. This level shifting ability provides an excellent interface between low voltage CPU local bus and a standard 5V I/O bus. The device control inputs can be controlled by either the low voltage CPU and core logic or a bus arbitrator with 5V I/O levels.

The LVX4245 is ideal for mixed voltage applications such as notebook computers using a 3.3V CPU and 5V peripheral devices.

#### Applications:

#### **Mixed Mode Dual Supply Interface Solutions**

The LVX4245 is designed to solve 3V/5V interfaces when CMOS devices cannot tolerate I/O levels above their applied  $V_{CC}$ . If an I/O pin of a 3V device is driven by a 5V device, the P–Channel transistor in the 3V device will conduct — causing current flow from the I/O bus to the 3V power supply. The result may be destruction of the 3V device through latchup effects. A current limiting resistor may be used to prevent destruction, but it causes speed degradation and needless power dissipation.

A better solution is provided in the LVX4245. It provides two different output levels that easily handle the dual voltage interface. The A port is a dedicated 5V port; the B port is a dedicated 3V port. NO TAG on page NO TAG shows how the LVX4245 may fit into a mixed 3V/5V system.

Since the LVX4245 is a '245 transceiver, the user may either use it for bidirectional or unidirectional applications. The center 20 pins are configured to match a '245 pinout. This enables the user to easily replace this level shifter with a 3V '245 device without additional layout work or remanufacture of the circuit board (when both buses are 3V).

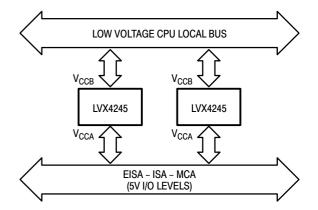


Figure 3. 3.3V/5V Interface Block Diagram

#### Powering Up the LVX4245

When powering up the LVX4245, please note that if the  $V_{CCB}$  pin is powered—up well in advance of the  $V_{CCA}$  pin, several milliamps of either  $I_{CCA}$  or  $I_{CCB}$  current will result. If the  $V_{CCA}$  pin is powered—up in advance of the  $V_{CCB}$  pin then only nanoamps of Icc current will result. In actuality the  $V_{CCB}$  can be powered "slightly" before the  $V_{CCA}$  without the current penalty, but this "setup time" is dependent on the power—up ramp rate of the  $V_{CC}$  pins. With a ramp rate of approximately 50 mV/ns ( $50 \text{V/\mu s}$ ) a 25ns setup time was observed ( $V_{CCB}$  before  $V_{CCA}$ ). With a  $7 \text{V/\mu s}$  rate, the setup time was about 140ns. When all is said and done, the safest power—up strategy is to simply power  $V_{CCA}$  before  $V_{CCB}$ . One more note: if the  $V_{CCB}$  ramp rate is faster than the  $V_{CCA}$  ramp rate then power problems might still occur, even if the  $V_{CCA}$  power—up began prior to the  $V_{CCB}$  power—up.

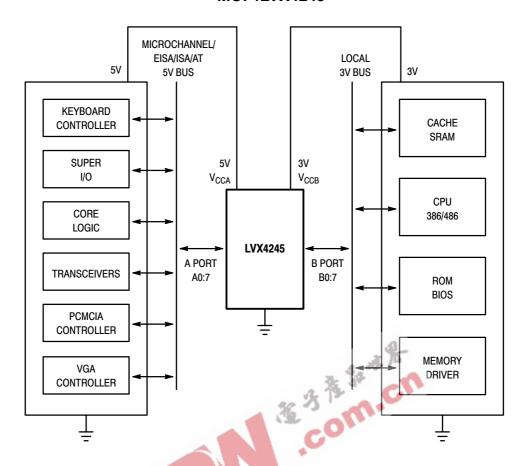


Figure 4. MC74LVX4245 Fits Into a System with 3V Subsystem and 5V Subsystem

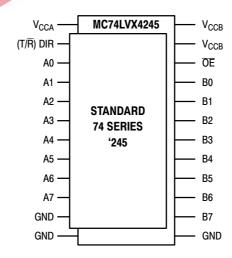
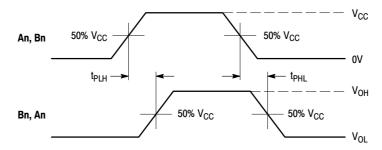
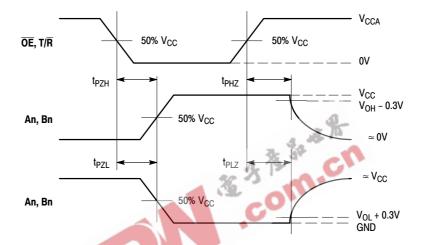


Figure 5. MC74LVX4245 Pin Arrangement Is Compatible to 20-Pin 74 Series '245s



#### **WAVEFORM 1 - PROPAGATION DELAYS**

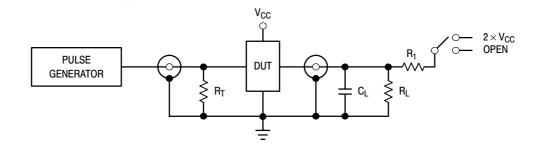
 $t_R = t_F = 2.5$ ns, 10% to 90%; f = 1MHz;  $t_W = 500$ ns



## WAVEFORM 2 - OUTPUT ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES

 $t_R = t_F = 2.5$ ns, 10% to 90%; f = 1MHz;  $t_W = 500$ ns

Figure 6. AC Waveforms



TEST	SWITCH
t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub> , t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PHZ</sub>	Open
t <sub>PZL</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub>	$2 \times V_{CC}$

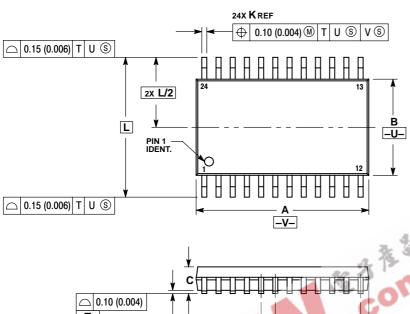
 $C_L$  = 50pF or equivalent (Includes jig and probe capacitance)  $R_L$  =  $R_1$  = 500 $\Omega$  or equivalent

 $R_T = Z_{OUT}$  of pulse generator (typically 50 $\Omega$ )

Figure 7. Test Circuit

#### **OUTLINE DIMENSIONS**

#### **DT SUFFIX** PLASTIC TSSOP PACKAGE CASE 948H-01 ISSUE O





- NOTES:

  1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.

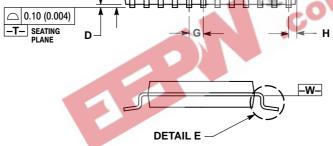
  2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.

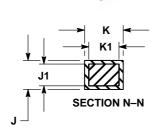
  3. DIMENSION A DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.

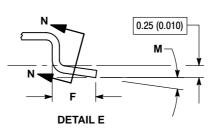
  4. DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION. INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT EXCEED

  - INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION SHALL NUT
    EXCEED
    0.25 (0.010) PER SIDE.
    5. DIMENSION K DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR
    PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR
    PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.08 (0.03) TOTAL IN
    EXCESS OF THE K DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM
    MATERIAL CONDITION.
    6. TERMINAL NUMBERS ARE SHOWN FOR
    REFERENCE ONLY.
    7. DIMENSION A AND B ARE TO BE
    DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE W-

	MILLIN	IETERS	INC	HES	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	7.70	7.90	0.303	0.311	
В	4.30	4.50	0.169	0.177	
С		1.20		0.047	
D	0.05	0.15	0.002	0.006	
F	0.50	0.75	0.020	0.030	
G	0.65	BSC	0.026 BSC		
Н	0.27	0.37	0.011	0.015	
J	0.09	0.20	0.004	0.008	
J1	0.09	0.16	0.004	0.006	
K	0.19	0.30	0.007	0.012	
K1	0.19	0.25	0.007	0.010	
L	6.40		0.252		
M	0°	8°	0°	8°	



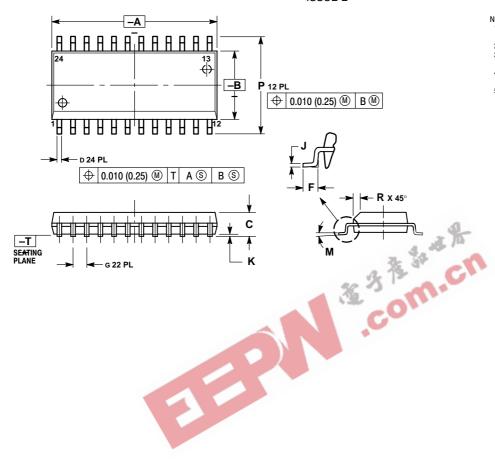




#### **OUTLINE DIMENSIONS**

#### **DW SUFFIX**

PLASTIC SOIC PACKAGE CASE 751E-04 ISSUE E



#### NOTES:

- NOTES:

  1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.

  2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.

  3. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.

  4. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.

  5. DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.13 (0.005) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF D DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.

	MILLIM	ETERS	INC	HES	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	15.25	15.54	0.601	0.612	
В	7.40	7.60	0.292	0.299	
С	2.35	2.65	0.093	0.104	
D	0.35	0.49	0.014	0.019	
F	0.41	0.90	0.016	0.035	
G	1.27	BSC	0.050 BSC		
J	0.23	0.32	0.009	0.013	
K	0.13	0.29	0.005	0.011	
M	0°	8°	0°	8°	
P	10.05	10.55	0.395	0.415	
R	0.25	0.75	0.010	0.029	

# **Notes**





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