













6-Pin DIP Random-Phase **Optoisolators Triac Driver Output** (250 Volts Peak)

The MOC3010 Series consists of gallium arsenide infrared emitting diodes, optically coupled to silicon bilateral switch and are designed for applications requiring isolated triac triggering, low-current isolated ac switching, high electrical isolation (to 7500 Vac peak), high detector standoff voltage, small size, and low cost.

To order devices that are tested and marked per VDE 0884 requirements, the suffix "V" must be included at end of part number. VDE 0884 is a test option.

Recommended for 115 Vac(rms) Applications:

- Solenoid/Valve Controls
- Lamp Ballasts
- Interfacing Microprocessors to 115 Vac Peripherals
- Motor Controls
- Static ac Power Switch
- Solid State Relays
- Incandescent Lamp Dimmers

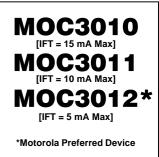
MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

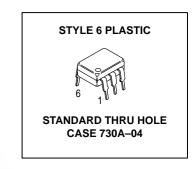
Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
INFRARED EMITTING DIODE			
Reverse Voltage	VR	3	Volts
Forward Current — Continuous	ΙF	60	mA
Total Power Dissipation @ T _A = 25°C Negligible Power in Transistor	P _D	100	mW
Derate above 25°C		1.33	mW/°C
OUTPUT DRIVER			
Off-State Output Terminal Voltage	VDRM	250	Volts
Peak Repetitive Surge Current (PW = 1 ms, 120 pps)	ITSM	1	А
Total Power Dissipation @ T _A = 25°C Derate above 25°C	P _D	300 4	mW mW/°C
TOTAL DEVICE			-
11-1	L 1/	7500	1/ (-1)

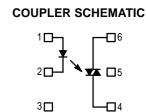
Isolation Surge Voltage ⁽¹⁾ (Peak ac Voltage, 60 Hz, 1 Second Duration)	Viso	7500	Vac(pk)
Total Power Dissipation @ T _A = 25°C Derate above 25°C	PD	330 4.4	mW mW/°C
Junction Temperature Range	TJ	-40 to +100	°C
Ambient Operating Temperature Range ⁽²⁾	TA	-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature Range(2)	T _{stg}	-40 to +150	°C
Soldering Temperature (10 s)	TL	260	°C

- 1. Isolation surge voltage, VISO, is an internal device dielectric breakdown rating. For this test, Pins 1 and 2 are common, and Pins 4, 5 and 6 are common.
- 2. Refer to Quality and Reliability Section in Opto Data Book for information on test conditions. Preferred devices are Motorola recommended choices for future use and best overall value. GlobalOptoisolator is a trademark of Motorola, Inc.

(Replaces MOC3009/D)







- 1. ANODE
- 2. CATHODE
- 3. NC
- 4. MAIN TERMINAL
- 5. SUBSTRATE DO NOT CONNECT
- 6. MAIN TERMINAL



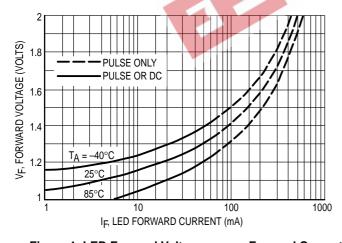
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

						_
Characteristic		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
INPUT LED						
Reverse Leakage Current (V _R = 3 V)		IR	_	0.05	100	μА
Forward Voltage (IF = 10 mA)		VF	_	1.15	1.5	Volts
OUTPUT DETECTOR (I _F = 0 unless otherwise	noted)					
Peak Blocking Current, Either Direction (Rated V _{DRM} ⁽¹⁾)		IDRM	_	10	100	nA
Peak On–State Voltage, Either Direction (I _{TM} = 100 mA Peak)		VTM	_	1.8	3	Volts
Critical Rate of Rise of Off–State Voltage (Figu	ure 7, Note 2)	dv/dt	_	10	_	V/μs
COUPLED		•	•			•
LED Trigger Current, Current Required to Lato (Main Terminal Voltage = 3 V ⁽³⁾)	h Output MOC3010 MOC3011 MOC3012	l _{FT}	_ _ _	8 5 3	15 10 5	mA
Holding Current, Either Direction		lн	_	100	_	μА

- 1. Test voltage must be applied within dv/dt rating.
- 2. This is static dv/dt. See Figure 7 for test circuit. Commutating dv/dt is a function of the load–driving thyristor(s) only.
- 3. All devices are guaranteed to trigger at an I_F value less than or equal to max I_{FT}. Therefore, recommended operating I_F lies between max I_{FT} (15 mA for MOC3010, 10 mA for MOC3011, 5 mA for MOC3012) and absolute max I_F (60 mA).

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS TA = 25°C

+800

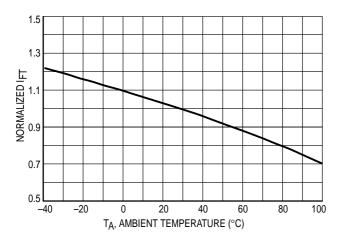


-800 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3

V_{TM}, ON-STATE VOLTAGE (VOLTS)

Figure 1. LED Forward Voltage versus Forward Current

Figure 2. On-State Characteristics



NORMALIZED TO:
PW_{in} ≥ 100 μs

15

10

1 2 5 10 20 50 100

PW_{in}, LED TRIGGER WIDTH (μs)

Figure 3. Trigger Current versus Temperature

Figure 4. LED Current Required to Trigger versus LED Pulse Width

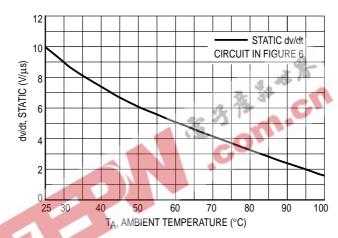
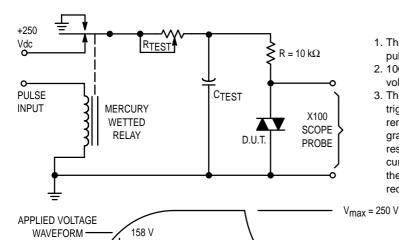


Figure 5. dv/dt versus Temperature



- 1. The mercury wetted relay provides a high speed repeated pulse to the D.U.T.
- 2. 100x scope probes are used, to allow high speeds and voltages.
- 3. The worst–case condition for static dv/dt is established by triggering the D.U.T. with a normal LED input current, then removing the current. The variable R_{TEST} allows the dv/dt to be gradually increased until the D.U.T. continues to trigger in response to the applied voltage pulse, even after the LED current has been removed. The dv/dt is then decreased until the D.U.T. stops triggering. τ_{RC} is measured at this point and recorded.

Figure 6. Static dv/dt Test Circuit

0 VOLTS

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUITS

NOTE: This optoisolator should not be used to drive a load directly. It is intended to be a trigger device only. Additional information on the use of the MOC3010/3011/3012 is available in Application Note AN–780A.

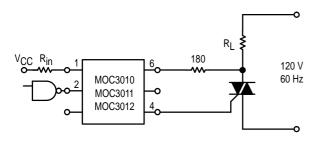


Figure 7. Resistive Load

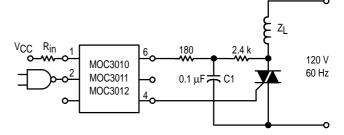


Figure 8. Inductive Load with Sensitive Gate Triac (IGT \leq 15 mA)

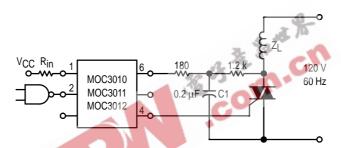
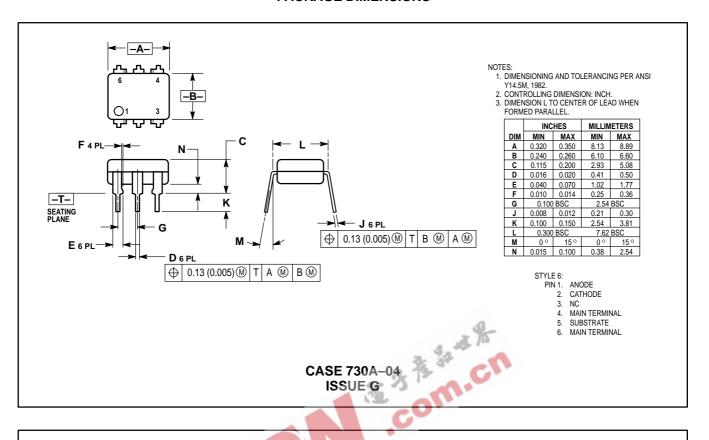
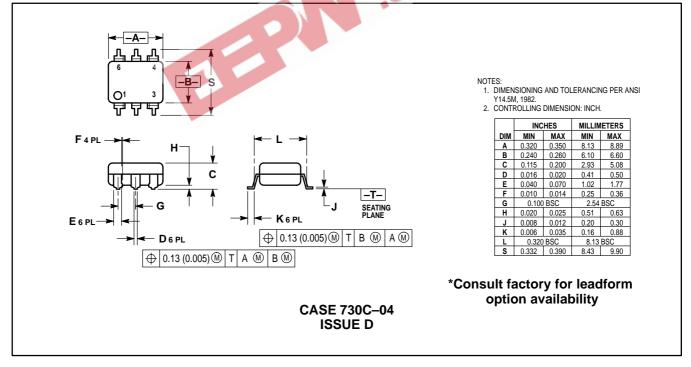
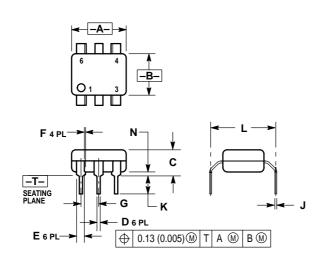


Figure 9. Inductive Load with Non–Sensitive Gate Triac (15 mA < I_{GT} < 50 mA)

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS







NOTES

- 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
- 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
 3. DIMENSION L TO CENTER OF LEAD WHEN FORMED PARALLEL.

	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	0.320	0.350	8.13	8.89	
В	0.240	0.260	6.10	6.60	
С	0.115	0.200	2.93	5.08	
D	0.016	0.020	0.41	0.50	
Е	0.040	0.070	1.02	1.77	
F	0.010	0.014	0.25	0.36	
G	0.100	BSC	2.54	54 BSC	
J	0.008	0.012	0.21	0.30	
K	0.100	0.150	2.54	3.81	
L	0.400	0.425	10.16	10.80	
N	0.015	0.040	0.38	1.02	

*Consult factory for leadform option availability

CASE 730D-05



Motorola reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. Motorola makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does Motorola assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters can and do vary in different applications. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. Motorola does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. Motorola products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the Motorola product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use Motorola products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold Motorola and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that Motorola was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part. Motorola and (A) are registered trademarks of Motorola, Inc. Motorola, Inc. is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer.

How to reach us:

USA/EUROPE: Motorola Literature Distribution; P.O. Box 20912; Phoenix, Arizona 85036. 1-800-441-2447

MFAX: RMFAX0@email.sps.mot.com - TOUCHTONE (602) 244-6609 INTERNET: http://Design-NET.com

JAPAN: Nippon Motorola Ltd.; Tatsumi-SPD-JLDC, Toshikatsu Otsuki, 6F Seibu-Butsuryu-Center, 3-14-2 Tatsumi Koto-Ku, Tokyo 135, Japan. 03-3521-8315

HONG KONG: Motorola Semiconductors H.K. Ltd.; 8B Tai Ping Industrial Park, 51 Ting Kok Road, Tai Po, N.T., Hong Kong. 852-26629298



