



6-Pin DIP Zero-Cross Optoisolators Triac Driver Output (400 Volts Peak)

The MOC3041, MOC3042 and MOC3043 devices consist of gallium arsenide infrared emitting diodes optically coupled to a monolithic silicon detector performing the function of a Zero Voltage Crossing bilateral triac driver.

They are designed for use with a triac in the interface of logic systems to equipment powered from 115 Vac lines, such as solid-state relays, industrial controls, motors, solenoids and consumer appliances, etc.

- Simplifies Logic Control of 115 Vac Power
- Zero Voltage Crossing
- dv/dt of 2000 V/ μ s Typical, 1000 V/ μ s Guaranteed
- **To order devices that are tested and marked per VDE 0884 requirements, the suffix "V" must be included at end of part number. VDE 0884 is a test option.**

Recommended for 115/240 Vac(rms) Applications:

- Solenoid/Valve Controls
- Lighting Controls
- Static Power Switches
- AC Motor Drives
- Temperature Controls
- E.M. Contactors
- AC Motor Starters
- Solid State Relays

MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
INFRARED EMITTING DIODE			
Reverse Voltage	V_R	6	Volts
Forward Current — Continuous	I_F	60	mA
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Negligible Power in Output Driver Derate above 25°C	P_D	120	mW
		1.41	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$

OUTPUT DRIVER

Off-State Output Terminal Voltage	V_{DRM}	400	Volts
Peak Repetitive Surge Current (PW = 100 μ s, 120 pps)	I_{TSM}	1	A
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	P_D	150	mW
		1.76	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$

TOTAL DEVICE

Isolation Surge Voltage ⁽¹⁾ (Peak ac Voltage, 60 Hz, 1 Second Duration)	V_{ISO}	7500	Vac(pk)
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	P_D	250	mW
		2.94	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature Range	T_J	-40 to +100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Ambient Operating Temperature Range ⁽²⁾	T_A	-40 to +85	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range ⁽²⁾	T_{stg}	-40 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering Temperature (10 s)	T_L	260	$^\circ\text{C}$

1. Isolation surge voltage, V_{ISO} , is an internal device dielectric breakdown rating.

For this test, Pins 1 and 2 are common, and Pins 4, 5 and 6 are common.

2. Refer to Quality and Reliability Section in Opto Data Book for information on test conditions.

Preferred devices are Motorola recommended choices for future use and best overall value.

GlobalOptoisolator is a trademark of Motorola, Inc.

(Replaces MOC3040/D)

MOC3041

[IFT = 15 mA Max]

MOC3042

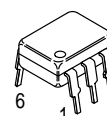
[IFT = 10 mA Max]

MOC3043*

[IFT = 5 mA Max]

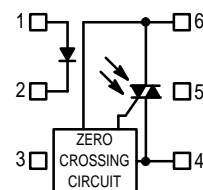
*Motorola Preferred Device

STYLE 6 PLASTIC



**STANDARD THRU HOLE
CASE 730A-04**

COUPLER SCHEMATIC



1. ANODE
2. CATHODE
3. NC
4. MAIN TERMINAL
5. SUBSTRATE
DO NOT CONNECT
6. MAIN TERMINAL



MOC3041 MOC3042 MOC3043

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
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INPUT LED

Reverse Leakage Current ($V_R = 6\text{ V}$)	I_R	—	0.05	100	μA
Forward Voltage ($I_F = 30\text{ mA}$)	V_F	—	1.3	1.5	Volts

OUTPUT DETECTOR ($I_F = 0$ unless otherwise noted)

Leakage with LED Off, Either Direction (Rated $V_{DRM}^{(1)}$)	I_{DRM1}	—	2	100	nA
Peak On-State Voltage, Either Direction ($I_{TM} = 100\text{ mA Peak}$)	V_{TM}	—	1.8	3	Volts
Critical Rate of Rise of Off-State Voltage ⁽³⁾	dv/dt	1000	2000	—	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$

COUPLED

LED Trigger Current, Current Required to Latch Output (Main Terminal Voltage = $3\text{ V}^{(2)}$)	I_{FT}	—	—	15 10 5	mA
Holding Current, Either Direction	I_H	—	250	—	μA
Isolation Voltage ($f = 60\text{ Hz}$, $t = 1\text{ sec}$)	V_{ISO}	7500	—	—	Vac(pk)

ZERO CROSSING

Inhibit Voltage ($I_F = \text{Rated } I_{FT}$, MT1–MT2 Voltage above which device will not trigger.)	V_{IH}	—	5	20	Volts
Leakage in Inhibited State ($I_F = \text{Rated } I_{FT}$, Rated V_{DRM} , Off State)	I_{DRM2}	—	—	500	μA

1. Test voltage must be applied within dv/dt rating.
2. All devices are guaranteed to trigger at an I_F value less than or equal to max I_{FT} . Therefore, recommended operating I_F lies between I_{FT} (15 mA for MOC3041, 10 mA for MOC3042, 5 mA for MOC3043) and absolute max I_F (60 mA).
3. This is static dv/dt . See Figure 7 for test circuit. Commutating dv/dt is a function of the load-driving thyristor(s) only.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

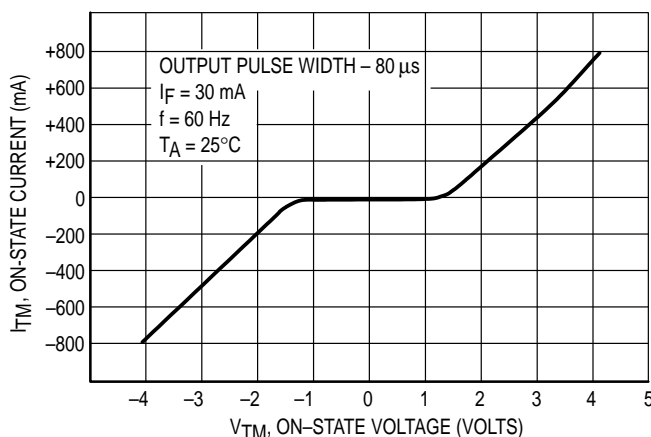


Figure 1. On-State Characteristics

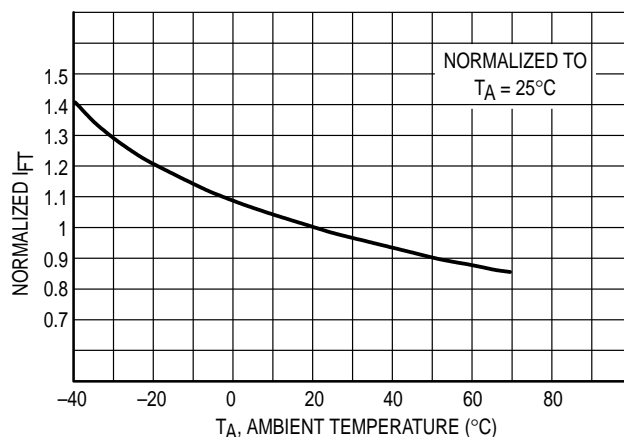


Figure 2. Trigger Current versus Temperature

MOC3041 MOC3042 MOC3043

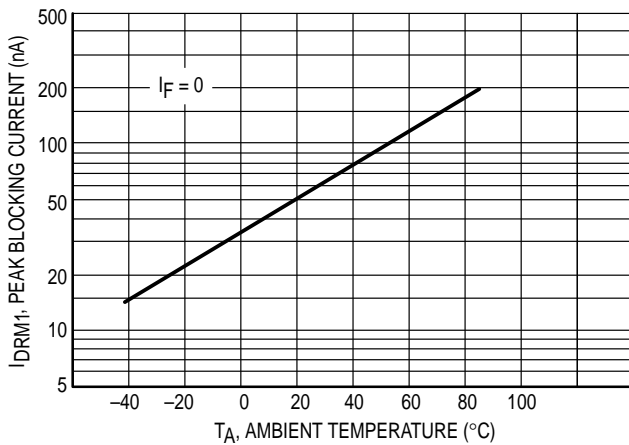


Figure 3. I_{DRM1}, Peak Blocking Current versus Temperature

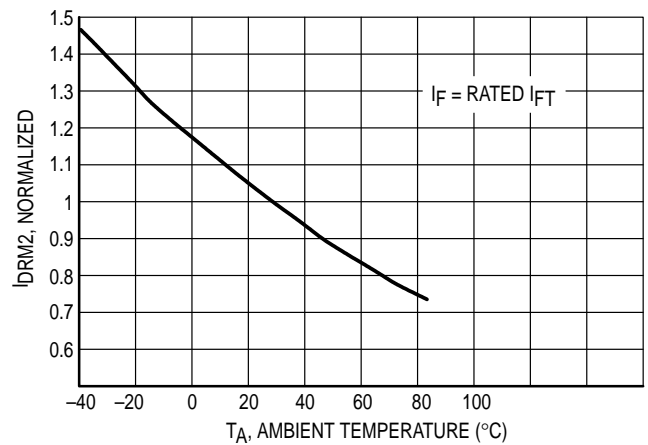


Figure 4. I_{DRM2}, Leakage in Inhibit State versus Temperature

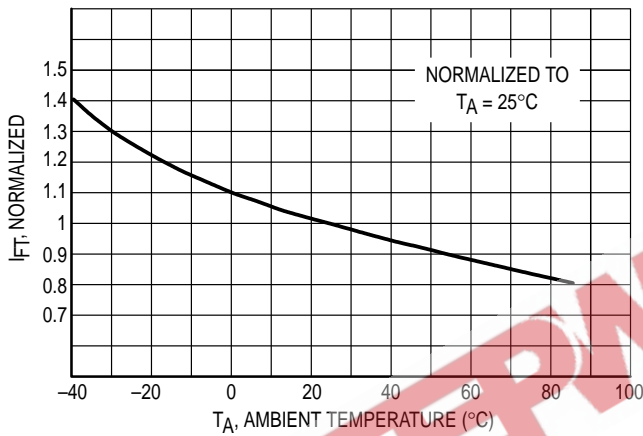


Figure 5. Trigger Current versus Temperature

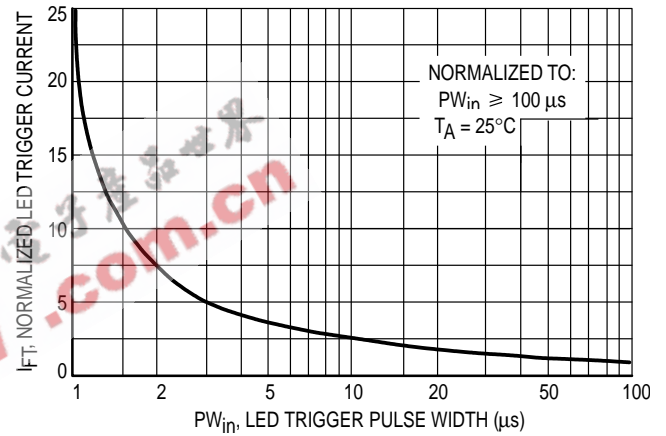


Figure 6. LED Current Required to Trigger versus LED Pulse Width

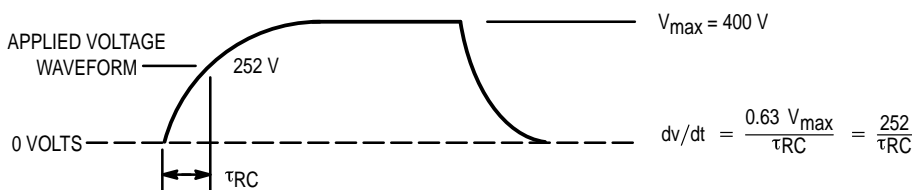
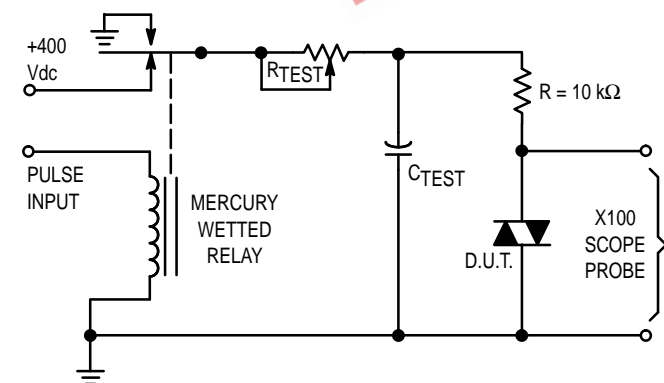
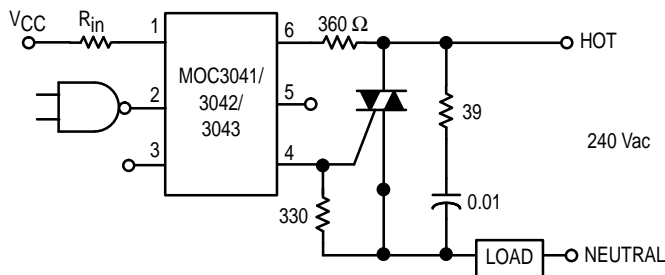


Figure 7. Static dv/dt Test Circuit

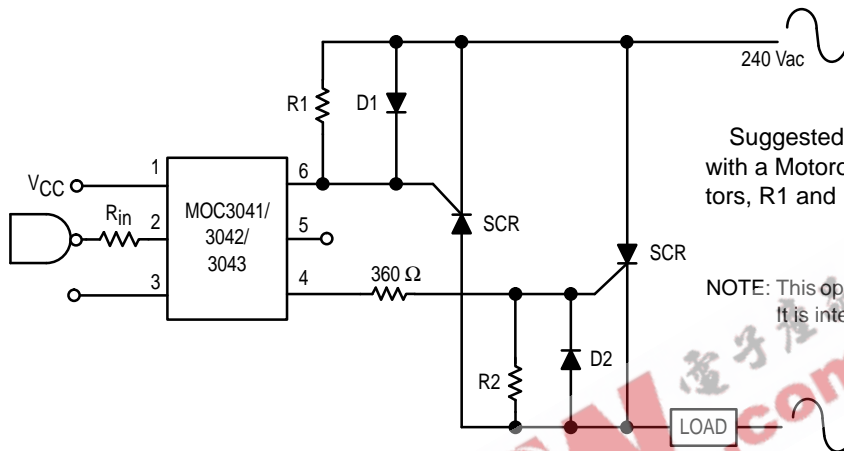
1. The mercury wetted relay provides a high speed repeated pulse to the D.U.T.
2. 100x scope probes are used, to allow high speeds and voltages.
3. The worst-case condition for static dv/dt is established by triggering the D.U.T. with a normal LED input current, then removing the current. The variable R_{TEST} allows the dv/dt to be gradually increased until the D.U.T. continues to trigger in response to the applied voltage pulse, even after the LED current has been removed. The dv/dt is then decreased until the D.U.T. stops triggering. τ_{RC} is measured at this point and recorded.

MOC3041 MOC3042 MOC3043



* For highly inductive loads (power factor < 0.5), change this value to 360 ohms.

Figure 8. Hot-Line Switching Application Circuit



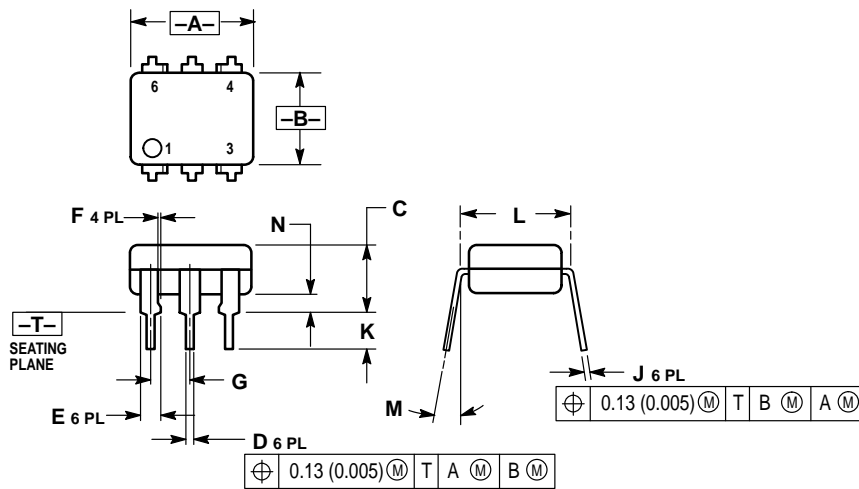
Suggested method of firing two, back-to-back SCR's, with a Motorola triac driver. Diodes can be 1N4001; resistors, R1 and R2, are optional 330 ohms.

NOTE: This optoisolator should not be used to drive a load directly. It is intended to be a trigger device only.

Figure 9. Inverse-Parallel SCR Driver Circuit

MOC3041 MOC3042 MOC3043

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

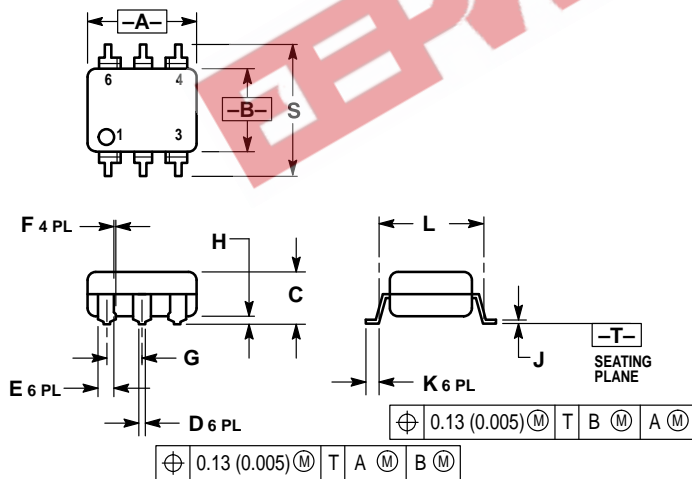


- NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
 3. DIMENSION L TO CENTER OF LEAD WHEN FORMED PARALLEL.

DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.320	0.350	8.13	8.89
B	0.240	0.260	6.10	6.60
C	0.115	0.200	2.93	5.08
D	0.016	0.020	0.41	0.50
E	0.040	0.070	1.02	1.77
F	0.010	0.014	0.25	0.36
G	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC	
J	0.008	0.012	0.21	0.30
K	0.100	0.150	2.54	3.81
L	0.300 BSC		7.62 BSC	
M	0°	15°	0°	15°
N	0.015	0.100	0.38	2.54

- STYLE 6:
- PIN 1. ANODE
 - CATHODE
 - NC
 - MAIN TERMINAL
 - SUBSTRATE
 - MAIN TERMINAL

CASE 730A-04
ISSUE G



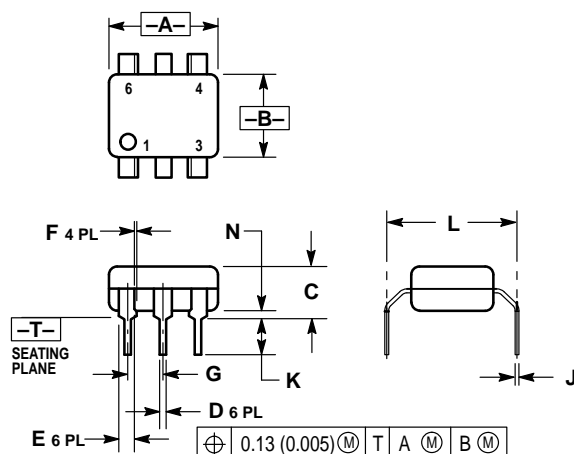
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 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.320	0.350	8.13	8.89
B	0.240	0.260	6.10	6.60
C	0.115	0.200	2.93	5.08
D	0.016	0.020	0.41	0.50
E	0.040	0.070	1.02	1.77
F	0.010	0.014	0.25	0.36
G	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC	
H	0.020	0.025	0.51	0.63
J	0.008	0.012	0.20	0.30
K	0.006	0.035	0.16	0.88
L	0.320 BSC		8.13 BSC	
S	0.332	0.390	8.43	9.90

*Consult factory for leadform option availability

CASE 730C-04
ISSUE D

MOC3041 MOC3042 MOC3043



- NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
 3. DIMENSION L TO CENTER OF LEAD WHEN FORMED PARALLEL.

DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.320	0.350	8.13	8.89
B	0.240	0.260	6.10	6.60
C	0.115	0.200	2.93	5.08
D	0.016	0.020	0.41	0.50
E	0.040	0.070	1.02	1.77
F	0.010	0.014	0.25	0.36
G	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC	
J	0.008	0.012	0.21	0.30
K	0.100	0.150	2.54	3.81
L	0.400	0.425	10.16	10.80
N	0.015	0.040	0.38	1.02

*Consult factory for leadform option availability

CASE 730D-05
ISSUE D

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MOC3041/D

