

October 1995 Revised April 1999

# 74LCX16501

# **18-Bit Universal Bus Transceivers with 5V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs**

### **General Description**

The LCX16501 is an 18-bit universal bus transceiver combining D-type latches and D-type flip-flops to allow data flow in transparent, latched, and clocked modes.

Data flow in <u>each</u> direction is controlled by output-enable (OEAB and  $\overline{\text{OEBA}}$ ), latch-enable (LEAB and LEBA), and clock (CLKAB and CLKBA) inputs.

The LCX16501 is designed for low voltage (2.5V or 3.3V)  $V_{CC}$  applications with capability of interfacing to a 5V signal environment

The LCX16501 is fabricated with an advanced CMOS technology to achieve high speed operation while maintaining CMOS low power.

### **Features**

- 5V tolerant inputs and outputs
- 2.3V-3.6V V<sub>CC</sub> specifications provided
- $\blacksquare$  6.0 ns  $t_{PD}$  max (V  $_{CC}$  = 3.3V), 20  $\mu A$   $I_{CC}$  max
- Power down high impedance inputs and outputs
- Supports live insertion/withdrawal (Note 1)
- $\blacksquare$  ±24 mA Output Drive (V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V)
- Implements patented noise/EMI reduction circuitry
- Latch-up performance exceeds 500 mA
- ESD performance:
  - Human body model > 2000V Machine model < 200V

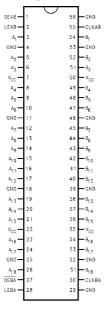
Note 1: To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or down,  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  should be tied to  $V_{\text{OC}}$  and OE tied to GND through a resistor: the minimum value or the resistor is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the

### **Ordering Code:**

Order Number	Package Number	Package Description
74LCX16501MEA	MS56A	56-Lead Shrink Small Outline Package (SSOP), JEDEC MO-118, 0.300" Wide
74LCX16501MTD	MTD56	56-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 6.1mm Wide

Devices also available on Tape and Reel. Specify by appending the suffix letter "X" to the ordering code.

### **Connection Diagram**



### Truth Table (Note 2)

	Inputs				
OEAB	LEAB	CLKAB	An	B <sub>n</sub>	
L	Х	Х	Х	Z	
н	Н	X	L	L	
н	Н	Χ	Н	Н	
Н	L	$\uparrow$	L	L	
Н	L	$\uparrow$	Н	Н	
н	L	Н	Χ	B <sub>0</sub> (Note 3)	
Н	L	L	Χ	B <sub>0</sub> (Note 4)	

Note 2: A-to-B data flow is shown: B-to-A flow is similar but uses  $\overline{\text{OEBA}}$ , LEBA, and CLKBA.

Note 3: Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established, provided that CLKAB was HIGH before LEAB went LOW.

were established, provided that CLKAB was HIGH before LEAB went LOW.

Note 4: Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established.

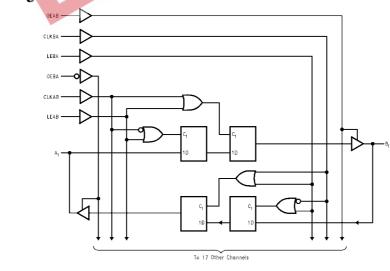
# **Functional Description**

For A-to-B data flow, the LCX16501 operates in the transparent mode when LEAB is HIGH. When LEAB is LOW, the A data is latched if CLKAB is held at a high or low logic level. If LEAB is LOW, the A bus data is stored in the latch/flip-flop on the LOW-to-HIGH transition of CLKAB. When

OEAB is HIGH, the outputs are active. When OEAB is LOW, the outputs are in the high impedance state.

Data flow for B to A is similar to that of A to B but uses OEBA, LEBA, and CLKBA. The output enables are complementary (OEAB is active HIGH and OEBA is active LOW).

### **Logic Diagram**



#### Absolute Maximum Ratings(Note 5) Units Symbol Parameter Value Conditions -0.5 to +7.0 ٧ Supply Voltage $V_{CC}$ DC Input Voltage ٧ -0.5 to +7.0 Output in 3-STATE DC Output Voltage -0.5 to +7.0 Output in HIGH or LOW State (Note 6) -0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$ -50 DC Input Diode Current mΑ $V_I < GND$ $I_{\mathsf{IK}}$ V<sub>O</sub> < GND DC Output Diode Current -50 lok mΑ +50 $V_O > V_{CC}$ DC Output Source/Sink Current ±50 mΑ $I_O$ Icc DC Supply Current per Supply Pin ±100 mΑ DC Ground Current per Ground Pin ±100 $I_{GND}$ mΑ Storage Temperature -65 to +150 °C

### **Recommended Operating Conditions** (Note 7)

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Max	Units
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Voltage	Operating	2.0	3.6	V
		Data Retention	1.5	3.6	V
V <sub>I</sub>	Input Voltage	12 72	0	5.5	V
Vo	Output Voltage	HIGH or LOW State	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		3-STATE	0	5.5	v
I <sub>OH</sub> /I <sub>OL</sub>	Output Current	$V_{CC} = 3.0V - 3.6V$		±24	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0V - 3.6V$ $V_{CC} = 2.7V - 3.0V$		±12	mA
		$V_{CC} = 2.3V - 2.7V$		±8	
T <sub>A</sub>	Free-Air Operating Temperature		-40	85	°C
Δt/ΔV	Input Edge Rate, V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.8V–2.0V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V		0	10	ns/V

Note 5: The Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. The device should not be operated at these limits. The parametric values defined in the Electrical Characteristics tables are not guaranteed at the Absolute Maximum Ratings. The "Recommended Operating Conditions" table will define the conditions for actual device operation.

Note 6: I<sub>O</sub> Absolute Maximum Rating must be observed.

Note 7: Unused (inputs or I/Os) must be held HIGH or LOW. They may not float.

### **DC Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter Conditions	Conditions	v <sub>cc</sub>	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$		Units
Symbol		Conditions	(V)	Min	Max	Oilles
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH Level Input Voltage		2.3 – 2.7	1.7		V
			2.7 – 3.6	2.0		•
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW Level Input Voltage		2.3 – 2.7		0.7	V
			2.7 – 3.6		0.8	V
$V_{OH}$	HIGH Level Output Voltage	$I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$	2.3 – 3.6	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2		
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -8 mA	2.3	1.8		
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA	2.7	2.2		V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -18 mA	3.0	2.4		
		$I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}$	3.0	2.2		
$V_{OL}$	LOW Level Output Voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	2.3 – 3.6		0.2	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA	2.3		0.6	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	2.7		0.4	V
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA	3.0		0.4	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA	3.0		0.55	
I <sub>I</sub>	Input Leakage Current	0 ≤ V <sub>I</sub> ≤ 5.5V	2.3 – 3.6		±5.0	μΑ
I <sub>OZ</sub>	3-STATE I/O Leakage	0 ≤ V <sub>O</sub> ≤ 5.5V	2.3 – 3.6		±5.0	μА
		$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				μΛ
I <sub>OFF</sub>	Power-Off Leakage Current	$V_1$ or $V_0 = 5.5V$	0		10	μΑ
	•	•	•			

# DC Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°	C to +85°C	Units
Oymboi	r arameter	Conditions	(V)	Min	Max	Onito
I <sub>cc</sub>	Quiescent Supply Current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	2.3 – 3.6		20	μА
		3.6V ≤ V <sub>I</sub> , V <sub>O</sub> ≤ 5.5V (Note 8)	2.3 – 3.6		±20	μΛ
$\Delta I_{CC}$	Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> per Input	$V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.6V$	2.3-3.6		500	μΑ

Note 8: Outputs disabled or 3-STATE only.

# **AC Electrical Characteristics**

		$T_A = -40$ °C to $+85$ °C, $R_L = 500\Omega$						
Symbol	Parameter	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3	V ± 0.3V V <sub>0</sub>		= 2.7V	$V_{CC}=\textbf{2.5V}\pm\textbf{0.2V}$		Heite
Symbol	Farameter	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF		C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF		C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF		Units
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum Clock Frequency	170						MHz
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay	1.5	6.0	1.5	7.0	1.5	7.2	ns
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Bus to Bus	1.5	6.0	1.5	7.0	1.5	7.2	115
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay	1.5	6.7	1.5	8.0	1.5	8.4	ns
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Clock to Bus	1.5	6.7	1.5	8.0	1.5	8.4	115
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay	1.5	7.0	1.5	8.0	1.5	8.4	ns
t <sub>PLH</sub>	LE to Bus	1.5	7.0	1.5	8.0	1.5	8.4	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>	Output Enable Time	1.5	7.2	1.5	8.2	1.5	9.4	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub>		1.5	7.2	1.5	8.2	1.5	9.4	115
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	Output Disable Time	1.5	7.0	1.5	8.0	1.5	8.4	
t <sub>PHZ</sub>		1.5	7.0	1.5	8.0	1.5	8.4	ns
t <sub>S</sub>	Setup Time	2.5		2.5		3.0		ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Hold Time	1.5		1.5		2.0		ns
t <sub>W</sub>	Pulse Width	3.0		3.0		3.5		ns
toshl	Output to Output Skew		1.0					ns
t <sub>OSLH</sub>	(Note 9)		1.0					115

Note 9: Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH-to-LOW (toSHL), or LOW-to-HIGH (toSLH).

# **Dynamic Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	Units
V <sub>OLP</sub>	Quiet Output Dynamic Peak V <sub>OL</sub>	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{V}$	3.3	0.8	V
		$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, V_{IH} = 2.5 \text{V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{V}$	2.5	0.6	V
V <sub>OLV</sub>	Quiet Output Dynamic Valley V <sub>OL</sub>	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{V}$	3.3	-0.8	V
		$C_L = 30 \text{ pF, } V_{IH} = 2.5 \text{V, } V_{IL} = 0 \text{V}$	2.5	-0.6	V

# Capacitance

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typical	Units
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	$V_{CC} = Open, V_I = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}$	7	pF
C <sub>I/O</sub>	Input/Output Capacitance	$V_{CC} = 3.3V$ , $V_I = 0V$ or $V_{CC}$	8	pF
C <sub>PD</sub>	Power Dissipation Capacitance	$V_{CC} = 3.3V, V_{I} = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}, f = 10 \text{ MHz}$	20	pF

### AC LOADING and WAVEFORMS Generic for LCX Family

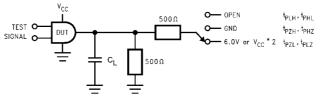
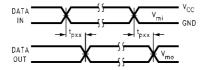


FIGURE 1. AC Test Circuit ( $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance)

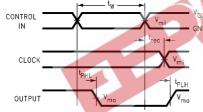
Test	Switch
t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	Open
$t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ}$	6V at $V_{CC} = 3.3 \pm 0.3V$ $V_{CC} \times 2$ at $V_{CC} = 2.5 \pm 0.2V$
$t_{PZH}, t_{PHZ}$	GND



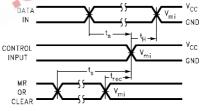
Waveform for Inverting and Non-Inverting Functions



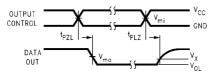
3-STATE Output High Enable and Disable Times for Logic



Propagation Delay. Pulse Width and t<sub>rec</sub> Waveforms



Setup Time, Hold Time and Recovery Time for Logic



3-STATE Output Low Enable and Disable Times for Logic

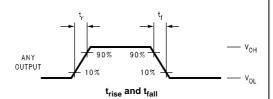
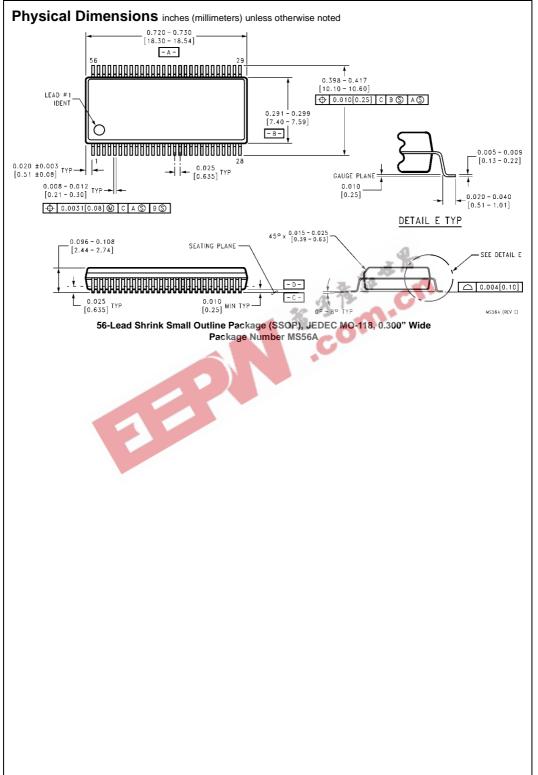
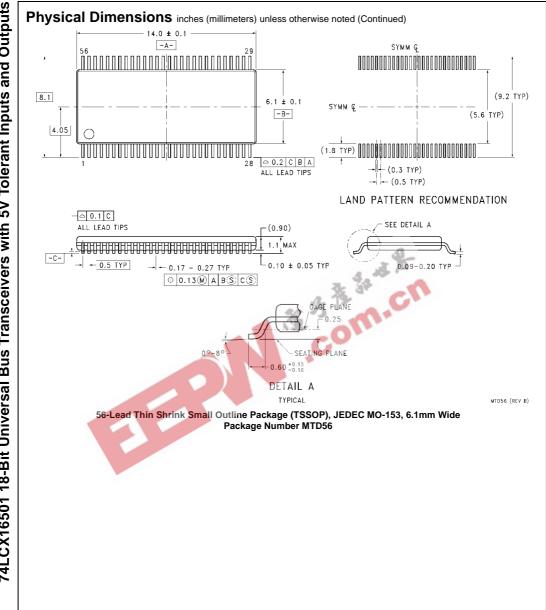


FIGURE 2. Waveforms (Input Characteristics; f =1MHz,  $t_R = t_F = 3ns$ )

Symbol	V <sub>CC</sub>				
Cymbo.	$3.3V \pm 0.3V$	2.7V	2.5V ± 0.2V		
V <sub>mi</sub>	1.5V	1.5V	V <sub>CC</sub> /2		
$V_{mo}$	1.5V	1.5V	V <sub>CC</sub> /2		
V <sub>x</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15V		
V <sub>y</sub>	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.3V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.3V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.15V		





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