

## 74VCXH16373 Low Voltage 16-Bit Transparent Latch with Bushold

### General Description

The VCXH16373 contains sixteen non-inverting latches with 3-STATE outputs and is intended for bus oriented applications. The device is byte controlled. The flip-flops appear to be transparent to the data when the Latch enable (LE) is HIGH. When LE is LOW, the data that meets the setup time is latched. Data appears on the bus when the Output Enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) is LOW. When  $\overline{OE}$  is HIGH, the outputs are in a high impedance state.

The VCXH16373 data inputs include active bushold circuitry, eliminating the need for external pull-up resistors to hold unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level.

The 74VCXH16373 is designed for low voltage (1.65V to 3.6V)  $V_{CC}$  applications with output compatibility up to 3.6V.

The 74VCXH16373 is fabricated with an advanced CMOS technology to achieve high speed operation while maintaining low CMOS power dissipation.

### Features

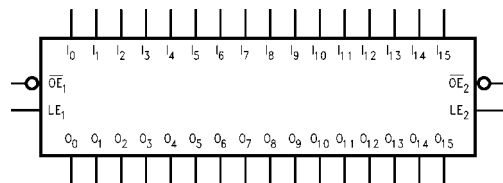
- 1.65V–3.6V  $V_{CC}$  supply operation
- 3.6V tolerant control inputs and outputs
- Bushold on data inputs eliminates the need for external pull-up/pull-down resistors
- $t_{PD}$  ( $I_n$  to  $O_n$ )
  - 3.0 ns max for 3.0V to 3.6V  $V_{CC}$
  - 3.4 ns max for 2.3V to 2.7V  $V_{CC}$
  - 6.8 ns max for 1.65V to 1.95V  $V_{CC}$
- Static Drive ( $I_{OH}/I_{OL}$ )
  - $\pm 24$  mA @ 3.0V  $V_{CC}$
  - $\pm 18$  mA @ 2.3V  $V_{CC}$
  - $\pm 6$  mA @ 1.65V  $V_{CC}$
- Uses patented noise/EMI reduction circuitry
- Latch-up performance exceeds 300 mA
- ESD performance:
  - Human body model > 2000V
  - Machine model > 200V

### Ordering Code:

Ordering Number	Package Number	Package Description
74VCXH16373MTD	MTD48	48-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 6.1mm Wide

Devices also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending suffix letter "X" to the ordering code.

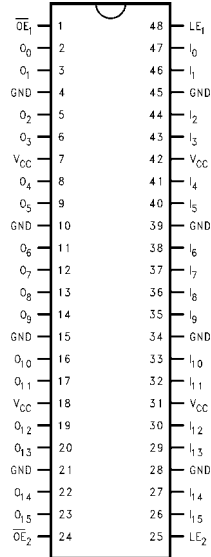
### Logic Symbol



### Pin Descriptions

Pin Names	Description
$\overline{OE}_n$	Output Enable Input (Active LOW)
$LE_n$	Latch Enable Input
$I_0$ – $I_{15}$	Bushold Inputs
$O_0$ – $O_{15}$	Outputs

### Connection Diagram



### Truth Tables

Inputs			Outputs
LE <sub>1</sub>	$\overline{OE}_1$	I <sub>0</sub> -I <sub>7</sub>	O <sub>0</sub> -O <sub>7</sub>
X	H	X	Z
H	L	L	L
H	L	H	H
L	L	X	O <sub>0</sub>

Inputs			Outputs
LE <sub>2</sub>	$\overline{OE}_2$	I <sub>8</sub> -I <sub>15</sub>	O <sub>8</sub> -O <sub>15</sub>
X	H	X	Z
H	L	L	L
H	L	H	H
L	L	X	O <sub>0</sub>

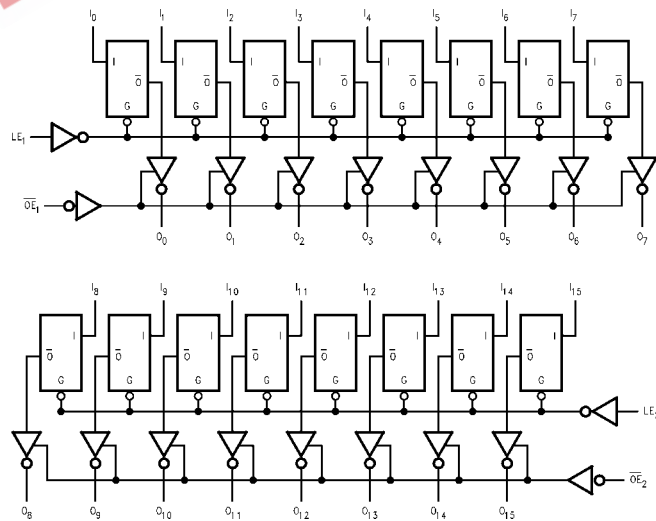
H = HIGH Voltage Level  
 L = LOW Voltage Level  
 X = Immaterial (HIGH or LOW, control inputs may not float)  
 Z = High Impedance  
 O<sub>0</sub> = Previous O<sub>n</sub> before HIGH-to-LOW of Latch Enable

### Functional Description

The 74VCXH16373 contains sixteen edge D-type latches with 3-STATE outputs. The device is byte controlled with each byte functioning identically, but independent of the other. Control pins can be shorted together to obtain full 16-bit operation. The following description applies to each byte. When the Latch Enable (LE<sub>n</sub>) input is HIGH, data on the I<sub>n</sub> enters the latches. In this condition the latches are transparent, i.e., a latch output will change state each time

its I input changes. When LE<sub>n</sub> is LOW, the latches store information that was present on the I inputs a setup time preceding the HIGH-to-LOW transition on LE<sub>n</sub>. The 3-STATE outputs are controlled by the Output Enable ( $\overline{OE}_n$ ) input. When  $\overline{OE}_n$  is LOW the standard outputs are in the 2-state mode. When  $\overline{OE}_n$  is HIGH, the standard outputs are in the high impedance mode but this does not interfere with entering new data into the latches.

### Logic Diagram



Please note that this diagram is provided only for the understanding of logic operations and should not be used to estimate propagation delays.

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)		Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 3)	
Supply Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ )	-0.5V to +4.6V	Power Supply	
DC Input Voltage ( $V_I$ )		Operating	1.65V to 3.6V
$\overline{OE}_n, LE_n$	-0.5V to 4.6V	Data Retention Only	1.2V to 3.6V
$I_0 - I_{15}$	-0.5V to $V_{CC} + 0.5V$	Input Voltage	-0.3V to $V_{CC}$
Output Voltage ( $V_O$ )		Output Voltage ( $V_O$ )	
Outputs 3-STATED	-0.5V to +4.6V	Output in Active States	0V to $V_{CC}$
Outputs Active (Note 2)	-0.5V to $V_{CC} + 0.5V$	Output in "OFF" State	0.0V to 3.6V
DC Input Diode Current ( $I_{IK}$ )		Output Current in $I_{OH}/I_{OL}$	
$V_I < 0V$	-50 mA	$V_{CC} = 3.0V$ to 3.6V	$\pm 24$ mA
DC Output Diode Current ( $I_{OK}$ )		$V_{CC} = 2.3V$ to 2.7V	$\pm 18$ mA
$V_O < 0V$	-50 mA	$V_{CC} = 1.65V$ to 2.3V	$\pm 6$ mA
$V_O > V_{CC}$	+50 mA	Free Air Operating Temperature ( $T_A$ )	-40°C to +85°C
DC Output Source/Sink Current ( $I_{OH}/I_{OL}$ )	$\pm 50$ mA	Minimum Input Edge Rate ( $\Delta t/\Delta V$ )	
DC $V_{CC}$ or GND Current per Supply Pin ( $I_{CC}$ or GND)	$\pm 100$ mA	$V_{IN} = 0.8V$ to 2.0V, $V_{CC} = 3.0V$	10 ns/V
Storage Temperature Range ( $T_{STG}$ )	-65°C to +150°C	<p><b>Note 1:</b> The Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. The device should not be operated at these limits. The parametric values defined in the Electrical Characteristics tables are not guaranteed at the Absolute Maximum Ratings. The "Recommended Operating Conditions" table will define the conditions for actual device operation.</p> <p><b>Note 2:</b> <math>I_O</math> Absolute Maximum Rating must be observed.</p> <p><b>Note 3:</b> Floating or unused inputs must be held HIGH or LOW.</p>	

### DC Electrical Characteristics (2.7V < $V_{CC}$ ≤ 3.6V)

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	$V_{CC}$ (V)	Min	Max	Units
$V_{IH}$	HIGH Level Input Voltage			2.7-3.6	2.0		V
$V_{IL}$	LOW Level Input Voltage			2.7-3.6		0.8	V
$V_{OH}$	HIGH Level Output Voltage		$I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$	2.7-3.6	$V_{CC} - 0.2$		V
			$I_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$	2.7	2.2		V
			$I_{OH} = -18 \text{ mA}$	3.0	2.4		V
			$I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}$	3.0	2.2		V
$V_{OL}$	LOW Level Output Voltage		$I_{OL} = 100 \mu A$	2.7-3.6		0.2	V
			$I_{OL} = 12 \text{ mA}$	2.7		0.4	V
			$I_{OL} = 18 \text{ mA}$	3.0		0.4	V
			$I_{OL} = 24 \text{ mA}$	3.0		0.55	V
$I_I$	Input Leakage Current	Control Pins	$0 \leq V_I \leq 3.6V$	2.7-3.6		$\pm 5.0$	$\mu A$
		Data Pins	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	2.7-3.6		$\pm 5.0$	$\mu A$
$I_{I(HOLD)}$	Bushold Input Minimum Drive Hold Current		$V_{IN} = 0.8V$	3.0	75		$\mu A$
			$V_{IN} = 2.0V$	3.0	-75		$\mu A$
$I_{I(OD)}$	Bushold Input Over-Drive Current to Change State		(Note 4)	3.6	450		$\mu A$
			(Note 5)	3.6	-450		$\mu A$
$I_{OZ}$	3-STATE Output Leakage		$0 \leq V_O \leq 3.6V$ $V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$	2.7-3.6		$\pm 10$	$\mu A$
$I_{OFF}$	Power-OFF Leakage Current		$0 \leq (V_O) \leq 3.6V$	0		10	$\mu A$
$I_{CC}$	Quiescent Supply Current		$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	2.7-3.6		20	$\mu A$
			$V_{CC} \leq (V_O) \leq 3.6V$ (Note 6)	2.7-3.6		$\pm 20$	$\mu A$
$\Delta I_{CC}$	Increase in $I_{CC}$ per Input		$V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.6V$	2.7-3.6		750	$\mu A$

**Note 4:** An external driver must source at least the specified current to switch from LOW-to-HIGH.

**Note 5:** An external driver must sink at least the specified current to switch from HIGH-to-LOW.

**Note 6:** Outputs disabled or 3-STATE only.

### DC Electrical Characteristics (2.3V ≤ V<sub>CC</sub> ≤ 2.7V)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Min	Max	Units	
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH Level Input Voltage		2.3 – 2.7	1.6		V	
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW Level Input Voltage		2.3 – 2.7		0.7	V	
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH Level Output Voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = –100 μA	2.3 – 2.7	V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.2		V	
		I <sub>OH</sub> = –6 mA	2.3	2.0		V	
		I <sub>OH</sub> = –12 mA	2.3	1.8		V	
		I <sub>OH</sub> = –18 mA	2.3	1.7		V	
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW Level Output Voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	2.3 – 2.7		0.2	V	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	2.3		0.4	V	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 18 mA	2.3		0.6	V	
I <sub>I</sub>	Input Leakage Current	Control Pins	0 ≤ V <sub>I</sub> ≤ 3.6V	2.3 – 2.7		±5.0	μA
		Data Pins	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	2.3 – 2.7		±5.0	μA
I <sub>I(HOLD)</sub>	Bushold Input Minimum	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.7V	2.3	45		μA	
	Drive Hold Current	V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.6V	2.3	–45		μA	
I <sub>I(OD)</sub>	Bushold Input Over-Drive Current to Change State	(Note 7)	2.7	300		μA	
		(Note 8)	2.7	–300		μA	
I <sub>OZ</sub>	3-STATE Output Leakage	0 ≤ V <sub>O</sub> ≤ 3.6V	2.3 – 2.7		±10	μA	
		V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>					
I <sub>OFF</sub>	Power-OFF Leakage Current	0 ≤ (V <sub>O</sub> ) ≤ 3.6V	0		10	μA	
I <sub>CC</sub>	Quiescent Supply Current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	2.3 – 2.7		20	μA	
		V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ (V <sub>O</sub> ) ≤ 3.6V (Note 9)	2.3 – 2.7		+20	μA	

**Note 7:** An external driver must source at least the specified current to switch from LOW-to-HIGH.

**Note 8:** An external driver must sink at least the specified current to switch from HIGH-to-LOW.

**Note 9:** Outputs disabled or 3-STATE only.

### DC Electrical Characteristics (1.65V ≤ V<sub>CC</sub> < 2.3V)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Min	Max	Units	
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH Level Input Voltage		1.65 – 2.3	0.65 × V <sub>CC</sub>		V	
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW Level Input Voltage		1.65 – 2.3		0.35 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH Level Output Voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = –100 μA	1.65 – 2.3	V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.2		V	
		I <sub>OH</sub> = –6 mA	1.65	1.25		V	
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW Level Output Voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	1.65 – 2.3		0.2	V	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA	1.65		0.3	V	
I <sub>I</sub>	Input Leakage Current	Control Pins	0 ≤ V <sub>I</sub> ≤ 3.6V	1.65 – 2.3		±5.0	μA
		Data Pins	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	1.65 – 2.3		±5.0	μA
I <sub>I(HOLD)</sub>	Bushold Input Minimum Drive Hold Current	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.57V	1.65	25		μA	
		V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.07V	1.65	–25		μA	
I <sub>I(OD)</sub>	Bushold Input Over-Drive Current to Change State	(Note 10)	1.95	200		μA	
		(Note 11)	1.95	–200		μA	
I <sub>OZ</sub>	3-STATE Output Leakage	0 ≤ V <sub>O</sub> ≤ 3.6V	1.65 – 2.3		±10	μA	
		V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>					
I <sub>OFF</sub>	Power-OFF Leakage Current	0 ≤ (V <sub>O</sub> ) ≤ 3.6V	0		10	μA	
I <sub>CC</sub>	Quiescent Supply Current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	1.65 – 2.3		20	μA	
		V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ (V <sub>O</sub> ) ≤ 3.6V (Note 12)	1.65 – 2.3		±20	μA	

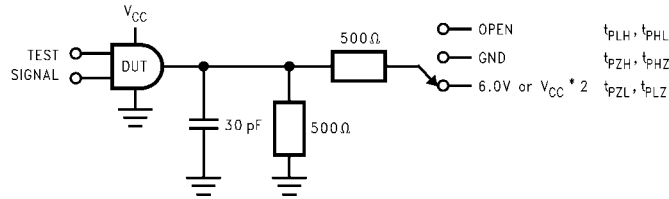
**Note 10:** An external driver must source at least the specified current to switch from LOW-to-HIGH.

**Note 11:** An external driver must sink at least the specified current to switch from HIGH-to-LOW.

**Note 12:** Outputs disabled or 3-STATE only.

AC Electrical Characteristics (Note 13)								
Symbol	Parameter	$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to } +85^\circ\text{C}, C_L = 30\text{ pF}, R_L = 500\Omega$						Units
		$V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 0.3V$		$V_{CC} = 2.5V \pm 0.2V$		$V_{CC} = 1.8V \pm 0.15V$		
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{PHL}, t_{PLH}$	Prop Delay $I_n$ to $O_n$	0.8	3.0	1.0	3.4	1.5	6.8	ns
$t_{PHL}, t_{PLH}$	Prop Delay LE to $O_n$	0.8	3.0	1.0	3.9	1.5	7.8	ns
$t_{PZL}, t_{PZH}$	Output Enable Time	0.8	3.5	1.0	4.6	1.5	9.2	ns
$t_{PLZ}, t_{PHZ}$	Output Disable Time	0.8	3.5	1.0	3.8	1.5	6.8	ns
$t_S$	Setup Time	1.5		1.5		2.5		ns
$t_H$	Hold Time	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
$t_W$	Pulse Width	1.5		1.5		4.0		ns
$t_{OSHL}$ $t_{OSLH}$	Output to Output Skew (Note 14)		0.5		0.5		0.75	ns
<p><b>Note 13:</b> For <math>C_L = 50\text{ pF}</math>, add approximately 300 ps to the AC maximum specification.</p> <p><b>Note 14:</b> Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH-to-LOW (<math>t_{OSHL}</math>) or LOW-to-HIGH (<math>t_{OSLH}</math>).</p>								
Dynamic Switching Characteristics								
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC}$ (V)	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$		Units		
				Typical				
$V_{OLP}$	Quiet Output Dynamic Peak $V_{OL}$	$C_L = 30\text{ pF}, V_{IH} = V_{CC}, V_{IL} = 0V$	1.8 2.5 3.3	0.25 0.6 0.8		V		
$V_{OLV}$	Quiet Output Dynamic Valley $V_{OL}$	$C_L = 30\text{ pF}, V_{IH} = V_{CC}, V_{IL} = 0V$	1.8 2.5 3.3	-0.25 -0.6 -0.8		V		
$V_{OHV}$	Quiet Output Dynamic Valley $V_{OH}$	$C_L = 30\text{ pF}, V_{IH} = V_{CC}, V_{IL} = 0V$	1.8 2.5 3.3	1.5 1.9 2.2		V		
Capacitance								
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$		Units			
			Typical					
$C_{IN}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{CC} = 1.8V, 2.5V$ or $3.3V, V_I = 0V$ or $V_{CC}$	6		pF			
$C_{OUT}$	Output Capacitance	$V_I = 0V$ or $V_{CC}, V_{CC} = 1.8V, 2.5V$ or $3.3V$	7		pF			
$C_{PD}$	Power Dissipation Capacitance	$V_I = 0V$ or $V_{CC}, f = 10\text{ MHz}, V_{CC} = 1.8V, 2.5V$ or $3.3V$	20		pF			

AC Loading and Waveforms



TEST	SWITCH
$t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}$	Open
$t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ}$	6V at $V_{CC} = 3.3 \pm 0.3V$ ; $V_{CC} \times 2$ at $V_{CC} = 2.5 \pm 0.2V$ ; $1.8V \pm 0.15V$
$t_{PZH}, t_{PHZ}$	GND

FIGURE 1. AC Test Circuit

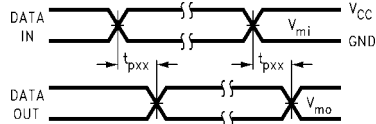


FIGURE 2. Waveform for Inverting and Non-Inverting Functions

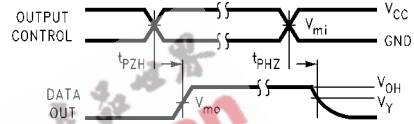


FIGURE 3. 3-STATE Output HIGH Enable and Disable Times for Low Voltage Logic

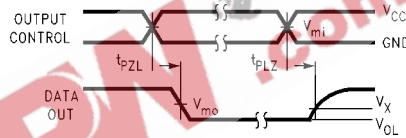


FIGURE 4. 3-STATE Output LOW Enable and Disable Times for Low Voltage Logic

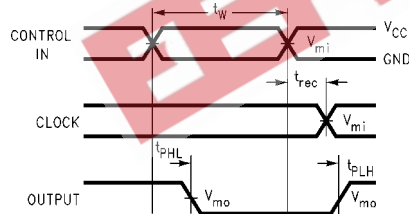


FIGURE 5. Propagation Delay, Pulse Width and  $t_{REC}$  Waveforms

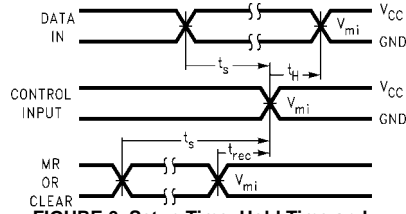
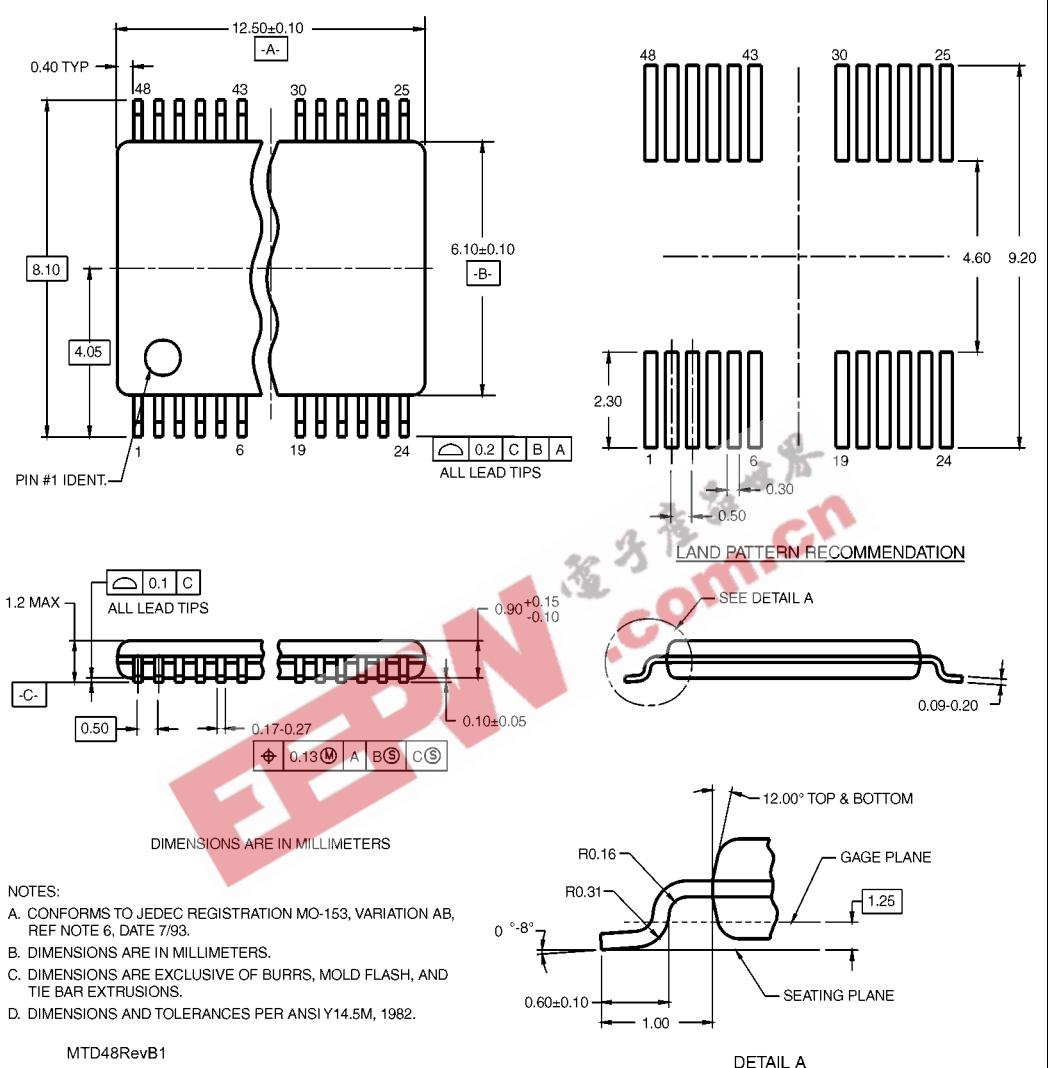


FIGURE 6. Setup Time, Hold Time and Recovery Time for Low Voltage Logic

Symbol	$V_{CC}$		
	$3.3V \pm 0.3V$	$2.5V \pm 0.2V$	$1.8V \pm 0.15V$
$V_{mi}$	1.5V	$V_{CC}/2$	$V_{CC}/2$
$V_{mo}$	1.5V	$V_{CC}/2$	$V_{CC}/2$
$V_X$	$V_{OL} + 0.3V$	$V_{OL} + 0.15V$	$V_{OL} + 0.15V$
$V_Y$	$V_{OH} - 0.3V$	$V_{OH} - 0.15V$	$V_{OH} - 0.15V$

**Physical Dimensions** inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



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