Low-Voltage CMOS Octal Transceiver

With 5V-Tolerant Inputs and Outputs (3-State, Non-Inverting)

The MC74LCX245 is a high performance, non–inverting octal transceiver operating from a 2.7 to 3.6V supply. High impedance TTL compatible inputs significantly reduce current loading to input drivers while TTL compatible outputs offer improved switching noise performance. A V $_{\rm I}$ specification of 5.5V allows MC74LCX245 inputs to be safely driven from 5V devices. The MC74LCX245 is suitable for memory address driving and all TTL level bus oriented transceiver applications.

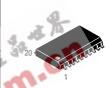
Current drive capability is 24mA at both A and B ports. The Transmit/Receive (T/R) input determines the direction of data flow through the bi-directional transceiver. Transmit (active-HIGH) enables data from A ports to B ports; Receive (active-LOW) enables data from B to A ports. The Output Enable input, when HIGH, disables both A and B ports by placing them in a HIGH Z condition.

- Designed for 2.7 to 3.6V V_{CC} Operation
- 5V Tolerant Interface Capability With 5V TTL Logic
- · Supports Live Insertion and Withdrawal
- IOFF Specification Guarantees High Impedance When VCC = 0V
- LVTTL Compatible
- LVCMOS Compatible
- 24mA Balanced Output Sink and Source Capability
- Near Zero Static Supply Current in All Three Logic States (10μA) Substantially Reduces System Power Requirements
- Latchup Performance Exceeds 500mA
- ESD Performance: Human Body Model >2000V; Machine Model >200V

MC74LCX245



LOW-VOLTAGE CMOS OCTAL TRANSCEIVER



DW SUFFIXPLASTIC SOIC
CASE 751D-04



M SUFFIX
PLASTIC SOIC EIAJ
CASE 967-01

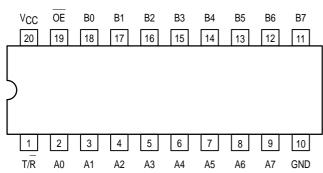


SD SUFFIX PLASTIC SSOP CASE 940C-03



DT SUFFIX PLASTIC TSSOP CASE 948E-02

Pinout: 20-Lead (Top View)

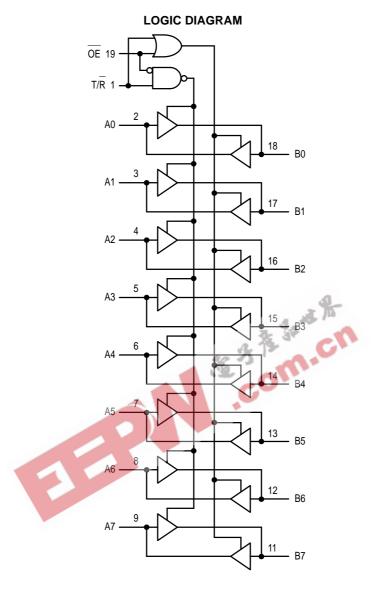


PIN NAMES

| Pins | Function |
|--------------------|--|
| OE T/R A0–A7 | Output Enable Input Transmit/Receive Input Side A 3–State Inputs or 3–State Outputs |
| B0-B7 | Side B 3–State Inputs or 3–State Outputs |

9/95

REV 3



| INP | UTS | OPERATING MODE |
|-----|-----|-----------------|
| OE | T/R | Non-Inverting |
| L | L | B Data to A Bus |
| L | Н | A Data to B Bus |
| Н | Х | Z |

H = High Voltage Level; L = Low Voltage Level; Z = High Impedance State; X = High or Low Voltage Level and Transitions are Acceptable; For I_{CC} reasons, Do Not Float Inputs

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Condition | Unit |
|--------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|------|
| VCC | DC Supply Voltage | -0.5 to +7.0 | | V |
| VI | DC Input Voltage | -0.5 ≤ V _I ≤ +7.0 | | V |
| VO | DC Output Voltage | $-0.5 \le V_{O} \le +7.0$ | Output in 3–State | V |
| | | $-0.5 \le V_{O} \le V_{CC} + 0.5$ | Note 1. | V |
| lık | DC Input Diode Current | -50 | V _I < GND | mA |
| loк | DC Output Diode Current | -50 | V _O < GND | mA |
| | | +50 | VO > VCC | mA |
| lo | DC Output Source/Sink Current | ±50 | | mA |
| Icc | DC Supply Current Per Supply Pin | ±100 | | mA |
| IGND | DC Ground Current Per Ground Pin | ±100 | | mA |
| TSTG | Storage Temperature Range | -65 to +150 | | °C |

^{*} Absolute maximum continuous ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Exposure to these conditions or conditions beyond those indicated may adversely affect device reliability. Functional operation under absolute—maximum—rated conditions is not implied.

1. Output in HIGH or LOW State. Io absolute maximum rating must be observed.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Symbol | Parameter | 36 3 | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|--------|---|-------------------------------|------------|------------|------------------------|------|
| VCC | Supply Voltage | Operating ata Retention Only | 2.0 1.5 | 3.3 3.3 | 3.6 3.6 | V |
| VI | Input Voltage | | 0 | | 5.5 | V |
| Vo | Output Voltage (HIC | GH or LOW State) (3–State) | 0 0 | | V _{CC} 5.5 | V |
| IOH | HIGH Level Output Current, $V_{CC} = 3.0V - 3.0V$ | 6V | | | -24 | mA |
| loL | LOW Level Output Current, V _{CC} = 3.0V - 3.0 | 6V | | | 24 | mA |
| IOH | HIGH Level Output Current, V _{CC} = 2.7V – 3. | .0V | | | -12 | mA |
| loL | LOW Level Output Current, V _{CC} = 2.7V - 3.0 | 0V | | | 12 | mA |
| TA | Operating Free–Air Temperature | | -40 | | +85 | °C |
| Δt/ΔV | Input Transition Rise or Fall Rate, V _{IN} from 0 V _{CC} = 3.0V | 0.8V to 2.0V, | 0 | | 10 | ns/V |

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| | | | T _A = -40°C | T _A = -40°C to +85°C | |
|--------|------------------------------------|--|------------------------|---------------------------------|------|
| Symbol | Characteristic | Condition | Min | Max | Unit |
| VIH | HIGH Level Input Voltage (Note 2.) | 2.7V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 3.6V | 2.0 | | V |
| VIL | LOW Level Input Voltage (Note 2.) | 2.7V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 3.6V | | 0.8 | V |
| VOH | HIGH Level Output Voltage | $2.7V \le V_{CC} \le 3.6V; I_{OH} = -100\mu A$ | V _{CC} - 0.2 | | V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.7V; I_{OH} = -12mA$ | 2.2 | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 3.0V; I_{OH} = -18mA$ | 2.4 | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 3.0V; I_{OH} = -24mA$ | 2.2 | | |
| VOL | LOW Level Output Voltage | $2.7V \le V_{CC} \le 3.6V$; $I_{OL} = 100\mu A$ | | 0.2 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.7V; I _{OL} = 12mA | | 0.4 | |
| | | V _{CC} = 3.0V; I _{OL} = 16mA | | 0.4 | |
| | | V _{CC} = 3.0V; I _{OL} = 24mA | | 0.55 | |

^{2.} These values of V_I are used to test DC electrical characteristics only.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

| | | | $T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$ | | |
|--------|---------------------------------------|--|---|------|------|
| Symbol | Characteristic | Condition | Min | Max | Unit |
| II | Input Leakage Current | $2.7V \le V_{CC} \le 3.6V; \ 0V \le V_{I} \le 5.5V$ | | ±5.0 | μΑ |
| loz | 3–State Output Current | $2.7 \le V_{CC} \le 3.6V$; $0V \le V_{O} \le 5.5V$; $V_{I} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} | | ±5.0 | μΑ |
| lOFF | Power-Off Leakage Current | $V_{CC} = 0V$; V_I or $V_O = 5.5V$ | | 10 | μΑ |
| Icc | Quiescent Supply Current | $2.7 \le V_{CC} \le 3.6V$; $V_I = GND$ or V_{CC} | | 10 | μΑ |
| | | $2.7 \le V_{CC} \le 3.6V$; $3.6 \le V_I$ or $V_O \le 5.5V$ | | ±10 | μΑ |
| ∆lcc | Increase in I _{CC} per Input | $2.7 \le V_{CC} \le 3.6V; V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.6V$ | | 500 | μΑ |

AC CHARACTERISTICS ($t_R = t_F = 2.5 \text{ns}$; $C_L = 50 pF$; $R_L = 500 \Omega$)

| | | | a | Limits | | |
|--|--|----------|-----------------------|--------------|------------------------|------|
| | | | 4 A T | √ = -40°C to | +85°C | |
| | | . 3 | V _{CC} = 3.0 | OV to 3.6V | V _{CC} = 2.7V | |
| Symbol | Parameter | Waveform | Min | Max | Max | Unit |
| tPLH tPHL | Propagation Delay Input to Output | 4ª CC | 1.5 1.5 | 7.0 7.0 | 8.0 8.0 | ns |
| ^t PZH ^t PZL | Output Enable Time to High and Low Level | 2 | 1.5 1.5 | 8.5 8.5 | 9.5 9.5 | ns |
| ^t PHZ ^t PLZ | Output Disable Time From High and Low Level | 2 | 1.5 1.5 | 7.5 7.5 | 8.5 8.5 | ns |
| ^t OSHL ^t OSLH | Output-to-Output Skew (Note 3.) | | | 1.0 1.0 | | ns |

^{3.} Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH-to-LOW (toshL) or LOW-to-HIGH (tosh); parameter guaranteed by design.

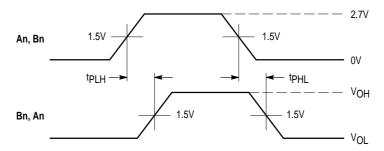
DYNAMIC SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

| | | | T _A = +25°C | | | |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------|-----|-----|------|
| Symbol | Characteristic | Condition | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
| VOLP | Dynamic LOW Peak Voltage (Note 4.) | $V_{CC} = 3.3V$, $C_L = 50pF$, $V_{IH} = 3.3V$, $V_{IL} = 0V$ | | 0.8 | | V |
| V _{OLV} | Dynamic LOW Valley Voltage (Note 4.) | $V_{CC} = 3.3V$, $C_L = 50pF$, $V_{IH} = 3.3V$, $V_{IL} = 0V$ | | 0.8 | | V |

^{4.} Number of outputs defined as "n". Measured with "n-1" outputs switching from HIGH-to-LOW or LOW-to-HIGH. The remaining output is measured in the LOW state.

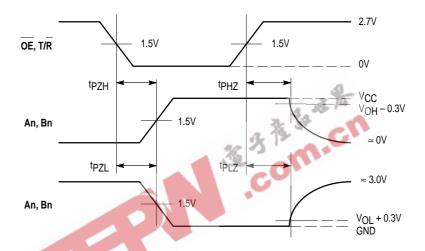
CAPACITIVE CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | Typical | Unit |
|------------------|-------------------------------|---|---------|------|
| C _{IN} | Input Capacitance | $V_{CC} = 3.3V$, $V_I = 0V$ or V_{CC} | 7 | pF |
| C _{I/O} | Input/Output Capacitance | $V_{CC} = 3.3V$, $V_I = 0V$ or V_{CC} | 8 | pF |
| C _{PD} | Power Dissipation Capacitance | 10MHz, $V_{CC} = 3.3V$, $V_I = 0V$ or V_{CC} | 25 | pF |



WAVEFORM 1 - PROPAGATION DELAYS

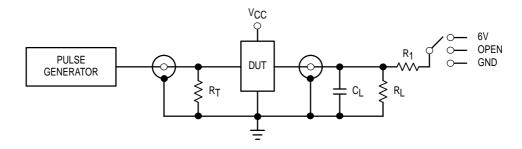
 $t_R = t_F = 2.5 ns$, 10% to 90%; f = 1 MHz; $t_W = 500 ns$



WAVEFORM 2 - OUTPUT ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES

 $t_R = t_F = 2.5$ ns, 10% to 90%; f = 1MHz; $t_W = 500$ ns

Figure 1. AC Waveforms



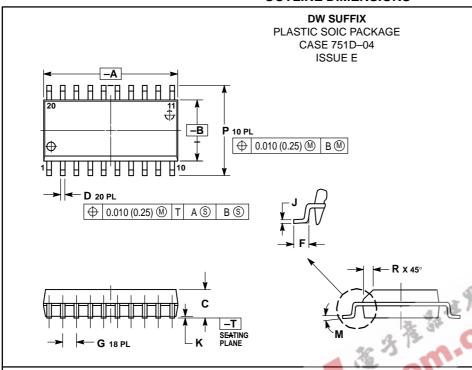
| TEST | SWITCH |
|-------------------------------------|--------|
| tpLH, tpHL | Open |
| t _{PZL} , t _{PLZ} | 6V |
| Open Collector/Drain tpLH and tpHL | 6V |
| t _{PZH} , t _{PHZ} | GND |

 C_L = 50pF or equivalent (Includes jig and probe capacitance) R_L = R_1 = 500 Ω or equivalent R_T = Z_{OUT} of pulse generator (typically 50 Ω)

Figure 2. Test Circuit

5

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

- (OTES:

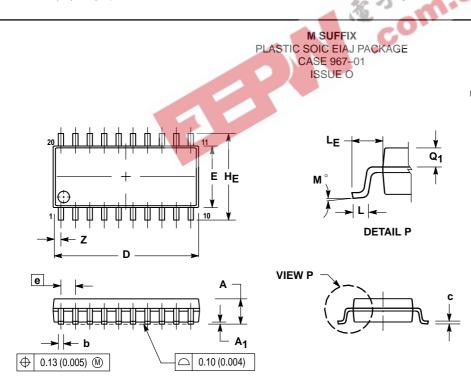
 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.

 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.

 3. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.

 4. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.150
- 4. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.150
 (0.006) PER SIDE.
 5. DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE
 DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE
 DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.13
 (0.005) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF D DIMENSION
 AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.

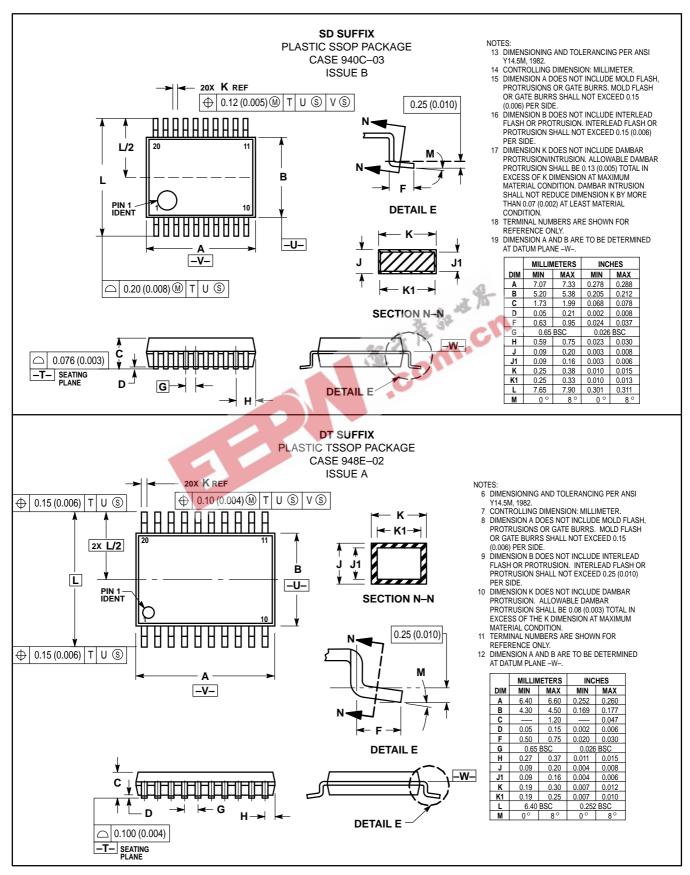
| | MILLIMETERS | | INC | HES |
|-----|-------------|-------|-------|-------|
| DIM | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |
| Α | 12.65 | 12.95 | 0.499 | 0.510 |
| В | 7.40 | 7.60 | 0.292 | 0.299 |
| С | 2.35 | 2.65 | 0.093 | 0.104 |
| D | 0.35 | 0.49 | 0.014 | 0.019 |
| F | 0.50 | 0.90 | 0.020 | 0.035 |
| G | 1.27 | BSC | 0.050 | BSC |
| J | 0.25 | 0.32 | 0.010 | 0.012 |
| K | 0.10 | 0.25 | 0.004 | 0.009 |
| M | 0° | 7° | 0° | 7° |
| P | 10.05 | 10.55 | 0.395 | 0.415 |
| R | 0.25 | 0.75 | 0.010 | 0.029 |



- 1 DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI
- 714.5M, 1982.
 2 CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
 3 DIMENSIONS D AND E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD
- FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS AND ARE MEASURED AT THE PARTING LINE. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.
 TERMINAL NUMBERS ARE SHOWN FOR
- TERMINAL NUMBERS ARE SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY.
 THE LEAD WIDTH DIMENSION (b) DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.08 (0.003) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE LEAD WIDTH DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION. DAMBAR CANNOT BE LOCATED ON THE LOWER RADIUS OR THE FOOT. MINIMUM SPACE BETWEEN PROTRUSIONS AND ADJACENT LEAD TO BE 0.46 (0.018).

| | MILLIN | IETERS | INC | HES | |
|----------------|--------|--------|-----------|-------|--|
| DIM | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | |
| Α | | 2.05 | | 0.081 | |
| A ₁ | 0.05 | 0.20 | 0.002 | 0.008 | |
| b | 0.35 | 0.50 | 0.014 | 0.020 | |
| С | 0.18 | 0.27 | 0.007 | 0.011 | |
| D | 12.35 | 12.80 | 0.486 | 0.504 | |
| Е | 5.10 | 5.45 | 0.201 | 0.215 | |
| е | 1.27 | BSC | 0.050 BSC | | |
| HE | 7.40 | 8.20 | 0.291 | 0.323 | |
| L | 0.50 | 0.85 | 0.020 | 0.033 | |
| LE | 1.10 | 1.50 | 0.043 | 0.059 | |
| M | 0 ° | 10 ° | 0 ° | 10 ° | |
| Q_1 | 0.70 | 0.90 | 0.028 | 0.035 | |
| Z | | 0.81 | | 0.032 | |

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



7



Motorola reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. Motorola makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does Motorola assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in Motorola data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. Motorola does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. Motorola products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the Motorola product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use Motorola products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold Motorola and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that Motorola was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part. Motorola and in a re registered trademarks of Motorola, Inc. Motorola, Inc. is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer.

How to reach us:

USA/EUROPE/Locations Not Listed: Motorola Literature Distribution; P.O. Box 5405; Denver, Colorado 80217. 1–800–441–2447

MFAX: RMFAX0@email.sps.mot.com – TOUCHTONE 602–244–6609 INTERNET: http://Design-NET.com

JAPAN: Nippon Motorola Ltd.; Tatsumi–SPD–JLDC, 6F Seibu–Butsuryu–Center, 3–14–2 Tatsumi Koto–Ku, Tokyo 135, Japan. 81–3–3521–8315

ASIA/PACIFIC: Motorola Semiconductors H.K. Ltd.; 8B Tai Ping Industrial Park, 51 Ting Kok Road, Tai Po, N.T., Hong Kong. 852–26629298



MC74LCX245/D