

# ADC-574Z, -674Z 12-Bit, μP-Compatible A/D Converter with S/H

## PRODUCT DATA

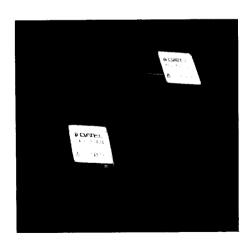
#### **FEATURES**

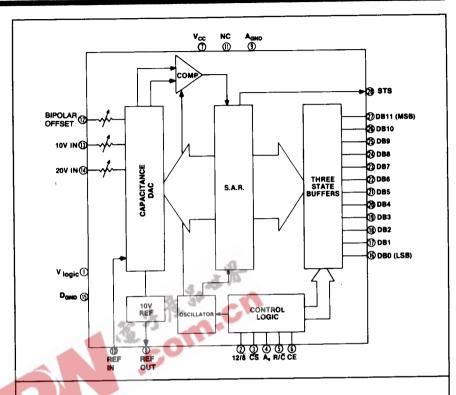
- Complete 12-Bit A/D converters with sample-hold, reference, and clock
- Pin-to-pin compatible with industry standard HI574A/674A
- No missing codes over temperature
- 15 μSec. Conversion time (ADC-674Z)
- 150 mW maximum power dissipation

## **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

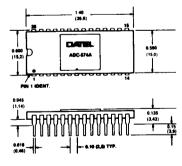
DATEL's ADC-574Z/674Z family of A/D converters are single chip monolithic CMOS versions of the industry standard devices. The sample-hold feature of this device allows conversion of input frequencies of up to 5 KHz without requiring an external circuit.

These units include a reference, clock, three-state outputs, and digital interface circuit which allows direct connection to the microprocessor address bus and control lines. The ADC-574Z completes a 12-bit conversion in microseconds, while the ADC-674Z converts in 15 microseconds. Four user selectable input ranges are provided: 0 to +10V, 0 to +20V, ±5V, and ±10V dc. Laser trimming ensures specified linearity, gain, and offset accuracy.





## MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS INCHES (MM)



#### INPUT/OUTPUT CONNECTIONS

PIN	FUNCTION		PUNCTION
$\Box$	V <sub>logic</sub> , +5V	15	D <sub>GND</sub>
2	12/6, DATA MODE SELECT	16	DB0 (LSB)
3	CS, CHIP SELECT	17	DB1
4	A. BYTE ADDRESS/SHORT CYCLE	18	D82
5	RVČ, READ/CONVERT	19	DB3
6	CE, CHIP ENABLE	20	DB4
7	V <sub>cc</sub>	21	DB6
8	REFERENCE OUT	22	D86
9	Agno	23	D67
10	REFERENCE IN	24	DBS
111	NC	25	DB9
12	BIPOLAR OFFSET	26	DB10
13	10V IN	27	DB11 (MSB)
14	20V IN	28	STS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	
Analog Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> to D <sub>GND</sub> )	0 to +16.5 0V to +7V
Analog Common (Pin 9) to Digital Common (Pin 15)	±1V
Analog Inputs (Pins 10, 12, 13) to Analog Common	±16.5V +24V
20V Input (Pin 14) to Analog Common	Indefinite to common momentary to V <sub>S</sub>
Package Dissipation Lead Temperature, soldering	1000 mW 300°C. 10 Sec.
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	48°C/W

## FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS

ANALOG INPUTS						
Input Voltage Range, unipolar		0	to +10V	/, 0 to +20\	/	
bipolar		±5V	, ±10V ±25%			
nput Impedance, 10V range			5 KΩ	±25% 2 ±25%		
20V range			10 132	12070		
ANALOG OUTPUTS <sup>1</sup>		·	. 40.00\4	. 0.4		
Internal Reference, voltage  current			+10.00V ±0.1 max. 2.0 mA max.			
DIGITAL INPUTS <sup>2</sup>					*****	
Logic Levels: logic "1"			+2.4V min. to +5.5V max. -0.5V min. to +0.8V max.			
oading: logic current, min		3- 37		5 μ <b>Α</b>		
maxCapacitance		13 6		5μA pF		
DIGITAL OUTPUTS <sup>3</sup>	4 32	-Mi		<del>-</del>		
ogic Levels: logic "0" (I sink, 1.6 mA)		0,	+0.4	V max.		
logic "1" (Î source, 500 μA)		_		V min.		
Leakage (high Impedance state)		-5,		to +5 μA m ∍pF	ıax.	
POWER REQUIREMENTS		<del></del>				
Analog Supply Voltage Range			+11.4V	to +16.5V		
Logic Supply Voltage Range				to +5.5V		
Supply Current max., Analog Supply			+7 mA			
Logic SupplyPower Consumption (+V <sub>S</sub> = +15V), max.				imA DmW		
PHYSICAL/ENVIRONMENTAL						
Operating Temperature Range				+70°C		
Storage Temperature Range		28 pin	-65°C 1	+70°C to +150°C zed ceram	ic DIP	
Storage Temperature Range		28 pin	-65°C 1	to +150°C	ic DIP	
Storage Temperature Range		28 pin	-65℃ t side bra	to +150°C ized ceram	ic DIP	
Storage Temperature Range Package Type SAMPLE/HOLD PERFORMANCE Acquisition Time 574Z		28 pin	-65°C t side bra 2.4 ± 0	to +150°C ized ceram i.6 μSec.	ic DIP	
Storage Temperature Range Package Type  SAMPLE/HOLD PERFORMANCE  Acquisition Time 574Z  674Z		28 pin	-65℃ 1 side bra 2.4 ± 0 1.4 ± 0	to +150°C ized ceram 0.6 μSec. 0.4 μSec.	ic DIP	
Storage Temperature Range Package Type  SAMPLE/HOLD PERFORMANCE  Acquisition Time 574Z  674Z  Aperture Jitter			2.4 ± 0 1.4 ± 0	to +150°C zed ceram .6 μSec. .4 μSec. .1 Sec.		
Storage Temperature Range Package Type  SAMPLE/HOLD PERFORMANCE  Acquisition Time 574Z 674Z  Aperture Jitter  PERFORMANCE	574ZA 674ZA	574ZB 67	-65℃ 1 side bra 2.4 ± 0 1.4 ± 0	to +150°C ized ceram  1.6 μ Sec. 1.4 μ Sec. 1.5 Sec. 1.574ZC	67420	
Storage Temperature Range Package Type  SAMPLE/HOLD PERFORMANCE  Acquisition Time 574Z 674Z  Aperture Jitter  PERFORMANCE  Resolution	574ZA 674ZA 12 Bits	574ZB 67	2.4 ± 0 1.4 ± 0	10 +150°C ized ceram 1.6 μ Sec. 1.4 μ Sec. 1.5 Sec. 1.7 Sec. 1.2 Table 1.2	<b>674Z</b> C	
Storage Temperature Range Package Type  SAMPLE/HOLD PERFORMANCE  Acquisition Time 574Z 674Z  Aperture Jitter  PERFORMANCE  Resolution Jnipolar Offset, max.5	574ZA 674ZA  12 Bits ±2 LSB	574ZB 67 12 Bits +2 LSB	2.4 ± 0 1.4 ± 0 8 r	0 +150°C ized ceram  0.6 μ Sec. 0.4 μ Sec. 0.1 Sec. 0.74ZC	<b>674ZC</b> 2 Bits 2 LSB	
Storage Temperature Range Package Type  SAMPLE/HOLD PERFORMANCE  Acquisition Time 574Z 674Z  Aperture Jitter  PERFORMANCE  Resolution Jnipolar Offset, max.5 Conversion Time, max. Full Scale Calibration Error, max.5	574ZA 674ZA  12 Bits ±2 LSB 25 μSec. 15 μSec.	574ZB 67 12 Bits +2 LSB 25 μSec. 15	-65°C1 side bra  2.4 ± 0 1.4 ± 0 8 r  74ZB  μSec.	12 μSec. 12 μSec. 12 μSec. 12 μSec. 12 μSec.	674Z0 2 Bits 2 LSB 15 μSe	
Storage Temperature Range Package Type  SAMPLE/HOLD PERFORMANCE  Acquisition Time 574Z 674Z  Aperture Jitter  PERFORMANCE  Resolution  Jnipolar Offset, max.5 Conversion Time, max.  Full Scale Calibration Error, max.6 at 25°C	574ZA 674ZA  12 Bits ±2 LSB 25 μSec. 15 μSec.  0.0% of F.S.	574ZB 67 12 Bits +2 LSB 25 μSec. 15 0.3% of F.S	-65°C1 side bra  2.4 ± 0 1.4 ± 0 8 r  74ZB  μSec.	12 μSec. 12 μSec. 12 μSec. 12 μSec. 13 μSec. 14 μSec. 1574ZC 12 μSec. 12 μSec. 13 μSec.	674ZC 2 Bits 2 LSB 15 μSe to of F.S.	
Acquisition Time 574Z Aperture Jitter PERFORMANCE Resolution Jnipolar Offset, max.5 Conversion Time, max Full Scale Calibration Error, max.6 at 25°C over temp.7	574ZA 674ZA  12 Bits ±2 LSB 25 µSec. 15 µSec.  0.5% of F.S. 0.5%	574ZB 67 12 Bits +2 LSB 25 μSec. 15 0.3% of F.S 0.4%	-65°C1 side bra  2.4 ± 0 1.4 ± 0 8 r  74ZB  μSec.	10 +150°C ized ceram  1.6 μ Sec. 1.4 μ Sec. 1.5 Sec. 1.25 μSec. 1.3% 1.3% 1.3% 1.3% 1.3% 1.3% 1.3% 1.3	674Z0 2 Bits 2 LSB 15 μSe 5 of F.S. 35%	
Acquisition Time 574Z Acquisition Time 574Z Aperture Jitter PERFORMANCE Resolution Jnipolar Offset, max.5 Conversion Time, max. Full Scale Calibration Error, max.6 at 25°C over temp.7 over temp.7	574ZA 674ZA  12 Bits ±2 LSB 25 μSec. 15 μSec.  0.5% of F.S. 0.5% 0.22%	574ZB 67 12 Bits +2 LSB 25 μSec. 15 0.3% of F.S 0.4% 0.12%	-65°C1 side bra  2.4 ± 0 1.4 ± 0 8 r  74ZB  μSec.	10 +150°C ized ceram  1.6 μ Sec. 1.4 μ Sec. 1.5 Sec. 1.25 μ Sec. 0.3% 0.0	674ZC 2 Bits 2 LSB 15 μSe to of F.S. 35%	
Acquisition Time 574Z 674Z Aperture Jitter PERFORMANCE Resolution Jnipolar Offset, max.5 Conversion Time, max. Full Scale Calibration Error, max.6 at 25°C over temp.7 over temp.7 over temp.8 Linearity Error, max. (over temp)	574ZA 674ZA  12 Bits ±2 LSB 25 µSec. 15 µSec.  0.5% of F.S. 0.5%	574ZB 67 12 Bits +2 LSB 25 μSec. 15 0.3% of F.S 0.4%	-65°C1 side bra  2.4 ± 0 1.4 ± 0 8 r  74ZB  μSec.	12 μSec. 12 μSec. 12 μSec. 13 μSec. 14 μSec. 15 μSec. 12 μSec. 13 μSec. 14 μSec. 15 μSec.	674Z0 2 Bits 2 LSB 15 μSe 5 of F.S. 35%	
Storage Temperature Range Package Type  SAMPLE/HOLD PERFORMANCE  Acquisition Time 574Z 674Z  Aperture Jitter  PERFORMANCE  Resolution Unipolar Offset, max.5 Conversion Time, max. Full Scale Calibration Error, max.6 at 25°C over temp.7 over temp.8 Linearity Error, max. (over temp) Differential Linearity Error4 Bipolar Offset, max.5	574ZA 674ZA  12 Bits ±2 LSB 25 μSec. 15 μSec.  0.5% 0.5% 0.22% ±1 LSB	574ZB 67 12 Bits +2 LSB 25 μSec. 15 0.3% of FS 0.4% 0.12% ±½ LSB	-65°C1 side bra  2.4 ± 0 1.4 ± 0 8 r  74ZB  μSec.	12 μSec. 12 μSec. 12 μSec. 12 μSec. 12 μSec. 13 μSec. 14 μSec. 1574ZC 15 μSec. 16 μSec. 17 μSec. 18 μSec.	674Ζ0 2 Bits 2 LSB 15 μSe 5 of F.S. 35% 05% 2 LSB	
Storage Temperature Range Package Type  SAMPLE/HOLD PERFORMANCE  Acquisition Time 574Z 674Z  Aperture Jitter  PERFORMANCE  Resolution Unipolar Offset, max.5 Conversion Time, max. Full Scale Calibration Error, max.6 at 25°C over temp.7 over temp.7 over temp.8 Linearity Error, max. (over temp) Differential Linearity Error4 Bipolar Offset, max.5 Impact offset, max.5	12 Bits ±2 LSB 25 μSec. 15 μSec. 0.5% of F.S. 0.5% 0.22% ±1 LSB ±10 LSB	574ZB 67 12 Bits +2 LSB 25 μSec. 15 0.3% of F.S 0.4% 0.12% ±1/2 LSB ±1/2 LSB ±4 LSB	-65°C1 side bra  2.4 ± 0 1.4 ± 0 8 r  74ZB  μSec.	10 +150°C ized ceram  1.6 μ Sec. 1.4 μ Sec. 1.5 Sec. 1.2 ±2 2.5 μ Sec. 0.3% 0.0 ±1/2 ±1/2 ±1/2 ±1/2 ±1/2 ±1/2 ±1/2 ±1/2	674Z0 2 Bits 2 LSB 15 μSe 5 of F.S. 35% 05% 2 LSB 4 LSB	
Storage Temperature Range Package Type  SAMPLE/HOLD PERFORMANCE  Acquisition Time 574Z 674Z  Aperture Jitter  PERFORMANCE  Resolution Unipolar Offset, max.5 Conversion Time, max. Full Scale Calibration Error, max.6 at 25°C over temp.7 over temp.8 Linearity Error, max. (over temp) Differential Linearity Error4 Bipolar Offset, max.5 Tempco:9 Unipolar Offset.	12 Bits ±2 LSB 25 μSec. 15 μSec. 0.5% of F.S. 0.5% 0.22% ±1 LSB ±1 LSB ±10 LSB 10 ppm/°C	12 Bits +2 LSB 25 μSec. 15 0.3% of F.S 0.4% 0.12% ±½ LSB ±½ LSB ±4 LSB	-65°C1 side bra  2.4 ± 0 1.4 ± 0 8 r  74ZB  μSec.	10 +150°C ized ceram  1.6 μ Sec. 1.4 μ Sec. 1.5 574ZC  1.2 2.5 μ Sec. 0.3% 0.0 4.7 ± 1.7 ± 1.7 ± 1.7 ± 1.7 ± 1.7 ± 1.7 ± 1.7 ± 1.7 ± 1.7 ± 1.7	674ZC 2 Bits 2 LSB 15 μSe 35% 05% 2 LSB 2 LSB 4 LSB 4 LSB	
Storage Temperature Range Package Type  SAMPLE/HOLD PERFORMANCE  Acquisition Time 574Z 674Z  Aperture Jitter  PERFORMANCE  Resolution  Unipolar Offset, max.5  Conversion Time, max.  Full Scale Calibration Error, max.6     at 25°C     over temp.7     over temp.8  Linearity Error, max. (over temp)  Differential Linearity Error4  Bipolar Offset, max.5  Tempco:9  Unipolar Offset  Bipolar Offset  Bipolar Offset	12 Bits ±2 LSB 25 μSec. 15 μSec. 0.5% 0.22% ±1 LSB ±10 LSB 10 ppm/°C 10 ppm/°C	12 Bits +2 LSB 25 μSec. 15 0.3% of F.S 0.4% 0.12% ±½ LSB ±½ LSB ±4 LSB 5 ppm/°C 5 ppm/°C	-65°C1 side bra  2.4 ± 0 1.4 ± 0 8 r  74ZB  μSec.	10 +150°C ized ceram  1.6 μ Sec. 1.4 μ Sec. 1.5 μ Sec. 1.2 ±2 25 μ Sec. 0.3% 0.0 ± 1/2 ±	674ZC 2 Bits 2 LSB 15 μSe to of F.S. 35% 005% 2 LSB 4 LSB 4 LSB pm/°C pm/°C	
Aperture Jitter  PERFORMANCE  Resolution Unipolar Offset, max.5 Conversion Time, max.  Full Scale Calibration Error, max.6 at 25°C over temp.7 over temp.8 Linearity Error, max. (over temp) Differential Linearity Error4 Bipolar Offset, max.5 Tempco:9 Unipolar Offset Bipolar Offset Full Scale Calibration Power Supply Rejection:10	12 Bits ±2 LSB 25 μSec. 15 μSec. 0.5% of F.S. 0.5% 0.22% ±1 LSB ±1 LSB ±10 LSB 10 ppm/°C	12 Bits +2 LSB 25 μSec. 15 0.3% of F.S 0.4% 0.12% ±½ LSB ±½ LSB ±4 LSB	-65°C1 side bra  2.4 ± 0 1.4 ± 0 8 r  74ZB  μSec.	10 +150°C ized ceram  1.6 μ Sec. 1.4 μ Sec. 1.5 μ Sec. 1.2 ±2 25 μ Sec. 0.3% 0.0 ± 1/2 ±	674ZC 2 Bits 2 LSB 15 μSe 35% 05% 2 LSB 2 LSB 4 LSB 4 LSB	
Storage Temperature Range Package Type  SAMPLE/HOLD PERFORMANCE  Acquisition Time 574Z 674Z  Aperture Jitter  PERFORMANCE  Resolution Unipolar Offset, max.5 Conversion Time, max. Full Scale Calibration Error, max.6 at 25°C over temp.7 over temp.8 Linearity Error, max. (over temp) Differential Linearity Error4 Bipolar Offset, max.5 Iempco:9 Unipolar Offset Bipolar Offset Bipolar Offset Bipolar Offset	12 Bits ±2 LSB 25 μSec. 15 μSec. 0.5% 0.22% ±1 LSB ±10 LSB 10 ppm/°C 10 ppm/°C	12 Bits +2 LSB 25 μSec. 15 0.3% of F.S 0.4% 0.12% ±½ LSB ±½ LSB ±4 LSB 5 ppm/°C 5 ppm/°C	-65°C1 side bra  2.4 ± 0 1.4 ± 0 8 r  74ZB  μSec.	12 150°C ized ceram  1.6 μ Sec. 1.4 μ Sec. 1.5 25 μ Sec.  1.2 25 μ Sec.  1.2 25 μ Sec.  5.74 2C  1.2 25 μ Sec.  1.3 2 2 2 2 5 μ Sec.  1.3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	674Z6 2 Bits 2 LSB 15 μSe 35% 05% 2 LSB 4 LSB 4 LSB pm/°C pm/°C	

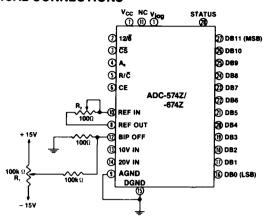
#### **SPECIFICATION FOOTNOTES:**

- 1. Available for external loads. External load should not change during conversion. When supplying an external load and operating on ±12V supplies, a buffer amplifier must be provided for the reference output. 2. Logic Inputs — CE,  $\overline{CS}$ ,  $\overline{R/C}$ ,  $A_0$ , 12/ $\overline{B}$ .
- Logic Outputs DB11-DBO, STS.
- Over temperature.
- Adjustable to zero.
- With 50 Q fixed resistor from REF OUT to REF IN. Adjustable to zero.
- No adjustment at 25℃
- With adjustment at 25℃
- Guaranteed maximum change. Tmin to Tmax (using internal reference).
- Maximum change in full scale calibration.

## **TECHNICAL NOTES**

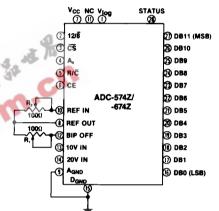
- 1. The ADC-574Z, -674Z may interface directly to a microprocessor which can take full control of each conversion, or the device can be operated in the "stand alone" mode (controlled only by the R/C input). Full control consists of selecting an 8- or 12-bit conversion cycle, initiating the conversion and reading the output data when ready. The data may be read 12 bits at once or 8 followed by 4 in a left-justified format. There are five control inputs (12/8, CS, Ao, R/C and CE) and all are TTL/CMOS compatible. (See Control Input Truth Table.)
- 2. A conversion is initiated by a logic transition on any of the three inputs: CE, CS, R/C. One, two, or all three may be dynamically controlled. The nominal delay for each of the three inputs is the same and if necessary, all three may change states simultaneously. If it is required that a particular input controls the start of conversion, the other two should be set up at least 50 nanoseconds earlier. (See Start Convert Timing.)
- 3. To read the output data, four conditions must be met (or the output buffers will remain in high impedance state): R/C taken high, STS low, CE high and CS low. When this is accomplished, the data lines are activated according to the state of the 12/8 and Ao inputs. (See START CONVERT, READ CYCLE TIMING and APPLICATION.)
- 4. The analog signal source driving the ADC-574Z, -674Z's input will see a nominal load of 5 K $\Omega$  (10V range) or 10 K $\Omega$  (20V range). However, the other end of these input resistors may change 400 mV with each bit decision, causing sudden changes in current at the analog input. Therefore, the signal source must maintain its output voltage while supplying these step changes in load current which occur at 1.6 microsecond intervals. This requires low output impedance and fast settling by the signal source. If a sample/hold is required to precede the converter, DATEL's SHM-20 is recommended.
- 5. The power supply used should be low noise and well requlated. Voltage spikes can affect accuracy. If a switching supply is used, the outputs should be carefully filtered to assure 'noise free" dc voltage to the converter. Decoupling capacitors should be used on all power supply pins; the +5V dc supply decoupling capacitor should be connected directly from +V<sub>logic</sub> (Pin 1) to digital common (Pin 15). V<sub>CC</sub> (Pin 7) should be decoupled directly to AGND (Pin 9). It is recommended that a 10  $\mu$ F tantalum type in parallel with a 0.1  $\mu$ F ceramic type be used for decoupling.
- 6. The use of good circuit board layout techniques is required for rated performance. It is recommended that a double sided printed circuit board with a ground plane on the component side is used. Other techniques, such as wirewrapping or point-to-point wiring on vectorboard will have an unpredictable effect on accuracy. Sensitive analog signals should be routed between ground traces and kept away from digital lines. If analog and digital lines must cross, they should do so at right angles.

#### **TYPICAL CONNECTIONS**



#### UNIPOLAR CONFIGURATION

NOTES: The trimpots shown are for calibration of offset and gain. If adjustment is not required in unipolar; replace R<sub>2</sub> with a 50Ω, 1% metal film resistor, omit the network on Pin 12 and connect Pin 12 to Pin 9. In bipolar; either R<sub>1</sub>, or R<sub>2</sub> or both can be replaced by 50Ω, 1% metal film



**BIPOLAR CONFIGURATION** 

#### **CODING TABLES**

INPUT	RANGE	OUTPUT CODING		
0 to + 10V	0 to + 20V	MSB		LSB
+10.000	+20.0000	1111	1111	1111
+9.9963	+19.9927	1111	1111	111Ø*
+5.0012	+10.0024	1000	0000	000Ø*
+4.9988	+9.9976	Ø000	0000	0000
+4.9963	+9.9927	0111	1111	1110*
+0.0012	+0.0024	0000	0000	000Ø*
0.0000	+0.0000	0000	0000	0000

INPUT	RANGE	OUTPUT CODING			
±5V	±10V	MSB		LSB	
+5.0000	+10.0000	1111	1111	1111	
+4.9963	+9.9927	1111	1111	1110*	
+0.0012	+0.0024	1000	0000	0000	
-0.0012	-0.0024	Ø000	0000	000 <b>ø</b> *	
-0.0037	-0.0073	0111	1111	1110/*	
-4.9988	-9.9976	0000	0000	000Ø*	
-5.0000	-10.0000	0000	0000	0000	

\*Voltages shown are theoretical values for the transitions indicated. Ideally, in the continuous conversion mode, the output bits indicated as g will change from "1" to "0" or "0" to "1" as the input voltage passes through the level indicated.

Output coding is straight binary for unipolar and offset binary for oipolar.



#### **CALIBRATION**

## **UNIPOLAR CALIBRATION**

## Offset Adjust

Apply an input of  $+ \frac{1}{2}$  LSB (+1.22 mV for the 10V range; +2.44 mV for the 20V range). Adjust the offset trimpot (R<sub>1</sub>) until the first code transition flickers between 0000 0000 0000 0000 and 0000 0000 0001.

#### Gain Adjust

Apply 1½ LSB's below the nominal full-scale (+9.9963V for the l0V range; +19.9927V for the 20V range). Adjust the gain trimpot (R<sub>2</sub>) so that the output flickers between 1111 1111 1110 and 1111 1111

## **BIPOLAR CALIBRATION**

#### Offset Adjust

Apply 1/2 LSB above negative full-scale ( -4.9988V for the  $\pm 5V$  range; -9.9976V for the  $\pm 10V$  range.) Adjust the offset trimpot (R<sub>1</sub>) so that the output flickers between 0000 0000 0000 and 0000 0000 0001.

#### Gain Adjust

Apply 1½ LSB's below positive full scale (+4.9963V for the ±5V range; +9.9927V for the ±10V range). Adjust the gain trimpot (R<sub>2</sub>) so that the output flickers between 1111 1111 1111.

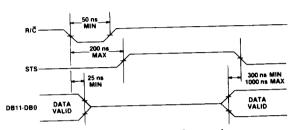
## **TIMING AND OPERATION**

## Stand-Alone Mode Timing

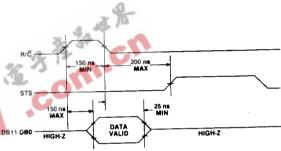
For stand-alone operation, all that is required is a single control line to R/ $\overline{C}$ . CE and 12/ $\overline{8}$  are tied high,  $\overline{CS}$  and A<sub>0</sub> are tied low, and the output appears in words of 12 bits.

The  $R/\overline{C}$  signal may have any duty cycle within the limits shown in the diagrams below.

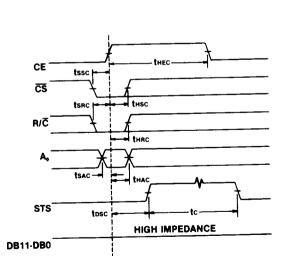
The data may be read when  $R/\overline{C}$  is high unless STS is also high indicating a conversion is in progress.



**Outputs Enabled After Conversion** 



Outputs Enabled With R/C High



A read operation in most applications begins after the conversion is complete and STS is low. For earliest access to the data however, the read should begin no later than  $\binom{t_{DD}+t_{HS}}{}$  before STS goes low. (See Technical Note 3.)

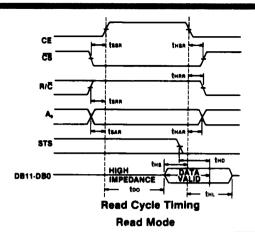
Start Convert Timing

#### **TIMING CONTROL**

The variety of the ADC-574Z, -674Z's control modes (as shown in the "CONTROL INPUTS TRUTH TABLE") allow for simple interface in most system applications.

The output signal STS indicates the status of the device; high during a conversion, and low at the completion of a conversion. During a conversion (STS output high), the output buffers remain in the high impedance state and data cannot be read. A start convert during conversion will not reset the converter or reinitiate a conversion. However, if A<sub>0</sub>, changes state after a conversion begins, an additional start convert pulse will latch the new state of A<sub>0</sub>, causing a wrong cycle length for that conversion.

## **Control Inputs Truth Table**



Min. Max. Symbol Parameter Typ. tDD 75 nS 150 nS Access Time from CE 35 nS tHD Data Valid after CE low 25 nS 100 nS 150 nS tHL **Output Float Delay** 50 nS **tSSR** CS to CE Setup n tsrr. R/C to CE Setup n tSAR 50 nS 25 nS A, to CE Setup CS Valid after CE Low 0 **tHSR** 0 O 0 **tHRR** Λ R/C High after CE Low n 50 nS 25 nS **tHAR** A Valid after CE Low tHS STS Delay after Data Valid 300 nS 1000 nS -574Z 100 mS 600 mS -674Z

ADC-574Z, 674Z Convert Mode Timing

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.
tDSC	STS Delay From CE	_	100 nS	200 nS
tHEC	CE Pulse Width	50 nS	30 nS	_
tssc	CS to CE Setup	50 nS	20 nS	
tHSC	CS Low during CE High	50 nS	20 nS	_
tSRC	R/C to CE Setup	50 nS	0	_
tHRC	R/C Low during CE High	50 nS	20 nS	-
tSAC	A <sub>a</sub> to CE Setup	0	0	0
tHAC	A Valid during CD High	50 nS	20 nS	_
tC	Conversion Time, -574Z			
	12-bit cycle	15 <i>µ</i> .S	18 μS	25 µS
	8-bit cycle	10 µ S	13 µS	17 μS
	Conversion Time, -674Z			
	12-bit cycle	9 μS	_	15 µ S
	8-bit cycle	6 µS		10 µS

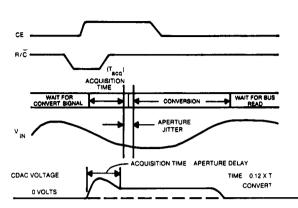
## **Built-in Sample/Hold**

Both the ADC-574Z and the ADC-674Z contain internal sample-and-hold (S/H) capable of sampling inputs up to 5 KHz.

The R/ $\overline{C}$  line controls the internal S/H. The 574Z/674Z sampling and conversion sequence begins when the R/ $\overline{C}$  line makes a negative transition.

After the first two clock cycles, the input sample is taken and held. The A/D conversion follows this cycle with the duration controlled by the internal clock cycle.

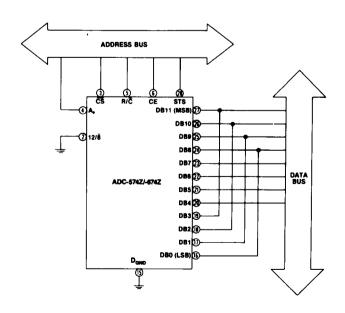
Since the sample is taken relative to the R/ $\bar{\mathbb{C}}$  transition, Tacq is also the "aperture delay" of the S/H. The duration of Tacq is measured in clock cycles and is specified as 2.4  $\mu$ S  $\pm$  0.6  $\mu$ S for the 574Z and 1.4  $\mu$ S  $\pm$  0.4  $\mu$ S for the 674Z. The "aperture jitter" nominally allows converting signals of up to 5 KHz without an external sample-hold. Above 5 KHz, the internal S/H will be transparent.



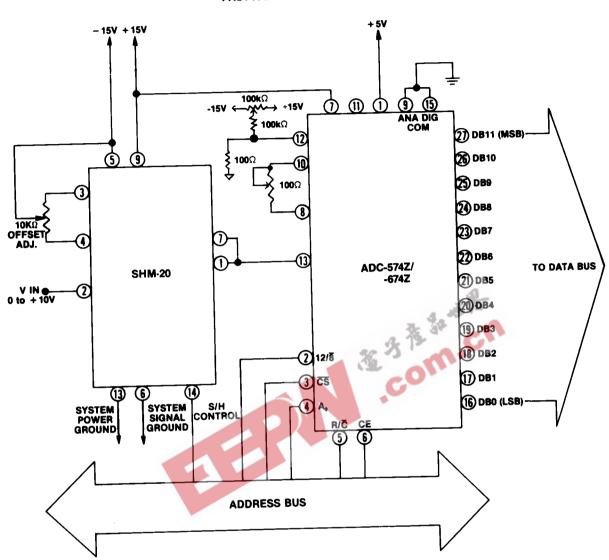
Sample and Hold Function

## Interface To An 8-Bit Data Bus

The  $12/\overline{8}$  input will be tied either high or low in most applications. With  $12/\overline{8}$  high, all 12 output lines become active simultaneously for interface to a 12- or 16-bit data bus.  $A_0$  is ignored. Taking  $12/\overline{8}$  low organizes the output in two 8-bit bytes, which are selected one at a time by  $A_0$ . This allows an 8-bit data bus to be connected as shown above.  $A_0$  is normally tied to the LSB of the address bus for storing the converter's output in two consecutive memory locations. This two byte format is called "left justified data" for which a decimal point is assumed to the left of byte 1. In addition,  $A_0$  may be toggled at any time without damage to the converter. Break-before-make switching is guaranteed between two data bytes, which assures that the outputs strapped together as shown are never enabled at the same time.



## FAST A/D WITH SAMPLE HOLD



The above diagram shows the ADC-574Z, -674Z configured for unipolar (0 to + 10V) operation. Preceding the ADC-574Z, -674Z is DATEL's SHM-20, a 1 microsecond precision sample/hold. All sample/hold amplifiers are compatible with the ADC-574Z, -674Z; however, many will require an additional wide-band buffer amplifier to reduce their output impedance.

ORDERING INFORMATION				
MODEL NO.	TEMPCO			
ADC-574ZC	45 ppm/°C			
ADC-574ZB	25 ppm/°C			
ADC-574ZA	10 ppm/°C			
ADC-674ZC	45 ppm/°C			
ADC-674ZB	25 ppm/°C			
ADC-674ZA	10 ppm/°C			
ACCESSORIES	D			
Part Number	Description			
TP100 or TP100K	Trimming Potentiometers			
	DS-0036			

DATEL makes no representation that the use of these products in the circuits described herein, or use of other technical information contained herein, will not infringe upon existing or future patent rights nor do the descriptions contained herein imply the granting of licenses to make, use, or sell equipment constructed in accordance therewith. Specifications subject to change without notice.



DATEL, Inc. 11 CABOT BOULEVARD, MANSFIELD, MA 02048-1194 TEL. (508) 339-3000 / TELEX 174388/ FAX (508) 339-6356