512Mb C-die DDR2 SDRAM Specification

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512Mb C-die DDR2 SDRAM

0. Ordering Information

Org.	DDR2-800 5-5-5	DDR2-667 5-5-5	DDR2-533 4-4-4	DDR2-400 3-3-3	Package
128Mx4	K4T51043QC-ZC(L)E7	K4T51043QC-ZC(L)E6	K4T51043QC-ZC(L)D5	K4T51043QC-ZC(L)CC	60 FBGA
64Mx8	K4T51083QC-ZC(L)E7	K4T51083QC-ZC(L)E6	K4T51083QC-ZC(L)D5	K4T51083QC-ZC(L)CC	60 FBGA
32Mx16	K4T51163QC-ZC(L)E7	K4T51163QC-ZC(L)E6	K4T51163QC-ZC(L)D5	K4T51163QC-ZC(L)CC	84 FBGA

Note : Speed bin is in order of CL-tRCD-tRP.

1.Key Features

Speed	DDR2-800 5-5-5	DDR2-667 5-5-5	DDR2-533 4-4-4	DDR2-400 3-3-3	Units
CAS Latency	5	5	4	3	tCK
tRCD(min)	12.5	15	15	15	ns
tRP(min)	12.5	15	15	15	ns
tRC(min)	51.5	54	55	55	ns

- JEDEC standard 1.8V ± 0.1V Power Supply
- VDDQ = 1.8V ± 0.1V
- + 200 MHz f_{CK} for 400Mb/sec/pin, 267MHz f_{CK} for 533Mb/sec/ pin, 333MHz f_{CK} for 667Mb/sec/pin, 400MHz f_{CK} for 800Mb/ sec/pin
- 4 Banks
- Posted CAS
- Programmable CAS Latency: 3, 4, 5
- Programmable Additive Latency: 0, 1, 2, 3 and 4
- Write Latency(WL) = Read Latency(RL) -1
- Burst Length: 4, 8(Interleave/nibble sequential)
- · Programmable Sequential / Interleave Burst Mode
- Bi-directional Differential Data-Strobe (Single-ended datastrobe is an optional feature)
- · Off-Chip Driver(OCD) Impedance Adjustment
- On Die Termination
- Special Function Support
 - -PASR(Partial Array Self Refresh) -50ohm ODT
 - -High Temperature Self-Refresh rate enable
- Average Refresh Period 7.8us at lower than T_{CASE} 85°C, 3.9us at 85°C < T_{CASE} \leq 95 °C
- All of Lead-free products are compliant for RoHS

The 512Mb DDR2 SDRAM is organized as a 32Mbit x 4 I/Os x 4 banks, 16Mbit x 8 I/Os x 4banks or 8Mbit x 16 I/Os x 4 banks device. This synchronous device achieves high speed double-data-rate transfer rates of up to 800Mb/sec/pin (DDR2-800) for general applications.

The chip is designed to comply with the following key DDR2 SDRAM features such as posted CAS with additive latency, write latency = read latency -1, Off-Chip Driver(OCD) impedance adjustment and On Die Termination.

All of the control and address inputs are synchronized with a pair of externally supplied differential clocks. Inputs are latched at the crosspoint of differential clocks (CK rising and \overline{CK} falling). All I/Os are synchronized with a pair of bidirectional strobes (DQS and DQS) in a source synchronous fashion. The address bus is used to convey row, column, and bank address information in a RAS/ CAS multiplexing style. For example, 512Mb(x4) device receive 14/11/2 addressing.

The 512Mb DDR2 device operates with a single $1.8V \pm 0.1V$ power supply and $1.8V \pm 0.1V$ VDDQ.

The 512Mb DDR2 device is available in 60ball FBGAs(x4/x8) and in 84ball FBGAs(x16).

Note: The functionality described and the timing specifications included in this data sheet are for the DLL Enabled mode of operation.

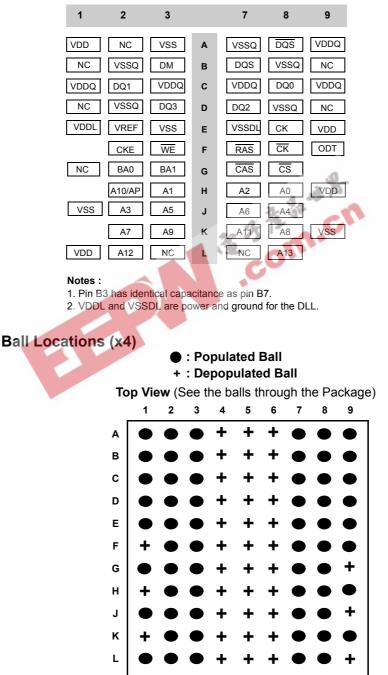
Note : This data sheet is an abstract of full DDR2 specification and does not cover the common features which are described in "Samsung's DDR2 SDRAM Device Operation & Timing Diagram"

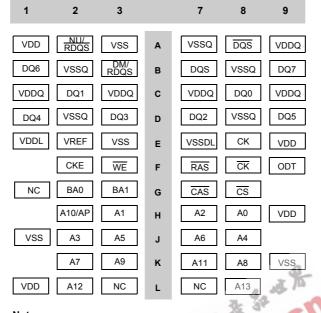


2. Package Pinout/Mechanical Dimension & Addressing

2.1 Package Pinout

x4 package pinout (Top View) : 60ball FBGA Package



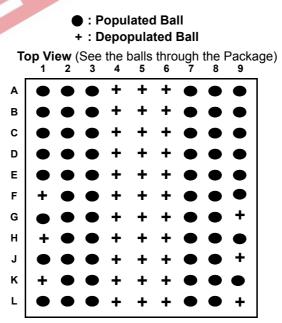


x8 package pinout (Top View) : 60ball FBGA Package

Notes :

- 1. Pins B3 and A2 have identical capacitance as pins B7 and A8.
- For a read, when enabled, strobe pair RDQS & RDQS are identical in function and timing to strobe pair DQS & DQS and input masking function is disabled.
- The function of DM or RDQS/RDQS are enabled by EMRS command.
- 4. VDDL and VSSDL are power and ground for the DLL.

Ball Locations (x8)





1	2	3		7	8	9
VDD	NC	VSS	Α	VSSQ	UDQS	VDDQ
DQ14	VSSQ	UDM	в	UDQS	VSSQ	DQ15
VDDQ	DQ9	VDDQ	с	VDDQ	DQ8	VDDQ
DQ12	VSSQ	DQ11	D	DQ10	VSSQ	DQ13
VDD	NC	VSS	Е	VSSQ	LDQS	VDDQ
DQ6	VSSQ	LDM	F	LDQS	VSSQ	DQ7
VDDQ	DQ1	VDDQ	G	VDDQ	DQ0	VDDQ
DQ4	VSSQ	DQ3	н	DQ2	VSSQ	DQ5
VDDL	VREF	VSS	J	VSSDL	СК	VDD
	CKE	WE	к	RAS	CK	ODT
NC	BA0	BA1	L	CAS	CS	a th
	A10/AP	A1	м	A2	A0	VDD
VSS	A3	A5	N	A6	A4	1.
	A7	A9	P	A11	A8	VSS
VDD	A12	NC	R	NC	NC	

x16 package pinout (Top View) : 84ball FBGA Package

Note :

1. VDDL and VSSDL are power and ground for the DLL.

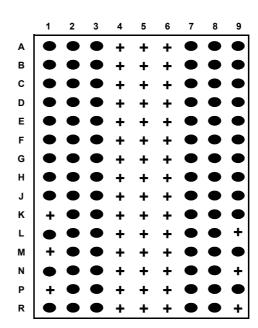
2. In case of only 8 DQs out of 16 DQs are used, LDQS, LDQSB and DQ0~7 must be used.

Ball Locations (x16)

: Populated Ball

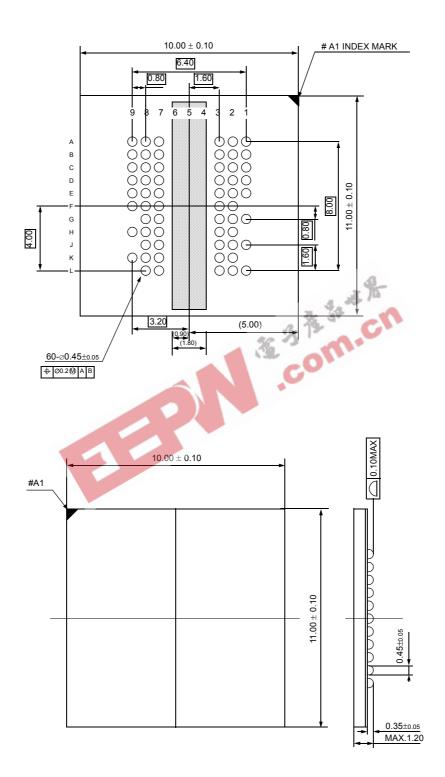
+ : Depopulated Ball

Top View (See the balls through the Package)



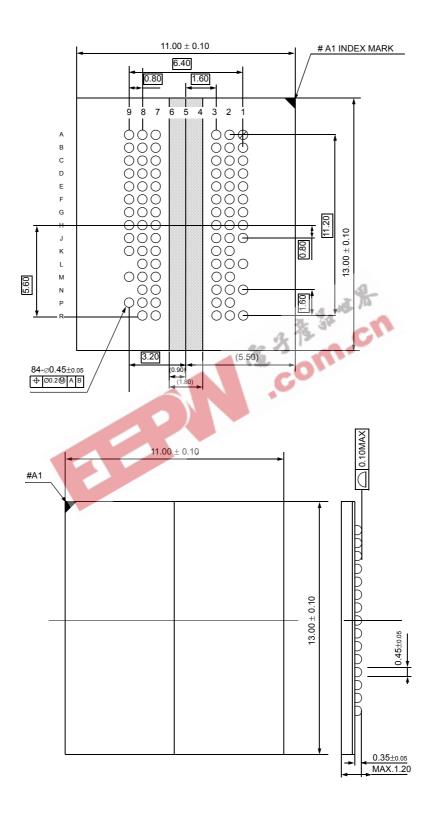


FBGA Package Dimension(x4/x8)





FBGA Package Dimension(x16)





2.2 Input/Output Functional Description

Symbol	Туре	Function
СК, <u>СК</u>	Input	Clock: CK and \overline{CK} are differential clock inputs. All address and control input signals are sampled on the crossing of the positive edge of CK and negative edge of \overline{CK} . Output (read) data is referenced to the crossings of CK and \overline{CK} (both directions of crossing).
CKE	Input	Clock Enable: CKE HIGH activates, and CKE Low deactivates, internal clock signals and device input buffers and output drivers. Taking CKE Low provides Precharge Power-Down and Self Refresh operation (all banks idle), or Active Power-Down (row Active in any bank). CKE is synchronous for power down entry and exit, and for self refresh entry. CKE is asynchronous for self refresh exit. After V_{REF} has become stable during the power on and initialization swquence, it must be maintained for proper operation of the CKE receiver. For proper self-refresh entry and exit, V_{REF} must be maintained to this input. CKE must be maintained high throughout read and write accesses. Input buffers, excluding CK, CK, ODT and CKE are disabled during power-down. Input buffers, excluding CKE, are disabled during self refresh.
CS	Input	Chip Select: All commands are masked when \overline{CS} is registered HIGH. \overline{CS} provides for external Rank selection on systems with multiple Ranks. \overline{CS} is considered part of the command code.
ODT	Input	On Die Termination: ODT (registered HIGH) enables termination resistance internal to the DDR2 SDRAM. When enabled, ODT is only applied to each DQ, DQS, DQS, RDQS, RDQS, and DM signal for x4/x8 configurations. For x16 configuration ODT is applied to each DQ, UDQS/UDQS, LDQS/LDQS, UDM, and LDM signal. The ODT pin will be ignored if the Extended Mode Register (EMRS(1)) is programmed to disable ODT.
RAS, CAS, WE	Input	Command Inputs: RAS, CAS and WE (along with CS) define the command being entered.
DM	Input	Input Data Mask: DM is an input mask signal for write data. Input data is masked when DM is sampled HIGH coincident with that input data during a Write access. DM is sampled on both edges of <u>DQS</u> . Although DM pins are input only, the DM loading matches the DQ and DQS loading. For x8 device, the function of DM or RDQS/RDQS is enabled by EMRS command.
BA0 - BA1	Input	Bank Address Inputs: BA0 - BA1 define to which bank an Active, Read, Write or Precharge command is being applied (For 256Mb and 512Mb, BA2 is not applied). Bank address also determines if the mode register or extended mode register is to be accessed during a MRS or EMRS cycle.
A0 - A13	Input	Address Inputs: Provided the row address for Active commands and the column address and Auto Precharge bit for Read/Write com- mands to select one location out of the memory array in the respective bank. A10 is sampled during a Precharge command to determine whether the Precharge applies to one bank (A10 LOW) or all banks (A10 HIGH). If only one bank is to be precharged, the bank is selected by BA0, BA1. The address inputs also provide the op-code during Mode Register Set commands.
DQ	Input/Output	Data Input/ Output: Bi-directional data bus.
DQS, (<u>DQS)</u> (LDQS), (<u>LDQS)</u> (UDQS), (<u>UDQS</u>) (RDQS), (RDQS)	Input/Output	Data Strobe: output with read data, input with write data. Edge-aligned with read data, centered in write data. For the x16, LDQS corresponds to the data on DQ0-DQ7; UDQS corresponds to the data on DQ8-DQ15. For the x8, an RDQS option using DM pin can be enabled via the EMRS(1) to simplify read timing. The data strobes DQS, LDQS, UDQS, and RDQS may be used in single ended mode or paired with optional complementary signals DQS, LDQS, UDQS, and RDQS to provide differential pair signaling to the system during both reads and writes. An EMRS(1) control bit enables or disables all complementary data strobes of signals. In this data <u>sheet</u> , "differential DQS signals" refers to any of the following with A10 = 0 of EMRS(1) x4 DQS/DQS if EMRS(1)[A11] = 0 x8 DQS/DQS and UDQS/UDQS if EMRS(1)[A11] = 1 x16 LDQS/LDQS and UDQS/UDQS "single-ended DQS signals" refers to any of the following with A10 = 1 of EMRS(1) x4 DQS if EMRS(1)[A11] = 0 x8 DQS if EMRS(1)[A11] = 0 x8 DQS if EMRS(1)[A11] = 1 x16 LDQS and UDQS if EMRS(1)[A11
NC		No Connect: No internal electrical connection is present.
V _{DD} /V _{DDQ}	Supply	Power Supply: 1.8V +/- 0.1V, DQ Power Supply: 1.8V +/- 0.1V
V _{SS} /V _{SSQ}	Supply	Ground, DQ Ground
V _{DDL}	Supply	DLL Power Supply: 1.8V +/- 0.1V
V _{SSDL}	Supply	DLL Ground
V _{REF}	Supply	Reference voltage



2.3 512Mb Addressing

Configuration	128Mb x4	64Mb x 8	32Mb x16
# of Banks	4	4	4
Bank Address	BA0,BA1	BA0,BA1	BA0,BA1
Auto precharge	A10/AP	A10/AP	A10/AP
Row Address	A0 ~ A13	A0 ~ A13	A0 ~ A12
Column Address	A0 ~ A9,A11	A0 ~ A9	A0 ~ A9

* Reference information: The following tables are address mapping information for other densities.

256Mb

Configuration	64Mb x4	32Mb x 8	16Mb x16
# of Banks	4	4	4
Bank Address	BA0,BA1	BA0,BA1	BA0,BA1
Auto precharge	A10/AP	A10/AP	A10/AP
Row Address	A0 ~ A12	A0 ~ A12	A0 ~ A12
Column Address	A0 ~ A9,A11	A0 ~ A9	A0 ~ A8

1Gb

Configuration	256Mb x4	128Mb x 8	64Mb x16
# of Banks	8	8	8
Bank Address	BA0 ~ BA2	BA0~BA2	BA0 ~ BA2
Auto precharge	A10/AP	A10/AP	A10/AP
Row Address	A0 ~ A13	A0 ~ A13	A0 ~ A12
Column Address	A0 ~ A9,A11	A0 ~ A9	A0 ~ A9
2Gb			

2Gb

Configuration	512Mb x4	256Mb x 8	128Mb x16
# of Banks	8	8	8
Bank Address	BA0 ~ BA2	BA0 ~ BA2	BA0 ~ BA2
Auto precharge	A10/AP	A10/AP	A10/AP
Row Address	A0 ~ A14	A0 ~ A14	A0 ~ A13
Column Address	A0 ~ A9,A11	A0 ~ A9	A0 ~ A9

4Gb

Configuration	1 Gb x4	512Mb x 8	256Mb x16
# of Banks	8	8	8
Bank Address	BA0 ~ BA2	BA0 ~ BA2	BA0 ~ BA2
Auto precharge	A10/AP	A10/AP	A10/AP
Row Address	A0 - A15	A0 - A15	A0 - A14
Column Address/page size	A0 - A9,A11	A0 - A9	A0 - A9



3. Absolute Maximum DC Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Units	Notes
V _{DD}	Voltage on V_{DD} pin relative to V_{SS}	- 1.0 V ~ 2.3 V	V	1
V _{DDQ}	Voltage on V_{DDQ} pin relative to V_{SS}	- 0.5 V ~ 2.3 V	V	1
V _{DDL}	Voltage on V_{DDL} pin relative to V_{SS}	- 0.5 V ~ 2.3 V	V	1
V _{IN,} V _{OUT}	Voltage on any pin relative to V _{SS}	- 0.5 V ~ 2.3 V	V	1
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-55 to +100	°C	1, 2

Note :

1. Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

2. Storage Temperature is the case surface temperature on the center/top side of the DRAM. For the measurement conditions, please refer to JESD51-2 standard.

4. AC & DC Operating Conditions

Recommended DC Operating Conditions (SSTL - 1.8)

Symbol	Parameter	Rating			Units	Notes
Symbol	Falametei	Min.	Тур.	Max.	0110	NOLES
V _{DD}	Supply Voltage	1.7	1.8	1.9	V	
V _{DDL}	Supply Voltage for DLL	1.7	1.8	1.9	V	4
V _{DDQ}	Supply Voltage for Output	1.7	1.8	1.9	V	4
V _{REF}	Input Reference Voltage	0.49*V _{DDQ}	0.50*V _{DDQ}	0.51*V _{DDQ}	mV	1,2
V _{TT}	Termination Voltage	V _{REF} -0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} +0.04	V	3

Note : There is no specific device V_{DD} supply voltage requirement for SSTL-1.8 compliance. However under all conditions V_{DDQ} must be less than or equal to V_{DD}.

1. The value of V_{REF} may be selected by the user to provide optimum noise margin in the system. Typically the value of V_{REF} is expected to be about 0.5 x V_{DDQ} of the transmitting device and V_{REF} is expected to track variations in V_{DDQ} .

2. Peak to peak AC noise on V_{REF} may not exceed +/-2% V_{REF}(DC).

3. V_{TT} of transmitting device must track V_{REF} of receiving device.

4. AC parameters are measured with V_{DD} , V_{DDQ} and V_{DDL} tied together.



Operating Temperature Condition

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Units	Notes		
TOPER	Operating Temperature	0 to 95	°C	1, 2		
1. Operating Temperature is the case surface temperature on the center/top side of the DRAM. For the measurement conditions, please refer to						

ne DRAM. For the measurement conditions, please refer to JESD51.2 standard.

2. At 85 - 95 °C operation temperature range, doubling refresh commands in frequency to a 32ms period (tREFI=3.9 us) is required, and to enter to self refresh mode at this temperature range, an EMRS command is required to change internal refresh rate.

Input DC Logic Level

	Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units	Notes
	V _{IH} (DC)	DC input logic high	VREF + 0.125	VDDQ + 0.3	V	
Ī	V _{IL} (DC)	DC input logic low	- 0.3	VREF - 0.125	V	

Input AC Logic Level

	Symbol	Parameter	DDR2-400,	DDR2-533	DDR2-667,	Units	
		Farameter	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
	V _{IH} (AC)	AC input logic high	VREF + 0.250	-	VREF + 0.200		V
	V _{IL} (AC)	AC input logic low	-	VREF - 0.250		VREF - 0.200	V

AC Input Test Conditions

Ao input lost of	onanions		A 30- 1		
Symbol	Condition		Value	Units	Notes
V _{REF}	Input reference voltage	80	0.5 * V _{DDQ}	V	1
V _{SWING(MAX)}	Input signal maximum peak to peak swing	122	1.0	V	1
SLEW	Input signal minimum slew rate		1.0	V/ns	2, 3
Notes:					

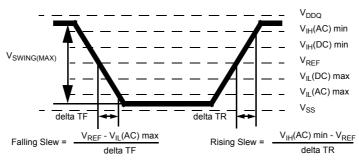
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Notes:

1. Input waveform timing is referenced to the input signal crossing through the VIH/L(AC) level applied to the device under test.

2. The input signal minimum slew rate is to be maintained over the range from V_{REF} to V_{III}(AC) min for rising edges and the range from V_{REF} to V_{IL}(AC) max for falling edges as shown in the below figure.

3. AC timings are referenced with input waveforms switching from V_{IL}(AC) to V_{IH}(AC) on the positive transitions and V_{IH}(AC) to V_{IL}(AC) on the negative transitions.



< AC Input Test Signal Waveform >



512Mb C-die DDR2 SDRAM

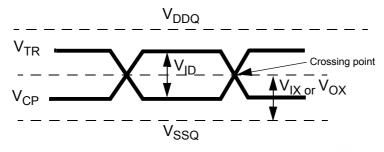
Differential input AC logic Level

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units	Notes
VID(AC)	AC differential input voltage	0.5	VDDQ + 0.6	V	1
VIX(AC)	AC differential cross point voltage	0.5 * VDDQ - 0.175	0.5 * VDDQ + 0.175	V	2

Notes:

1. VID(AC) specifies the input differential voltage |VTR -VCP | required for switching, where VTR is the true input signal (such as CK, DQS, LDQS or UDQS) and VCP is the complementary input signal (such as \overrightarrow{CK} , \overrightarrow{DQS} , \overrightarrow{LDQS} or \overrightarrow{UDQS}). The minimum value is equal to V IH (AC) - V IL(AC).

2. The typical value of Vix(AC) is expected to be about 0.5 * VDDQ of the transmitting device and Vix(AC) is expected to track variations in VDDQ. Vix(AC) indicates the voltage at which differential input signals must cross.



< Differential signal levels >

Differential AC output parameters

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units	Note
V _{ox} (AC)	AC differential cross point voltage	0.5 * VDDQ - 0.125	0.5 * VDDQ + 0.125	V	1

Note :

1. The typical value of Vox(AC) is expected to be about 0.5 * VDDQ of the transmitting device and Vox(AC) is expected to track variations in VDDQ. Vox(AC) indicates the voltage at which differential output signals must cross.

ODT DC electrical characteristics

PARAMETER/CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Rtt effective impedance value for EMRS(A6,A2)=0,1; 75 ohm	Rtt1(eff)	60	75	90	ohm	1
Rtt effective impedance value for EMRS(A6,A2)=1,0; 150 ohm	Rtt2(eff)	120	150	180	ohm	1
Rtt effective impedance value for EMRS(A6,A2)=1,1; 50 ohm	Rtt3(eff)	40	50	60	ohm	1
Deviation of VM with respect to VDDQ/2	delta VM	- 6		+ 6	%	1

Note1: Test condition for Rtt measurements

Measurement Definition for Rtt(eff): Apply V_{IH} (ac) and V_{IL} (ac) to test pin separately, then measure current I(V_{IH} (ac)) and I(V_{IL} (ac)) respectively. V_{IH} (ac), V_{IL} (ac), and VDDQ values defined in SSTL_18

$$\mathsf{Rtt}(\mathsf{eff}) = \frac{\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{IH}}(\mathsf{ac}) - \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{IL}}(\mathsf{ac})}{\mathsf{I}(\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{IH}}(\mathsf{ac})) - \mathsf{I}(\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{IL}}(\mathsf{ac}))}$$

delta VM =
$$\left(\frac{2 \times Vm}{VDDQ} - 1\right) \times 100\%$$

Measurement Definition for VM: Measure voltage (VM) at test pin (midpoint) with no load.



OCD default characteristics

Description	Parameter	Min	Nom	Мах	Unit	Notes
Output impedance		Normal 18ohms See full strength default driver characteristics			ohms	1,2
Output impedance step size for OCD calibration		0		1.5	ohms	6
Pull-up and pull-down mismatch		0		4	ohms	1,2,3
Output slew rate	Sout	1.5		5	V/ns	1,4,5,6,7,8

Notes:

1. Absolute Specifications ($0^{\circ}C \le T_{CASE} \le +95^{\circ}C$; VDD = +1.8V ±0.1V, VDDQ = +1.8V ±0.1V)

Impedance measurement condition for output source dc current: V_{DDQ} = 1.7V; VOUT = 1420mV; (VOUT-VDDQ)/loh must be less than 23.4 ohms for values of VOUT between VDDQ and VDDQ- 280mV. Impedance measurement condition for output sink dc current: VDDQ = 1.7V; VOUT = 280mV; VOUT/lol must be less than 23.4 ohms for values of VOUT between 0V and 280mV.

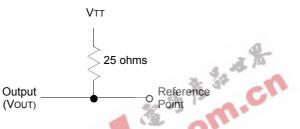
3. Mismatch is absolute value between pull-up and pull-dn, both are measured at same temperature and voltage.

4. Slew rate measured from $V_{IL}(AC)$ to $V_{IH}(AC)$.

5. The absolute value of the slew rate as measured from DC to DC is equal to or greater than the slew rate as measured from AC to AC. This is guaranteed by design and characterization.

6. This represents the step size when the OCD is near 18 ohms at nominal conditions across all process and represents only the DRAM uncertainty.

Output slew rate load :



7. DRAM output slew rate specification applies to 400Mb/sec/pin, 533Mb/sec/pin, 667Mb/sec/pin and 800Mb/sec/pin speed bins.

1

8. Timing skew due to DRAM output slew rate mis-match between DQS / DQS and associated DQs is included in tDQSQ and tQHS specification.

IDD Specification Parameters and Test Conditions

(IDD values are for full operating range of Voltage and Temperature, Notes 1 - 5)

Symbol	Proposed Conditions		Units	Notes		
IDD0	Operating one bank active-precharge current ; ^t CK = ^t CK(IDD), ^t RC = ^t RC(IDD), ^t RAS = ^t RASmin(IDD); CKE is HIGH, CS\ Address bus inputs are SWITCHING; Data bus inputs are SWITCHING	is HIGH between valid commands;	mA			
IDD1	Operating one bank active-read-precharge current ; IOUT = 0mA; BL = 4, CL = CL(IDD), AL = 0; ^t CK = ^t CK(IDD), ^t RC = ^t RC (IDD) ^t RCD(IDD); CKE is HIGH, CS\ is HIGH between valid commands; Address be tern is same as IDD4W		mA			
IDD2P	Precharge power-down current; All banks idle; tCK = tCK(IDD); CKE is LOW; Other control and address bus in FLOATING	puts are STABLE; Data bus inputs are	mA			
IDD2Q	Precharge quiet standby current; All banks idle; ^t CK = ^t CK(IDD); CKE is HIGH, CS\ is HIGH; Other control and bus inputs are FLOATING	address bus inputs are STABLE; Data	mA			
IDD2N	Precharge standby current; All banks idle; ^t CK = ^t CK(IDD); CKE is HIGH, CS\ is HIGH; Other control and Data bus inputs are SWITCHING	address bus inputs are SWITCHING;	mA			
	Active power-down current;	Fast PDN Exit MRS(12) = 0mA	mA			
IDD3P	All banks open; ^t CK = ^t CK(IDD); CKE is LOW; Other control and address bus inputs are STABLE; Data bus inputs are FLOATING	Slow PDN Exit MRS(12) = 1mA	mA			
IDD3N	Active standby current; All banks open; ^t CK = ^t CK(IDD), ^t RAS = ^t RASmax(IDD), ^t RP = ^t RP(IDD); CKI commands; Other control and address bus inputs are SWITCHING; Data bus		mA			
IDD4W	Operating burst write current ; All banks open, Continuous burst writes; BL = 4, CL = CL(IDD), AL = 0; ¹ CK = ¹ = ¹ RP(IDD); CKE is HIGH, CS\ is HIGH between valid commands; Address b inputs are SWITCHING		mA			
IDD4R	Operating burst read current ; All banks open, Continuous burst reads, IOUT = 0mA; BL = 4, CL = CL(IDD), max(IDD), [†] RP = [†] RP(IDD); CKE is HIGH, CS\ is HIGH between valid comma ING; Data pattern is same as IDD4W		mA			
IDD5B	Burst auto refresh current; ^t CK = ^t CK(IDD); Refresh command at every ^t RFC(IDD) interval; CKE is HIGH mands; Other control and address bus inputs are SWITCHING; Data bus input		mA			
1000	Self refresh current;	Normal	mA			
IDD6	CK and CK\ at 0V; CKE \leq 0.2V; Other control and address bus inputs are FLOATING; Data bus inputs are FLOATING	Low Power	mA			
IDD7	Operating bank interleave read current ; All bank interleaving reads, IOUT = 0mA; BL = 4, CL = CL(IDD), AL = ^t RCD(IDD)-1* ^t CK(IDD); ^t CK = ^t CK(IDD), ^t RC = ^t RC(IDD), ^t RRD = ^t RRD(IDD), ^t FAW = ^t FAW(IDD), ^t RCD = 1* ^t CK(IDD); CKE is HIGH, CS\ is HIGH between valid commands; Address bus inputs are STABLE during DESELECTs; Data pattern is same as IDD4R; Refer to the following page for detailed timing conditions					



Notes :

- 1. IDD specifications are tested after the device is properly initialized
- 2. Input slew rate is specified by AC Parametric Test Condition
- 3. IDD parameters are specified with ODT disabled.
- 4. Data bus consists of DQ, DM, DQS, DQS\, RDQS, RDQS\, LDQS, LDQS\, UDQS, and UDQS\. IDD values must be met with all combinations of EMRS bits 10 and 11.
- 5. Definitions for IDD
 - LOW is defined as Vin \leq VILAC(max)

HIGH is defined as $Vin \ge VIHAC(min)$

STABLE is defined as inputs stable at a HIGH or LOW level

FLOATING is defined as inputs at VREF = VDDQ/2

SWITCHING is defined as:

- inputs changing between HIGH and LOW every other clock cycle (once per two clocks) for address and control signals, and
- inputs changing between HIGH and LOW every other data transfer (once per clock) for DQ signals not including masks or strobes.

For purposes of IDD testing, the following parameters are utilized

DDR2-800	DDR2-667	DDR2-533	DDR2-400	11
5-5-5	5-5-5	4-4-4	3-3-3	Units
5	5	4	3	tCK
12.5	12.5 15		15	ns
57.5	60	60	55	ns
7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	ns
10	10	10	10	ns
2.5	3	3.75	5	ns
45	45	45	40	ns
12.5	15	15	15	ns
105	105	105	105	ns
	5-5-5 5 12.5 57.5 7.5 10 2.5 45 12.5	5-5-5 5-5-5 5 5 12.5 15 57.5 60 7.5 7.5 10 10 2.5 3 45 45 12.5 15	5-5-5 5-5-5 4-4-4 5 5 4 12.5 15 15 57.5 60 60 7.5 7.5 7.5 10 10 10 2.5 3 3.75 45 45 45 12.5 15 15	5-5-5 5-5-5 4-4-4 3-3-3 5 5 4 3 12.5 15 15 15 57.5 60 60 55 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 10 10 10 10 2.5 3 3.75 5 45 45 45 40 12.5 15 15 15

Detailed IDD7

The detailed timings are shown below for IDD7. Legend: A = Active; RA = Read with Autoprecharge; D = Deselect

IDD7: Operating Current: All Bank Interleave Read operation

All banks are being interleaved at minimum ^tRC(IDD) without violating ^tRRD(IDD) and ^tFAW(IDD) using a burst length of 4. Control and address bus inputs are STABLE during DESELECTS. IOUT = 0mA

Timing Patterns for 4 bank devices with 1KB or 2KB page size

-DDR2-400 3/3/3 A0 RA0 A1 RA1 A2 RA2 A3 RA3 D D D -DDR2-533 4/4/4 A0 RA0 D A1 RA1 D A2 RA2 D A3 RA3 D D D D D -DDR2-667 5/5/5 A0 RA0 D D A1 RA1 D D A2 RA2 D D A3 RA3 D D D D D D D -DDR2-800 5/5/5 A0 RA0 D D A1 RA1 D D A2 RA2 D D A3 RA3 D D D D D D D D D



DDR2 SDRAM IDD Spec Table(1)

				128Mx4(K4	T51043QC)					
Symbol	800@CL=5		667@)CL=5	533@CL=4		400@CL=3		Unit	Notes
	CE7	LE7	CE6	LE6	CD5	LD5	CCC	LCC		
IDD0	tb	d	85	65	80	65	80	65	mA	
IDD1	tb	d	100	75	95	75	95	75	mA	
IDD2P	tb	d	8	5	8	4.5	8	4.5	mA	
IDD2Q	tb	d	35	30	30	25	30	25	mA	
IDD2N	tb	d	40	35	35	30	35	30	mA	
IDD3P-F	tb	d	30	25	30	25	30	25	mA	
IDD3P-S	tb	d	12	8	12	8	12	8	mA	
IDD3N	tb	d	55	45	50	40	50	40	mA	
IDD4W	tb	d	130	120	110	100	100	90	mA	
IDD4R	tb	d	135	125	115	105	105	95	mA	
IDD5	tb	d	150	135	140	125	140	125	mA	
IDD6	tb	d	8	4	8	4	8	4	mA	
IDD7	tb	d	220	180	220	180	220	180	mA	

							2			
				64Mx8(K4	T51083QC)	3.	A In			
Symbol	800@0	CL=5	667@)CL=5	533@	CL=4	400@CL=3		Unit	Notes
	CE7	LE7	CE6	LE6	CD5	LD5	CCC	LCC	1	
IDD0	tbo	ł	85	65	80	65	80	65	mA	
IDD1	tbo	ł	100	75	9 5	75	95	75	mA	
IDD2P	tbo	ł	8	5	8	4.5	8	4.5	mA	
IDD2Q	tbo	ł	35	30	30	25	30	25	mA	
IDD2N	tbo	ł	40	35	35	30	35	30	mA	
IDD3P-F	tbo	ł	30	25	30	25	30	25	mA	
IDD3P-S	tbo	y T	12	8	12	8	12	8	mA	
IDD3N	tbo	t l	55	45	50	40	50	40	mA	
IDD4W	tbo	t V	140	130	120	110	110	95	mA	
IDD4R	tbo	ł	145	135	125	115	110	100	mA	
IDD5	tbo	ł	150	135	140	125	140	125	mA	
IDD6	tbo	ł	8	4	8	4	8	4	mA	
IDD7	tbo	ł	220	180	220	180	220	180	mA	



DDR2 SDRAM IDD Spec Table(2)

			32Mx16(K4	T51163QC)					
Symbol	800@CL=5	667@	667@CL=5		533@CL=4		400@CL=3		Notes
	CE7 LE7	CE6	LE6	CD5	LD5	CCC	LCC		
IDD0	tbd	100	85	95	85	95	85	mA	
IDD1	tbd	115	100	110	100	110	100	mA	
IDD2P	tbd	8	5	8	4.5	8	4.5	mA	
IDD2Q	tbd	35	30	30	25	30	25	mA	
IDD2N	tbd	40	35	35	30	35	30	mA	
IDD3P-F	tbd	30	25	30	25	30	25	mA	
IDD3P-S	tbd	12	8	12	8	12	8	mA	
IDD3N	tbd	55	45	50	40	50	40	mA	
IDD4W	tbd	175	165	155	145	135	125	mA	
IDD4R	tbd	180	170	160	150	140	130	mA	
IDD5	tbd	150	135	140	125	140	125	mA	
IDD6	tbd	8	4	8	4	8	4	mA	
IDD7	tbd	300	270	300	270	300	270	mA	

is in the second



Input/Output capacitance

Parameter	Symbol		2-400 2-533	DDR	2-667	DDR	Units	
		Min	Мах	Min	Мах	Min	Max	
Input capacitance, CK and \overline{CK}	сск	1.0	2.0	1.0	2.0	1.0	2.0	pF
Input capacitance delta, CK and \overline{CK}	CDCK	х	0.25	х	0.25	х	0.25	pF
Input capacitance, all other input-only pins	СІ	1.0	2.0	1.0	2.0	1.0	1.75	pF
Input capacitance delta, all other input-only pins	CDI	х	0.25	х	0.25	х	0.25	pF
Input/output capacitance, DQ, DM, DQS, DQS	CIO	2.5	4.0	2.5	3.5	2.5	3.5	pF
Input/output capacitance delta, DQ, DM, DQS, DQS	CDIO	х	0.5	х	0.5	х	0.5	pF

Electrical Characteristics & AC Timing for DDR2-800/667/533/400

 $(0 \circ C \le T_{OPER} \le 95 \circ C; V_{DDQ} = 1.8V \pm 0.1V; V_{DD} = 1.8V \pm 0.1V)$

Refresh Parameters by Device Density

Parameter		Symbol	256Mb	512Mb	1Gb	2Gb	4Gb	Units
Refresh to active/Refresh command time	tRFC		75	105	127.5	195	327.5	ns
		$0~^{\circ}C \leq T_{CASE} \leq 85^{\circ}C$	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	μS
Average periodic refresh interval	tREFI	$85~^\circ C < T_{CASE} \le 95^\circ C$	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	μS

Speed Bins and CL, tRCD, tRP, tRC and tRAS for Corresponding Bin

Speed	DDR2-	800(E7)	DDR2-	667(E6)	DDR2-	533(D5)	DDR2-4	400(CC)	
Bin(CL - tRCD - tRP)	5 - 5	5 - 5	5 - 5 - 5		4	4 - 4	3 - 3	Units	
Parameter	min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max	
tCK, CL=3	5	8	5	8	5	8	5	8	ns
tCK, CL=4	3.75	8	3.75	8	3.75	8	5	8	ns
tCK, CL=5	2.5	8	3	8	3.75	8	-	-	ns
tRCD	12.5	-	15	-	15	-	15	-	ns
tRP	12.5	-	15	-	15	-	15	-	ns
tRC	51.5	-	54	-	55	-	55	-	ns
tRAS	39	70000	39	70000	40	70000	40	70000	ns



Timing Parameters by Speed Grade

(Refer to notes for informations related to this table at the bottom)

Davana	Symbol	DDR	2-800	DDR	2-667	DDR	2-533	DDR2-400		Units	Notes
Parameter	Symbol	min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max	Units	NOLES
DQ output access time from CK/CK	tAC	-400	+400	-450	+450	-500	+500	-600	+600	ps	
DQS output access time from CK/CK	tDQSCK	-350	+350	-400	+400	-450	+450	-500	+500	ps	
CK high-level width	tCH	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	tCK	
CK low-level width	tCL	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	tCK	
CK half period	tHP	min(tCL, tCH)	x	min(tCL, tCH)	x	min(tCL, tCH)	x	min(tCL, tCH)	x	ps	20,21
Clock cycle time, CL=x	tCK	2500	8000	3000	8000	3750	8000	5000	8000	ps	24
DQ and DM input hold time	tDH(base)	125	x	175	x	225	x	275	x	ps	15,16, 17,20
DQ and DM input setup time	tDS(base)	50	x	100	x	100	x	150	x	ps	15,16, 17,21
Control & Address input pulse width for each input	tIPW	0.6	x	0.6	x	0.6	x	0.6	x	tCK	
DQ and DM input pulse width for each input	tDIPW	0.35	x	0.35	x	0.35	х	0.35	x	tCK	
Data-out high-impedance time from CK/CK	tHZ	x	tAC max	ps							
DQS low-impedance time from CK/CK	tLZ(DQS)	tAC min	tAC max	ps	27						
DQ low-impedance time from CK/CK	tLZ(DQ)	2*tAC min	tAC max	2*tAC min	tAC max	2* tACmin	tAC max	2* tACmin	tAC max	ps	27
DQS-DQ skew for DQS and associated DQ signals	tDQSQ	×	200	x	240	×	300	x	350	ps	22
DQ hold skew factor	tQHS	x	300	x	340	x	400	x	450	ps	21
DQ/DQS output hold time from DQS	tQH	tHP - tQHS	x	tHP - tQHS	×O	tHP - tQHS	x	tHP - tQHS	x	ps	
First DQS latching transition to associated clock edge	tDQSS	-0.25	0.25	-0.25	0.25	-0.25	0.25	-0.25	0.25	tCK	
DQS input high pulse width	tDQSH	0.35	x	0.35	x	0.35	x	0.35	x	tCK	
DQS input low pulse width	tDQSL	0.35	x	0.35	x	0.35	x	0.35	x	tCK	
DQS falling edge to CK setup time	tDSS	0.2	x	0.2	x	0.2	x	0.2	x	tCK	
DQS falling edge hold time from CK	tDSH	0.2	x	0.2	x	0.2	х	0.2	x	tCK	
Mode register set command cycle time	tMRD	2	x	2	x	2	х	2	x	tCK	
Write postamble	tWPST	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	tCK	19
Write preamble	tWPRE	0.35	x	0.35	x	0.35	х	0.35	x	tCK	
Address and control input hold time	tlH(base)	250	x	275	x	375	x	475	x	ps	14,16,1 8,23
Address and control input setup time	tIS(base)	175	x	200	x	250	x	350	x	ps	14,16,1 8,22
Read preamble	tRPRE	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	tCK	28
Read postamble	tRPST	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	tCK	28
Active to active command period for 1KB page size products	tRRD	7.5	x	7.5	x	7.5	x	7.5	x	ns	12
Active to active command period for 2KB page size products	tRRD	10	x	10	x	10	x	10	x	ns	12
Four Activate Window for 1KB page size products	tFAW	35		37.5		37.5		37.5		ns	
Four Activate Window for 2KB page size products	tFAW	45		50		50		50		ns	
CAS to CAS command delay	tCCD	2		2		2		2		tCK	
Write recovery time	tWR	15	x	15	x	15	х	15	x	ns	
Auto precharge write recovery + precharge time	tDAL	WR+tRP	х	WR+tRP	х	WR+tRP	х	WR+tRP	х	tCK	23
Internal write to read command delay	tWTR	7.5		7.5	х	7.5	х	10	х	ns	33
Internal read to precharge command delay	tRTP	7.5		7.5		7.5		7.5		ns	11
Exit self refresh to a non-read command	tXSNR	tRFC + 10		ns							



512Mb C-die DDR2 SDRAM

DDR2 SDRAM

	Sumbal	DDR	2-800	DDR	2-667	DDR2	2-533	DDR	2-400	Units	Natas
Parameter	Symbol	min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max	Units	Notes
Exit self refresh to a read command	tXSRD	200		200		200		200		tCK	
Exit precharge power down to any non-read command	tXP	2	x	2	x	2	x	2	x	tCK	
Exit active power down to read command	tXARD	2	x	2	x	2	x	2	x	tCK	9
Exit active power down to read command (slow exit, lower power)	tXARDS	8 - AL		7 - AL		6 - AL		6 - AL		tCK	9, 10
CKE minimum pulse width (high and low pulse width)	^t CKE	3		3		3		3		tCK	36
ODT turn-on delay	^t AOND	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	tCK	
ODT turn-on	^t AON	tAC(min)	tAC(max) +0.7	tAC(min)	tAC(max) +0.7	tAC(min)	tAC(max) +1	tAC(min)	tAC(max) +1	ns	13, 25
ODT turn-on(Power-Down mode)	^t AONPD	tAC(min)+ 2	2tCK+tAC (max)+1	tAC(min)+ 2	2tCK+tAC (max)+1	tAC(min)+ 2	2tCK+tA C(max)+ 1	tAC(min)+ 2	2tCK+tAC (max)+1	ns	
ODT turn-off delay	^t AOFD	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	tCK	
ODT turn-off	^t AOF	tAC(min)	tAC(max) + 0.6	tAC(min)	tAC(max) + 0.6	tAC(min)	tAC(max)+ 0.6	tAC(min)	tAC(max)+ 0.6	ns	26
ODT turn-off (Power-Down mode)	^t AOFPD	tAC(min)+ 2	2.5tCK+ tAC(max) +1	tAC(min)+ 2	2.5tCK+ tAC(max) +1	tAC(min)+ 2	2.5tCK+ tAC(max) +1	tAC(min)+ 2	2.5tCK+ tAC(max) +1	ns	
ODT to power down entry latency	tANPD	3		3		3		3		tCK	
ODT power down exit latency	tAXPD	8		8		8		8		tCK	
OCD drive mode output delay	tOIT	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	ns	
Minimum time clocks remains ON after CKE asynchronously drops LOW	tDelay	tIS+tCK +tIH		tIS+tCK +tIH	头背	tIS+tCK +tIH	211	tIS+tCK +tIH		ns	24

тин tiS+tCK tiS+tCK +tiH tiS+tCK



General notes, which may apply for all AC parameters

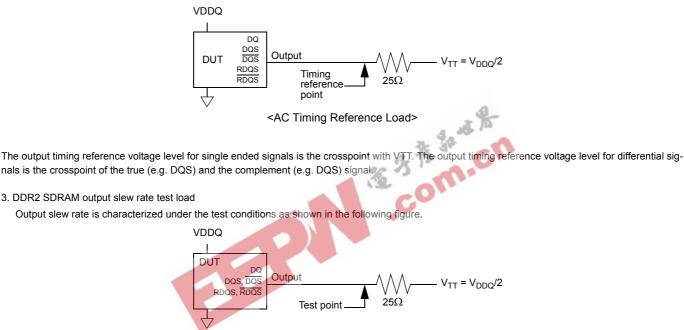
1. Slew Rate Measurement Levels

a. Output slew rate for falling and rising edges is measured <u>between VTT</u> - 250 mV and VTT + 250 mV for single ended signals. For differential signals (e.g. DQS - DQS) output slew rate is measured between DQS - DQS = -500 mV and DQS - DQS = +500mV. Output slew rate is guaranteed by design, but is not necessarily tested on each device.

- b. Input slew rate for single ended signals is measured from dc-level to ac-level: from VIL(dc) to VIH(ac) for rising edges and from VIH(dc) and VIL(ac) for falling edges
- For differential signals (e.g. CK CK) slew rate for rising edges is measured from CK CK = -250 mV to CK CK = +500 mV (250mV to -500 mV for falling edges).
- c. VID is the magnitude of the difference between the input voltage on CK and the input voltage on CK, or between DQS and DQS for differential strobe.

2. DDR2 SDRAM AC timing reference load

Following figure represents the timing reference load used in defining the relevant timing parameters of the part. It is not intended to be either a precise representation of the typical system environment or a depiction of the actual load presented by a production tester. System designers will use IBIS or other simulation tools to correlate the timing reference load to a system environment. Manufacturers will correlate to their production test conditions (generally a coaxial transmission line terminated at the tester electronics)

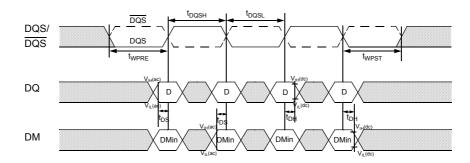


<Slew Rate Test Load>



4. Differential data strobe

DDR2 SDRAM pin timings are specified for either single ended mode or differential mode depending on the setting of the EMRS "Enable DQS" mode bit; timing advantages of differential mode are realized in system design. The method by which the DDR2 SDRAM pin timings are measured is mode dependent. In single ended mode, timing relationships are measured relative to the rising or falling edges of DQS crossing at VREF. In differential mode, these timing relationships are measured relative to the crosspoint of DQS and its complement, DQS. This distinction in timing methods is guaranteed by design and characterization. Note that when differential data strobe mode is disabled via the EMRS, the complementary pin, DQS, must be tied externally to VSS through a 20 ohm to 10 K ohm resisor to insure proper operation.



CK/CK CK/CK

<Data input (write) timing>

5. AC timings are for linear signal transitions.

6. These parameters guarantee device behavior, but they are not necessarily tested on each device. They may be guaranteed by device design or tester correlation.

7. All voltages are referenced to VSS.

8. Tests for AC timing, IDD, and electrical (AC and DC) characteristics, may be conducted at nominal reference/supply voltage levels, but the related specifications and device operation are guaranteed for the full voltage range specified.



Specific Notes for dedicated AC parameters

9. User can choose which active power down exit timing to use via MRS(bit 12). tXARD is expected to be used for fast active power down exit timing. tXARDS is expected to be used for slow active power down exit timing.

10. AL = Additive Latency

17. tDS and tDH derating Values

11. This is a minimum requirement. Minimum read to precharge timing is AL + BL/2 providing the tRTP and tRAS(min) have been satisfied.

12. A minimum of two clocks (2 * tCK) is required irrespective of operating frequency

13. Timings are guaranteed with command/address input slew rate of 1.0 V/ns.

14. These parameters guarantee device behavior, but they are not necessarily tested on each device. They may be guaranteed by device design or tester correlation

15. Timings are guaranteed with data, mask, and (DQS/RDQS in singled ended mode) input slew rate of 1.0 V/ns.

16. Timings are guaranteed with CK/CK differential slew rate of 2.0 V/ns. Timings are guaranteed for DQS signals with a differential slew rate of 2.0 V/ns. in differential strobe mode and a slew rate of 1V/ns in single ended mode.

		L	∆tDS, ∆	tDH De	rating V	/alues d	of DDR2	2-400, C	DR2-53	3 (ALL	units i	n 'ps', N	lote 1 a	pplies	to entir	e Table)		
			DQS,DQS Differential Slew Rate																
		4.0 V/ns 3.0 V/ns			V/ns	2.0	V/ns	1.8	V/ns	1.6	V/ns	1.4	//ns	1.2	//ns	1.0V/ns		0.8\	V/ns
		∆tDS	$\Delta t D H$	ΔtDS	$\Delta t D H$	$\Delta t DS$	$\Delta t D H$	ΔtDS	ΔtDH	$\Delta t DS$	$\Delta t D H$	∆tDS	$\Delta t D H$	$\Delta t DS$	$\Delta t D H$	$\Delta t DS$	$\Delta t D H$	∆tDS	∆tDH
	2.0	125	45	125	45	125	45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1.5	83	21	83	21	83	21	95	33	•	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-
	1.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	12	24	24	-		- 8	-	-	-	-	-
DQ	0.9	-	-	-11	-14	-11	-14	1	-2	13	10	25	22	-	-	-	-	-	-
Siew rate	0.8	-	-	•	-	-25	-31	-13	-19	-1	-7	11	5	23	17	-	-	-	-
V/ns	0.7	-	-	•	-	-	-	-31	-42	-19	-30	-7	-18	5	-6	17	6	-	-
	0.6	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-43	-59	-31	-47	-19	-35	-7	-23	5	-11
	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-74	-89	-62	-77	-50	-65	-38	-53
	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-127	-140	-115	-128	-103	-116

		Δ	tDS, ∆t	DH Der	ating V	alues fo	or DDR	2-667, 0	DR2-8	00 (ALL	. units i	n 'ps', I	Note 1 a	applies	to entir	e Table	e)		
								D	QS,DQ	S Differ	ential S	lew Ra	te						
		4.0	4.0 V/ns 3.0 V/ns 2.0 V/ns						V/ns	1.6	1.6 V/ns		1.4V/ns		//ns	1.0V/ns		0.8V/ns	
		ΔtDS	$\Delta t D H$	∆tDS	∆tDH	∆tDS	∆tDH	∆tDS	$\Delta t D H$	$\Delta t DS$	$\Delta t D H$	$\Delta t DS$	ΔtDH	$\Delta t DS$	$\Delta t D H$	$\Delta t DS$	$\Delta t D H$	$\Delta t DS$	∆tDH
	2.0	100	45	100	45	100	45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1.5	67	21	67	21	67	21	79	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	12	24	24	•	•	•	-	-	•	•	-
DQ	0.9	-	-	-5	-14	-5	-14	7	-2	19	10	31	22	-	-	-	-	-	-
Slew rate	0.8	-	-	•	-	-13	-31	-1	-19	11	-7	23	5	35	17	-	-	-	-
V/ns	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-10	-42	2	-30	14	-18	26	-6	38	6	-	-
	0.6	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-10	-59	2	-47	14	-35	26	-23	38	-11
	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-24	-89	-12	-77	0	-65	12	-53
	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-52	-140	-40	-128	-28	-116

For all input signals the total tDS (setup time) and tDH(hold time) required is calculated by adding the datasheet tDS(base) and tDH(base) value to the delta tDS and delta tDH derating value respectively. Example: tDS(total setup time)= tDS(base) + delta tDS.



18. tIS and tIH (input setup and hold) derating.

				CK,CK Differe	ntial Slew Rate				
	F	2.0	V/ns	1.5	V/ns	1.0	V/ns	Units	Notes
		∆tIS	∆tlH	∆tIS	∆tIH	∆tIS	∆tlH		
	4.0	+187	+94	+217	+124	+247	+154	ps	1
	3.5	+179	+89	+209	+119	+239	+149	ps	1
	3.0	+167	+83	+197	+113	+227	+143	ps	1
	2.5	+150	+75	+180	+105	+210	+135	ps	1
	2.0	+125	+45	+155	+75	+185	+105	ps	1
	1.5	+83	+21	+113	+51	+143	+81	ps	1
	1.0	0	0	+30	+30	+60	60	ps	1
Command/Ad-	0.9	-11	-14	+19	+16	+49	+46	ps	1
dress Slew rate	0.8	-25	-31	+5	-1	+35	+29	ps	1
(V/ns)	0.7	-43	-54	-13	-24	+17	+6	ps	1
	0.6	-67	-83	-37	-53	-7	-23	ps	1
	0.5	-110	-125	-80	-95	-50	-65	ps	1
	0.4	-175	-188	-145	-158	-115	-128	ps	1
	0.3	-285	-292	-255	-262	-225	-232	ps	1
Ē	0.25	-350	-375	-320	-345	-290	-315	ps	1
Ē	0.2	-525	-500	-495	-470	-465	-440	ps	1
ſ	0.15	-800	-708	-770	-678	-740	-648	ps	1

			∆tIS and ∆tI	H Derating Val	ues for DDR2-	667, DDR2-800			
					ntial Slew Rate				
		2.0	V/ns	1.5	V/ns	1.0	V/ns	Units	Notes
		∆tIS	ΔtIH	∆tIS	AtlH	∆tIS	∆tlH		
	4.0	+150	+94	+180	+124	+210	+154	ps	1
	3.5	+143	+89	+173	+119	+203	+149	ps	1
	3.0	+133	+83	+163	+113	+193	+143	ps	1
	2.5	+120	+75	+150	+105	+180	+135	ps	1
	2.0	+100	+45	+130	+75	+160	+105	ps	1
	1.5	+67	+21	+97	+51	+127	+81	ps	1
	1.0	0	0	+30	+30	+60	+60	ps	1
	0.9	-5	-14	+25	+16	+55	+46	ps	1
Command/Ad- dress Slew	0.8	-13	-31	+17	-1	+47	+29	ps	1
rate (V/ns)	0.7	-22	-54	+8	-24	+38	+6	ps	1
()	0.6	-34	-83	-4	-53	+26	-23	ps	1
	0.5	-60	-125	-30	-95	0	-65	ps	1
	0.4	-100	-188	-70	-158	-40	-128	ps	1
	0.3	-168	-292	-138	-262	-108	-232	ps	1
	0.25	-200	-375	-170	-345	-140	-315	ps	1
	0.2	-325	-500	-295	-470	-265	-440	ps	1
	0.15	-517	-708	-487	-678	-457	-648	ps	1
F	0.1	-1000	-1125	-970	-1095	-940	-1065	ps	1



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For all input signals the total tIS (setup time) and tIH (hold time) required is calculated by adding the datasheet tIS(base) and tIH(base) value to the delta tIS and delta tIH derating value respectively. Example: tIS (total setup time) = tIS(base) + delta tIS

19. The maximum limit for this parameter is not a device limit. The device will operate with a greater value for this parameter, but system performance (bus turnaround) will degrade accordingly.

20. MIN (tCL, tCH) refers to the smaller of the actual clock low time and the actual clock high time as provided to the device (i.e. this value can be greate than the minimum specification limits for tCL and tCH). For example, tCL and tCH are = 50% of the period, less the half period jitter (tJIT(HP)) of the clock source, and less the half period jitter due to crosstalk (tJIT(crosstalk)) into the clock traces.

21. tQH = tHP - tQHS, where:

tHP = minimum half clock period for any given cycle and is defined by clock high or clock low (tCH, tCL).

tQHS accounts for:

1) The pulse duration distortion of on-chip clock circuits; and

2) The worst case push-out of DQS on one transition followed by the worst case pull-in of DQ on the next transition, both of which are, separately, due to data pin skew and output pattern effects, and pchannel to n-channel variation of the output drivers.

22. tDQSQ: Consists of data pin skew and output pattern effects, and p-channel to n-channel variation of the output drivers as well as output slew rate mismatch between DQS / DQS and associated DQ in any given cycle.

23. tDAL = WR + RU{tRP(ns)/tCK(ns)}, where RU stands for round up.

WR refers to the tWR parameter stored in the MRS. For tRP, if the result of the division is not already an integer, round up to the next highest integer. tCP refers to the application clock period.

Example: For DDR533 at tCK = 3.75ns with tWR programmed to 4 clocks.

tDAL = 4 + (15 ns / 3.75 ns) clocks = 4 + (4) clocks = 8 clocks.

24. The clock frequency is allowed to change during self–refresh mode or precharge power-down mode. In case of clock frequency change during precharge power-down, a specific procedure is required as described in DDR2 device operation

25. ODT turn on time min is when the device leaves high impedance and ODT resistance begins to turn of ODT turn on time max is when the ODT resistance is fully on. Both are measured from tAOND.

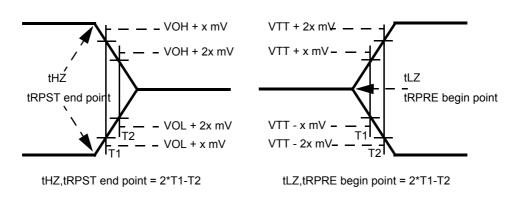
26. ODT turn off time min is when the device starts to turn off ODT resistance. ODT turn off time max is when the bus is in high impedance. Both are measured from tAOFD.

27. tHZ and tLZ transitions occur in the same access time as valid data transitions. These parameters are referenced to a specific voltage level which specifies when the device output is no longer driving (tHZ), or begins driving (tLZ). Following figure shows a method to calculate the point when device is no longer driving (tHZ), or begins driving the signal at two different voltages. The actual voltage measurement points are not critical as long as the calculation is consistent.

28. tRPST end point and tRPRE begin point are not referenced to a specific voltage level but specify when the device output is no longer driving (tRPST), or begins driving (tRPRE). Following figure shows a method to calculate these points when the device is no longer driving (tRPST), or begins driving (tRPRE) by measuring the signal at two different voltages. The actual voltage measurement points are not critical as long as the calculation is consistent. These notes are referenced in the "Timing parameters by speed grade" tables for DDR2-400/533/667 and DDR2-800.



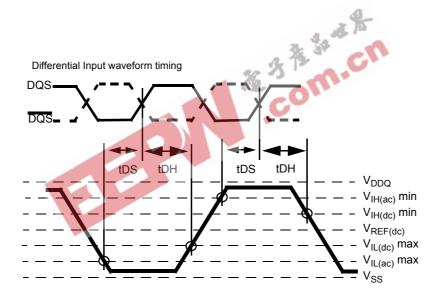
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<Test method for tLZ, tHZ, tRPRE and tRPST>

29. Input waveform timing with differential data strobe enabled MR[bit10]=0, is referenced from the input signal crossing at the $V_{IH(ac)}$ level to the differential data strobe crosspoint for a rising signal, and from the input signal crossing at the $V_{IL(ac)}$ level to the differential data strobe crosspoint for a falling signal applied to the device under test.

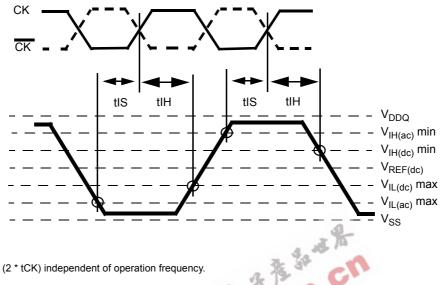
30. Input waveform timing with differential data strobe enabled MR[bit10]=0, is referenced from the input signal crossing at the $V_{IH(dc)}$ level to the differential data strobe crosspoint for a rising signal and $V_{IL(dc)}$ to the differential data strobe crosspoint for a falling signal applied to the device under test.





31. Input waveform timing is referenced from the input signal crossing at the V_{IH(ac)} level for a rising signal and V_{IL(ac)} for a falling signal applied to the device under test.

32. Input waveform timing is referenced from the input signal crossing at the V_{IL(dc)} level for a rising signal and V_{IH(dc)} for a falling signal applied to the device under test.



33. tWTR is at lease two clocks (2 * tCK) independent of operation frequency.

34. Input waveform timing with single-ended data strobe enabled MR[bit10] = 1, is referenced from the input signal crossing at the VIH(ac) level to the single-ended data strobe crossing VIH/L(dc) at the start of its transition for a rising signal, and from the input signal crossing at the VIL(ac) level to the singleended data strobe crossing VIH/L(dc) at the start of its transition for a falling signal applied to the device under test. The DQS signal must be monotonic between Vil(dc)max and Vih(dc)min.

35. Input waveform timing with single-ended data strobe enabled MR[bit10] = 1, is referenced from the input signal crossing at the VIH(dc) level to the single-ended data strobe crossing VIH/L(ac) at the end of its transition for a rising signal, and from the input signal crossing at the VIL(dc) level to the singleended data strobe crossing VIH/L(ac) at the end of its transition for a falling signal applied to the device under test. The DQS signal must be monotonic between Vil(dc)max and Vih(dc)min.

36. tCKEmin of 3 clocks means CKE must be registered on three consecutive positive clock edges. CKE must remain at the valid input level the entire time it takes to achieve the 3 clocks of registeration. Thus, after any CKE transition, CKE may not change from its valid level during the time period of tIS + 2*tCK + tIH.



Revision History

Version 1.0 (Feb. 2005)

- Initial Release

Version 1.1 (Mar. 2005)

- Added Low power current values for 533&400 speed

- Changed IDD3N/2Q normal current values for x16 org.

Version 1.2 (May 2005)

- Corrected typo

Version 1.3 (Jul. 2005) - Revised the Odering Information

Version 1.4 (Aug. 2005)

- Revised the IDD Current Values



