



# DCP0105 Series

# Miniature 5V Input, 1W Isolated UNREGULATED DC/DC CONVERTERS

# **FEATURES**

- STANDARD JEDEC PLASTIC PACKAGE
- MEETS EN55022 CLASS B
- LOW PROFILE: 0.15" (3.8mm)
- SYNCHRONIZABLE
- OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT PROTECTION
- THERMAL SHUTDOWN
- STARTS INTO ANY CAPACITIVE LOAD
- FLOATING OUTPUTS
- EFFICIENCY: Up to 75% (at Full Load)
- 1000Vrms ISOLATION
- 400kHz SWITCHING
- 108 MILLION HOURS MTTF
- 5V, ±5V, 12V, ±12V, 15V, ±15V OUTPUTS
- AVAILABLE IN TAPE AND REEL

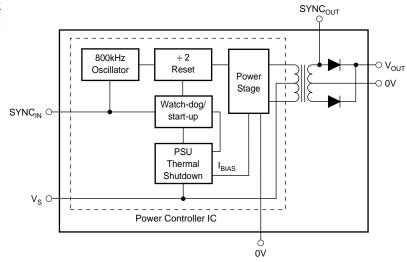
# **DESCRIPTION**

The DCP0105 family is a series of high efficiency, 5V input isolated DC/DC converters. In addition to 1W nominal galvanically isolated output power capability, the range of DC/DCs are also fully synchronizable. The devices feature thermal shutdown, and overload protection is implemented via watchdog circuitry. Advanced power-on reset techniques give superior reset performance and the devices will start into any capacitive load up to full power output.

The DCP0105 family is implemented in standard-molded IC packaging, giving outlines suitable for high volume assembly.

# **APPLICATIONS**

- POINT OF USE POWER CONVERSION
- DIGITAL INTERFACE POWER
- GROUND LOOP ELIMINATION
- DATA ACQUISITION
- INDUSTRIAL CONTROL AND INSTRUMENTATION
- TEST EQUIPMENT



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# **SPECIFICATIONS**

At  $T_A$  = +25°C,  $V_S$  = +5V, unless otherwise specified.

		DCP0105 SERIES			_ <del></del>
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
ОИТРИТ					
Power	V <sub>S</sub> + 4%		1		W
	100% Full Load		0.92		W
Voltage (V <sub>NOM</sub> )					
DCP010505	75% Full Load <sup>(1)</sup>	4.6	5	5.1	V
DCP010505D	75% Full Load	±4.6	±5	±5.1	V
DCP010512	75% Full Load	11.2	12	12.4	V
DCP010512D	75% Full Load	±11.2	±12	±12.4	V
DCP010515	75% Full Load	14.0	15	15.5	V
DCP010515D	75% Full Load	±14.0	±15	±15.5	V
Voltage vs Temperature			±0.08		%/°C
Short-Circuit Duration	V <sub>S</sub> ± 10%	Indefinite			l
Ripple	$C_L = O/P \text{ Capacitor} = 10 \mu F$		20		mVp-p
INPUT					
Nominal Voltage (V <sub>S</sub> )			5		V
Voltage Range		-10		10	%
Supply Current	100% Full Load		250		mA
Reflected Ripple Current	$C_{IN} = I/P$ Capacitor = $1\mu F$		20		mArms
1001 1001	50% Full Load				
ISOLATION	40 Floris Took		2		13/
Voltage <sup>(2)</sup> Continuous Voltage <sup>(3)</sup>	1s Flash Test	为海湾	15-11		kVrms
Insulation Resistance		₹ 3			kVrms
Insulation Resistance Input/Output Capacitance		272	2.5		GΩ pF
LOAD REGULATION			-		P.
DCP010505	10% to 100% Load	~0"	25	31	%
DOI 010000	10% to 75% Load	C	17	31	%
	75% to 100% Load		-8		%
DCP010505D	10% to 100% Load		25	32	%
	10% to 75% Load		19		%
DCP010512	75% to 100% Load 10% to 100% Load		-8 17	38	% %
DOI 010012	10% to 25% Load		7	30	%
	25% to 75% Load		12		%
	75% to 100% Load		-7		%
DCP010512D	10% to 100% Load		20	37	%
	10% to 25% Load 25% to 75% Load		7 12		% %
	75% to 100% Load		-7		%
DCP010515	10% to 100% Load		20	42	%
	10% to 25% Load		11		%
	25% to 75% Load		12 -7		% %
DCP010515D	75% to 100% Load 10% to 100% Load			44	
DCP010313D	10% to 100% Load		16 11	41	% %
	25% to 75% Load		12		%
	75% to 100% Load		-7		%
SWITCHING/SYNCHRONIZATION	Outlet 1 5 5 5		000		.,.
Oscillator Frequency (F <sub>OSC</sub> )	Switching Frequency = F <sub>OSC</sub> /2		800	0.0	kHz
Sync Input Current	\/ .3\/	0	40	0.8	V
Sync Input Current	$V_{SYNC} = +2V$		48		μΑ
Reset Time			3.8		μs ν⊔-
SYNC <sub>OUT</sub> Frequency			400		kHz
GENERAL No. Load Current					
No Load Current	00/ 5:41		20		A
DCP010505P	0% Full Load		38		mA mA
DCP010505DP	0% Full Load		40		mA
DCP010512P	0% Full Load		30 33		mA m∆
DCP010512DP DCP010515P	0% Full Load 0% Full Load		33		mA mA
DCP010515DP	0% Full Load	I	34		mA



# SPECIFICATIONS (CONT)

At  $T_A = +25$ °C,  $V_S = +5V$ , unless otherwise specified.

	DCP0105 SERIES				
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
GENERAL (Cont)					
Efficiency					
DCP010505	100% Full Load		71		%
	10% Full Load		40		%
DCP010505D	100% Full Load		66		%
	10% Full Load		47		%
DCP010512	100% Full Load		72		%
	10% Full Load		38		%
DCP010512D	100% Full Load		72		%
	10% Full Load		36		%
DCP010515	100% Full Load		73		%
	10% Full Load		40		%
DCP010515D	100% Full Load		75		%
	10% Full Load		38		%
MTTF <sup>(3)</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> = +85°C	158,000			hrs
	T <sub>A</sub> = +55°C	3,050,000			hrs
	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	108,000,000			hrs
Weight	14-Pin PDIP		1.08		g
THERMAL SHUTDOWN					
Internal Controller IC Temperature		115 🚜		140	°C
Shutdown Current		3 10	3		mA
TEMPERATURE RANGE	70	4.0			
Operating	2 2	-40		+100	°C

NOTES: (1) 100% load current = 1W/V<sub>NOM</sub> typical. (2) Rated working voltage = 130Vrms (IEC950 Convention). (3) Life test data.

## **EMC SPECIFICATIONS**

## Specifications and Related Documents

The DCP010505 was tested to and complied with the limits of the following EMC specifications:

Conducted RF emission, telecomm lines. prEN55022 (1992) EN55022 (1995) Limits and methods of measurement of radio interference characteristics of information technology equipment. ENV50140 (1993) Electromagnetic compatibility. Basic immunity standard. Radiated RF immunity. ENV50141 (1993) Electromagnetic compatibility. Basic immunity standard. Conducted RF immunity. EN61000-4-2 (1995) Electromagnetic compatibility, Part 4. Testing and measurement techniques, Section 2. Electrostatic discharge. Electromagnetic compatibility, Part 4. Testing and measurement techniques, Section 4. Electrical fast EN61000-4-4 (1995) transient bursts. Electromagnetic compatibility, Part 4. Testing and measurement techniques, Section 8. Power frequency EN61000-4-8 (1994) magnetic field immunity.

#### **List of Tests**

The following is a list of tests which were required for compliance with the above specifications:

Conducted Emission Test 150kHz to 30MHz, power and output lines, Class B limits applying. DC/DC loads of

0%, 8%, and 120% applying.

Radiated Emission Test 30MHz to 1000MHz, Class B limits applying. DC/DC loads of 0%, 8%, and 120%

applying.

Radiated Immunity Test, Electric Field 80MHz to 1000MHz, 10V/m, 1kHz 80% AM.

Radiated Immunity Test, Electric Field 900MHz, 10V/m, 200Hz 100% PM.

Electrostatic Discharge Test 4kV, HCP/VCP indirect discharge only.

Electrical Fast Transient Tests 2kV power lines, 2kV signal lines.

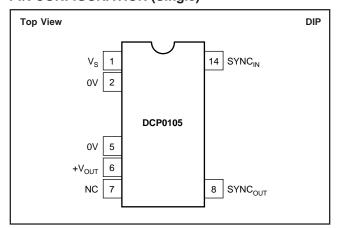
Conducted RF Immunity Tests 150kHz to 80MHz, power and output lines, 10Vrms, 1kHz 80% AM.

Radiated Immunity Test, Magnetic Field 50Hz, 30A/m

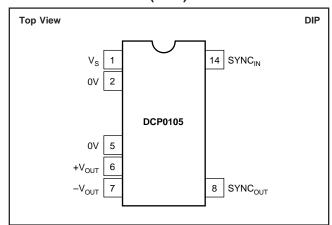
BURR-BROWN®

DCP0105

# **PIN CONFIGURATION (Single)**



# **PIN CONFIGURATION (Dual)**



## **PIN DEFINITIONS (Single)**

PIN#	PIN NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	Vs	Voltage Input.
2	οΫ	Input Side Common.
5	0V	Output Side Common.
6	+V <sub>OUT</sub>	+Voltage Out.
7	NC	Not Connected.
8	SYNC <sub>OUT</sub>	Unregulated 400kHz Output from Transformer.
14	SYNCIN	Synchronization Pin.

# **PIN DEFINITIONS (Dual)**

DN	PIN #	PIN NAME	DESCRIPTION
t.	1	V <sub>S</sub>	Voltage Input.
ommon.	2	0V	Input Side Common.
Common.	5	0V	Output Side Common.
i.	6	+V <sub>OUT</sub>	+Voltage Out.
ed.	7	-V <sub>OUT</sub>	-Voltage Out.
400kHz Output from Transformer.	8	SYNC <sub>OUT</sub>	Unregulated 400kHz Output from Transformer.
ion Pin.	14	SYNC <sub>IN</sub>	Synchronization Pin.
	1	COL	A.C.

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## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

ı	Input Voltage	7V
	Storage Temperature	
	Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	300°C

## **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Basic Model Number: 1W Product  Voltage Input: 5V In  Voltage Output: 5V Out Dual Output: Package Code:
P = 14-Pin Plastic DIP P-U = 14-Pin Plastic DIP Gull Wing

# ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE SENSITIVITY

This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Burr-Brown recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

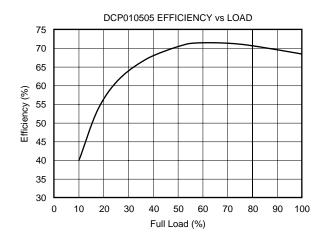
## PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION

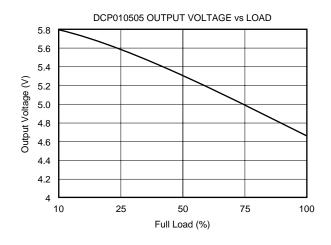
PRODUCT	PACKAGE	PACKAGE DRAWING NUMBER <sup>(1)</sup>	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	PACKAGE MARKING	ORDERING NUMBER <sup>(2)</sup>	TRANSPORT MEDIA
Single						
DCP010505	14-Pin PDIP	010-1	-40°C to +100°C	DCP010505P	DCP010505P	Rails
DCP010505	14-Pin PDIP Gull Wing	010-2	-40°C to +100°C	DCP010505P-U	DCP010505P-U	Rails
"	"	"	н	11	DCP010505P-U/700	Tape and Reel
DCP010512	14-Pin PDIP	010-1	-40°C to +100°C	DCP010512P	DCP010505P	Rails
DCP010512	14-Pin PDIP Gull Wing	010-2	-40°C to +100°C	DCP010512P-U	DCP010505P-U	Rails
"	"	"	" "	7.0	DCP010505P-U/700	Tape and Reel
DCP010515	14-Pin PDIP	010-1	-40°C to +100°C	DCP010515P	DCP010505P	Rails
DCP010515	14-Pin PDIP Gull Wing	010-2	-40°C to +100°C	DCP010515P-U	DCP010505P-U	Rails
"	"	"	36. "3	100	DCP010505P-U/700	Tape and Reel
Dual			136			
DCP010505D	14-Pin PDIP	010-1	-40°C to +100°C	DCP010505DP	DCP010505DP	Rails
DCP010505D	14-Pin PDIP Gull Wing	010-2	-40°C to +100°C	DCP010505DP-U	DCP010505DP-U	Rails
"	"	п		"	DCP010505DP-U/700	Tape and Reel
DCP010512D	14-Pin PDIP	010-1	-40°C to +100°C	DCP010512DP	DCP010512DP	Rails
DCP010512D	14-Pin PDIP Gull Wing	010-2	-40°C to +100°C	DCP010512DP-U	DCP010512DP-U	Rails
"	"	"	"	"	DCP010512DP-U/700	Tape and Reel
DCP010515D	14-Pin PDIP	010-1	-40°C to +100°C	DCP010515DP	DCP010515DP	Rails
DCP010515D	14-Pin PDIP Gull Wing	010-2	-40°C to +100°C	DCP010515DP-U	DCP010515DP-U	Rails
"	"	"	"	"	DCP010515DP-U/700	Tape and Reel

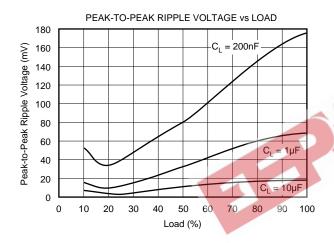
NOTES: (1) For detailed drawing and dimension table, please see end of data sheet, or Appendix C of Burr-Brown IC Data Book. (2) Models with a slash (/) are available only in Tape and Reel in the quantities indicated (e.g., /700 indicates 700 devices per reel). Ordering 700 pieces of DCP010505P-U/700 will get a single 700-piece Tape and Reel. For detailed Tape and Reel mechanical information, refer to Appendix B of Burr-Brown IC Data Book.

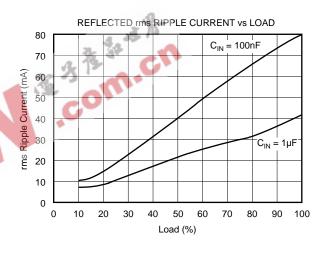
# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (Common and DCP010505 Specific)

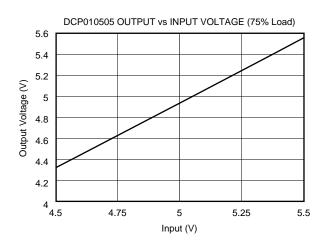
At  $T_A$  = +25°C,  $V_{OUT}$  nominal ( $V_{NOM}$ ) = +5V and  $V_S$  = +5V, unless otherwise noted.

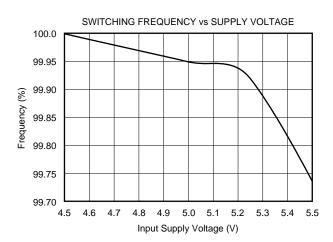








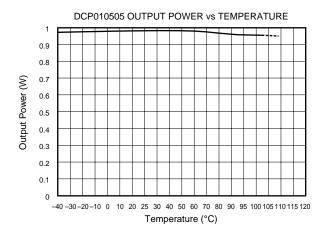


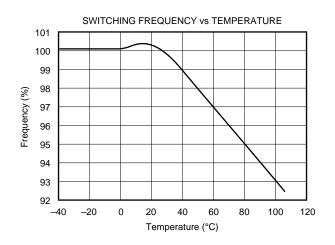


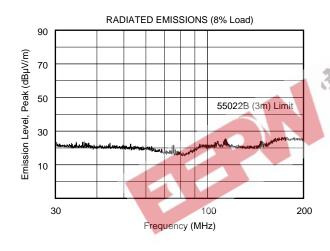


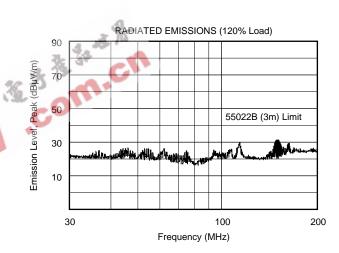
# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (Common and DCP010505 Specific, cont)

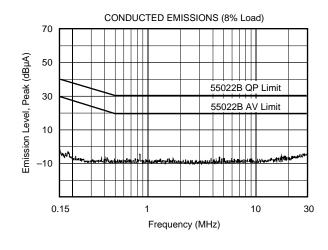
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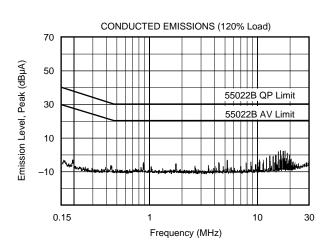








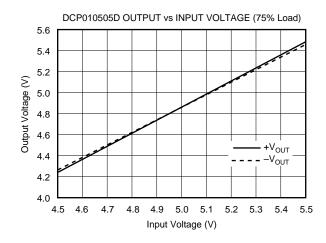


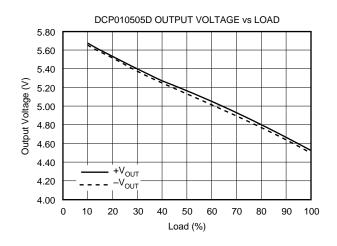


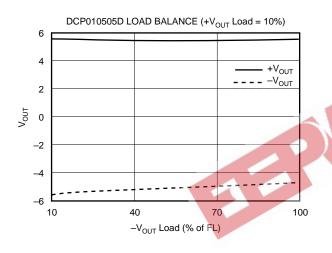
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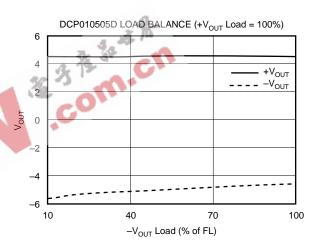
# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (DCP010505D Specific)

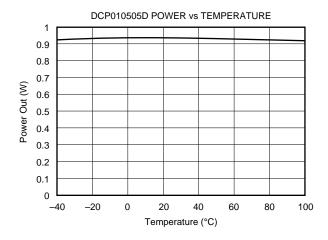
At  $T_A$  = +25°C,  $V_{OUT}$  nominal ( $V_{NOM}$ ) = ±5V and  $V_S$  = +5V, unless otherwise noted.

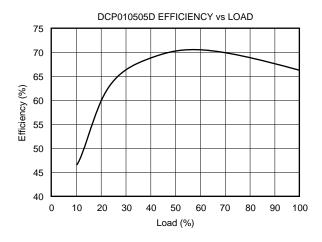








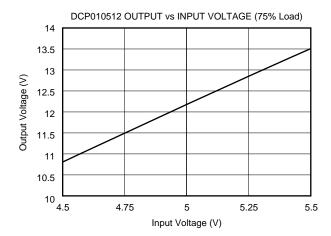


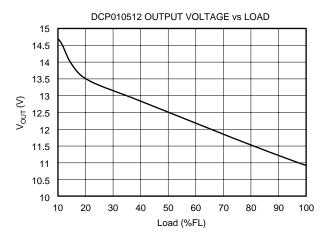


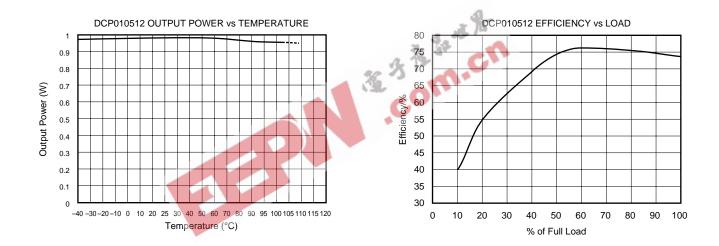


# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (DCP010512 Specific)

At  $T_A$  = +25°C,  $V_{OUT}$  nominal ( $V_{NOM}$ ) = +12V and  $V_S$  = +5V, unless otherwise noted.

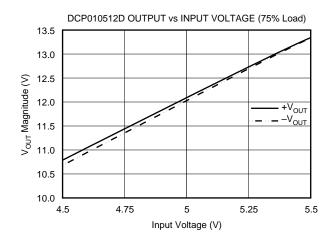


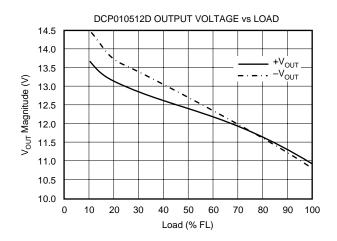


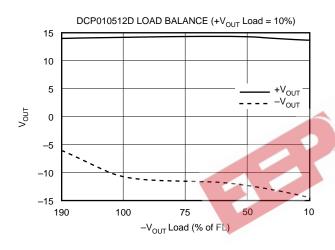


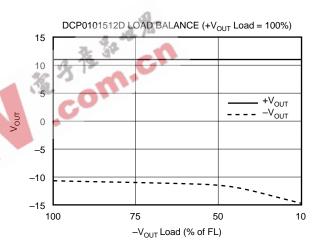
# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (DCP010512D Specific)

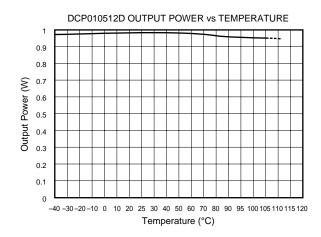
At  $T_A$  = +25°C,  $V_{OUT}$  nominal ( $V_{NOM}$ ) = ±12V and  $V_S$  = +5V, unless otherwise noted.

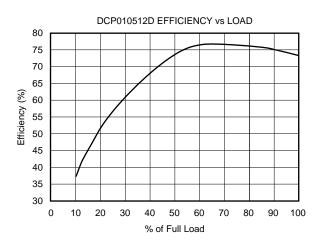








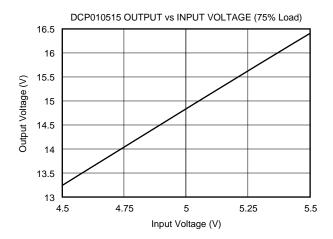


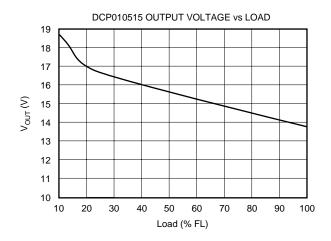


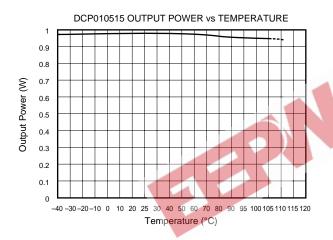


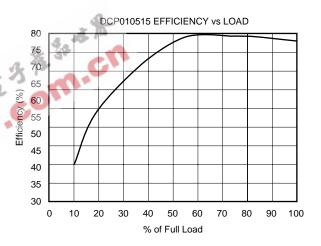
# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (DCP010515 Specific)

At  $T_A$  = +25°C,  $V_{OUT}$  nominal ( $V_{NOM}$ ) = +15V and  $V_S$  = +5V, unless otherwise noted.





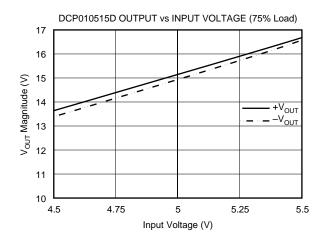


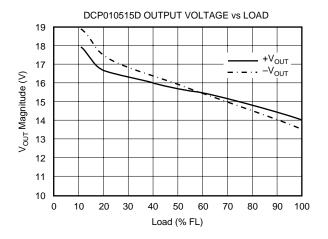


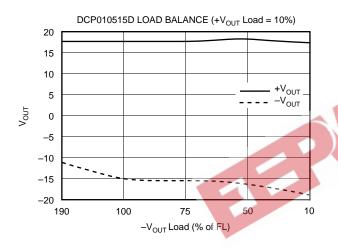
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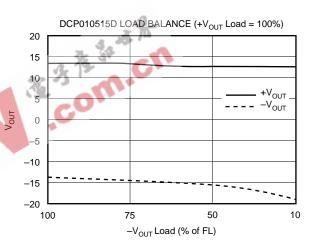
# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (DCP010515D Specific)

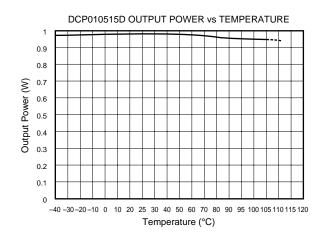
At  $T_A$  = +25°C,  $V_{OUT}$  nominal ( $V_{NOM}$ ) = ±15V and  $V_S$  = +5V, unless otherwise noted.

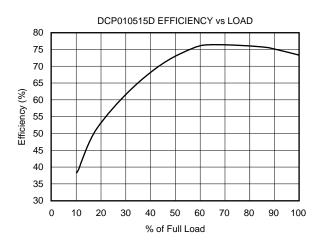














# **FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

#### **OVERVIEW**

The DCP0105 offers 1W of unregulated output power from a 5V input source with a typical efficiency of up to 75%. This is achieved through highly integrated packaging technology and the implementation of a custom power stage and control IC.

#### **POWER STAGE**

This uses a push-pull, center-tapped topology switching at 400kHz (divide by 2 from 800kHz oscillator).

#### **OSCILLATOR AND WATCHDOG**

The on-board 800kHz oscillator provides the switching frequency via a divide by 2 circuit and allows synchronization via the SYNC  $_{\rm IN}$  pins. To synchronize any number of DCP0105 family of devices, simply tie the SYNC  $_{\rm IN}$  pins together (see the Synchronization section). The watchdog circuitry protects the DC/DC against a stopped oscillator and checks the oscillator frequency which will shut down the output stage if it drops below a certain threshold—i.e., it will be tri-stated after approximately  $10\mu s$ .

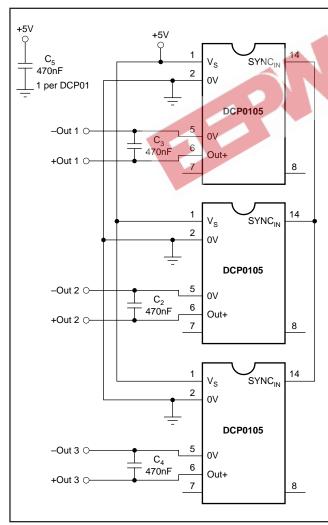


FIGURE 1. Standard Interface.

#### THERMAL SHUTDOWN

The DCP0105 is also protected by thermal shutdown. If the on-chip temperature reaches a predetermined value, the DC/DC will shutdown. This effectively gives indefinite short circuit protection for the DC/DC.

#### SYNCHRONIZATION

Any number of DCP0105 devices can be synchronized by connecting the SYNC<sub>IN</sub> pins on the devices together (see Figure 1). All the DCP0105 devices will then self-synchronize.

This same synchronization method will apply to other  $V_{\rm IN}$  versions of the DCP01 family, allowing synchronization of various  $V_{\rm OUT}$  and  $V_{\rm IN}$  DC/DCs.

Care must taken as synchronized DCP0105s will turn on simultaneously very quickly and draw 300mA each until each output capacitor is fully charged. This may exact a heavy demand on the input power supply.

The SYNC<sub>OUT</sub> pin gives an unrectified 400kHz signal from the transformer. This can be used to set the timing of external circuitry on the output side. In noise sensitive applications any pick-up from the SYNC<sub>OUT</sub> pin can be minimized by putting a guard ring round the pin (see Figure 7).

# **DIVIDE BY 2 RESET**

Isolated DC/DC converter performance normally suffers after power reset. This is because a change in the steady state transformer flux creates an offset after power-up. The DCP01 family does not suffer from this problem. This is achieved through a patented<sup>(1)</sup> technique employed on the divide by 2 reset circuitry resulting in no change in output phase after power interruption.

#### CONSTRUCTION

The DCP0105's basic construction is the same as standard ICs. There is no substrate within the molded package. The DCP0105 is constructed using an IC, rectifier diodes, and a wound magnetic toroid on a leadframe. As there is no solder within the package, the DCP0105 does not require any special PCB assembly processing. This results in an isolated DC/DC with inherently high reliability.

# **ADDITIONAL FUNCTIONS**

## **DISABLE/ENABLE**

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The DCP0105 can be disabled or enabled by driving the  $SYNC_{IN}$  pin with an open drain CMOS gate. If the  $SYNC_{IN}$  pin is pulled LOW, the DCP0105 will disable. The disable time depends on the output loading but the internal shutdown takes up to  $10\mu s$ . Making the gate open drain will re-enable the DCP0105. However, there is a trade-off in using this function; the DCP0105 quiescent current may increase and the on-chip oscillator may run slower. This degradation in performance is dependent on the external CMOS gate capacitance. Therefore, the smaller the capacitance, the lower the



performance decrease. Driving the  $SYNC_{IN}$  pin with a CPU type tri-state output, which has a low output capacitance, offers the lowest reduction in performance.

## **DECOUPLING**

# **Ripple Reduction**

The high switching frequency of 400kHz allows simple filtering. To reduce ripple, it is recommended that  $0.47\mu F$  capacitors are used on  $V_S$  and  $V_{OUT}$  (see Figure 2). Both outputs on dual output DCP0105 devices should be decoupled to pin 5. In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a  $2.2\mu F$  capacitor on the input to insure startup.

There is no restriction on the size of the output capacitor used to reduce ripple. The DCP0105 will start into any capacitive load. Low ESR capacitors will give the best reduction.

## **EXTERNAL SYNCHRONIZATION**

The DCP0105 can be synchronized externally if required using a simple external interface. Figure 3 shows a universal

interface using a 4066 quad switch. The CTL and  ${\rm SYNC_{ON}}$  pins are used to select external synchronization or self-synchronization.

This interface can also be used to stop (disable) the DCP0105.

CTL	SYNC <sub>ON</sub>	FUNCTION
1 —	1 0	External Sync Self-Sync
0	1	Device Stop

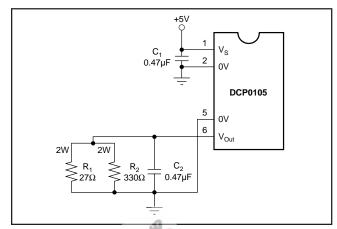


FIGURE 2. DCP010505 Fully Loaded.

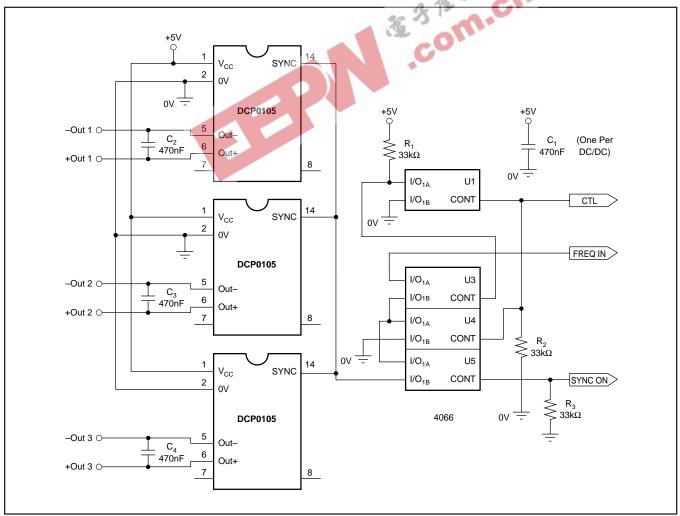


FIGURE 3. Universal Interface.



## Connecting the DCP0105 in Series

Multiple DCP0105 isolated 1W DC/DC converters can be connected in series to provide non-standard voltage rails. This is possible by utilizing the floating outputs provided by the DCP0105's galvanic isolation.

Connect the positive  $V_{OUT}$  from one DCP0105 to the negative  $V_{OUT}$  (0V) of another (see Figure 4). If the SYNC<sub>IN</sub> pins are tied together, the self-synchronization feature of the DCP0105 will prevent beat frequencies on the voltage rails. The SYNC feature of the DCP0105 allows easy series connection without external filtering which is necessary in competing solutions.

The outputs on dual output DCP0105 versions can also be connected in series to provide 2 times the magnitude of  $V_{OUT}$  (see Figure 5). For example, a dual 12V DCP010512D could be connected to provide a 24V rail.

## Connecting the DCP0105 in Parallel

If the output power from one DCP0105 is not sufficient, it is possible to parallel the outputs of multiple DCP0105s (see Figure 6). Again, the SYNC feature allows easy synchronization to prevent power-rail beat frequencies at no additional filtering cost.

#### THERMAL MANAGEMENT LAYOUT

To maximize the thermal performance of the DCP0105, taking more care in the PCB layout can provide the most efficient thermal dissipation paths from the DC/DC. The input controller IC and the rectifier diodes inside the DCP0105 are bonded directly onto the internal leadframe. The leadframe, being almost 100% copper, provides an excellent path for dissipated heat and does so significantly more efficiently than FR4 PCBs or ceramic substrates found in alternate packaging technology DC/DCs.

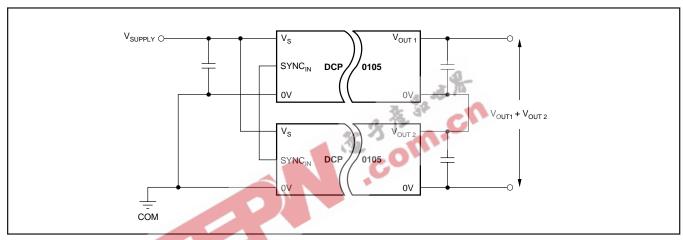


FIGURE 4. Connecting the DCP0105 in Series.

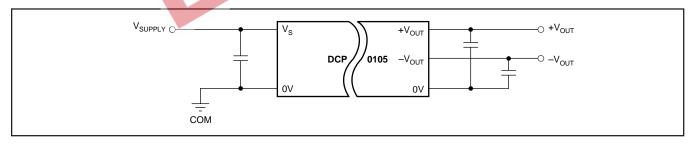


FIGURE 5. Connecting Dual Outputs in Series.

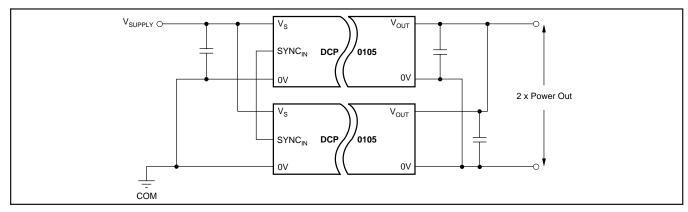


FIGURE 6. Connecting Multiple DCP0105s in Parallel.



Most of the dissipated heat comes from input side common (pin 2). To a lesser extent, the  $+V_{OUT}$  pin (pin 6) also dissipates heat from the package. In the layout shown in Figure 7, the large copper areas next to pins 2 and 6 will provide excellent heat dissipation paths.

The tracking in Figure 7, shown in dotted lines, will provide shielding for the SYNC<sub>IN</sub> (pin 14) and SYNC<sub>OUT</sub> (pin 7) pins if necessary.

As described earlier in the Disable/Enable section of this data sheet, any additional capacitance to the 25pF internal capacitor at the  $SYNC_{IN}$  pin will affect performance. If there is the possibility of significant leakage capacitance at the  $SYNC_{IN}$  pin, it can be shielded as shown.

As described earlier in the Synchronization section of this data sheet, the SYNC<sub>OUT</sub> pin can be shielded as shown to minimize noise pick-up in sensitive applications.

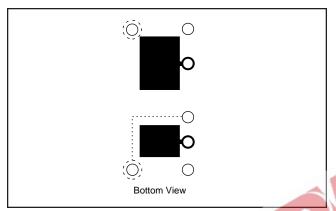


FIGURE 7. Thermal Management Layout.

## LAYOUT FOR DCP0105 AND SIP PRODUCTS

Figure 8 shows a layout to allow the use of a DCP0105 and a competitive SIP isolated DC/DC converter.

# POST REGULATION OF THE DCP010505P USING THE LP2986 LDO REGULATOR

In digital applications where the load range is wide or evolving, or the input supply voltage is not well regulated and 5V±5% or 5V±V10% cannot be guaranteed, it is often necessary to have a regulated 5V output from the DCP0105.

It is possible to post regulate the  $5V_{OUT}$  DCP0105 and still guarantee a minimum  $V_{OUT}$  of 4.75V. This still gives the benefits of isolation in reducing the power supply noise to 5V digital circuitry.

By using an ultra-low dropout regulator (e.g., National Semiconductor's LP2986IM-5.0) in series with the output of a  $5V_{OUT}$  DCP0105, it is possible to supply up to 100% load current (depending on  $V_{IN}$ ). Figure 9 shows the typical load current for the post-regulated  $5V_{IN}/5V_{OUT}$  DCP010505. It is possible with a  $V_{IN}$  of 5V to supply 130mA. Because of the 1:1 line regulation of the DCP0105, a 5% change in the input will result in a 5% change in the output. Therefore, the amount of current that the LDO can deliver is strongly

dependent on the  $V_{\rm IN}$  of the DCP010505. With a  $V_{\rm IN}$  of 5.25V, the LP2986 LDO can deliver up to 165mA.

The LP2986 LDO has a very low dropout voltage of typically less than 180mV, which allows us to deliver 4.75V guaranteed from a 5V<sub>OUT</sub> unregulated DC/DC. It also offers low output flagging and shutdown capability and is supplied in either MSOP-8 or SO-8 packages ensuring additional board area is minimal and low profile is maintained.

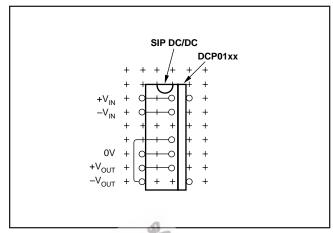


FIGURE 8. PCB Layout for DCP0105 and Competitive SIP DC/DC.

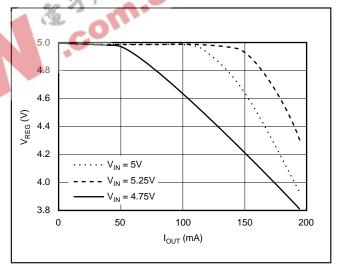


FIGURE 9. DCP010505P AND LP2986 Regulator.

### DCP01 AND LP2986 APPLICATION CIRCUIT

Figure 10 shows the LP2986 in series with the DCP010505 output. The  $2.2\mu F$  capacitor on the input of the LP2986 and the  $4.7\mu F$  capacitor on the output are the minimum recommended for good ripple reduction. Pin 7 on the LP2986 flags an error by going LOW if the output drops 5% below nominal.



#### OTHER LDO REGULATORS

The SGS-Thomson L4940V5 LDO can also be used to post regulate the  $5V_{OUT}$  DCP010505 and can deliver a regulated minimum 4.75V up to 135mA.

The  $5V_{OUT}$  DCP010505 can also be post regulated with the Micrel MIC5207 which offers up to 180mA output drive with a typical dropout voltage of 165mV at 150mA. The MIC5207 is available in a micro-sized SOT23-5 package which gives the minimum additional board area for post regulation.

### PREDICTING OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS LOAD

The Load Regulation specifications are calculated as follows:

CONDITION	CALCULATION
10% to 100% Load	(V <sub>OUT</sub> at 10% load – V <sub>OUT</sub> at 100% load)/V <sub>OUT</sub> at 75% load
10% to 25% Load	(V <sub>OUT</sub> at 10% load – V <sub>OUT</sub> at 25% load)/V <sub>OUT</sub> at 25% load
10% to 75% Load	(V <sub>OUT</sub> at 10% load – V <sub>OUT</sub> at 75% load)/V <sub>OUT</sub> at 75% load
75% to 100% Load	(V <sub>OUT</sub> at 75% load – V <sub>OUT</sub> at 100% load)/V <sub>OUT</sub> at 75% load

To predict the output voltage at 100% load take the measured or specified voltage at 75% load and multiply by (1 + Load Reg 75% to 100%). For example a DCP010505P typical V<sub>OUT</sub> at 100% load will be 5V x (1 - 8%) = 4.6V.

- 2. To predict the output voltage at 10% load take the measured or specified voltage at 75% load and multiply by (1 + Load Reg 10% to 75%). For example a DCP010505P typical  $V_{OUT}$  at 10% load will be 5V x (1 + 17%) = 5.85V.
- 3. To predict the output voltage at 25% load on higher  $V_{OUT}$  versions take the measured or specified voltage at 75% load and multiply by (1 + Load Reg 25% to 75%). For example a DCP010512P typical  $V_{OUT}$  at 25% load will be 12V x (1 + 12%) = 13.4V. To then estimate the voltage at 10% load take the previously calculated  $V_{OUT}$  at 25% load and multiply by (1 + Load Reg 10% to 25%). In this case the typical  $V_{OUT}$  at 10% load will be 13.4V x (1 + 7%) = 14.3V.

To obtain predictions for loads other than those specified assume the  $V_{OUT}$  versus load characteristic is linear between the load points and calculate accordingly. The 10% to 100% load specification guarantees the maximum voltage excursion for any load between 10% to 100% with respect to  $V_{OUT}$  at 75% load.

The above does not take into consideration line regulation and assumes a nominal input voltage. The 1:1 line regulation of the DCP01 family means that a percentage change in the input will give a corresponding percentage change in the output.

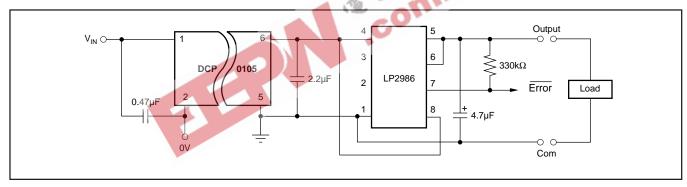


FIGURE 10. Post Regulation of DCP010505P.

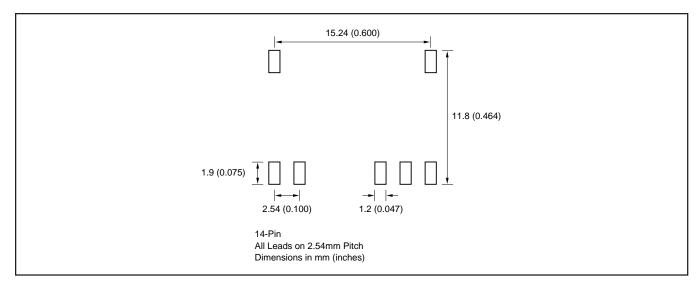


FIGURE 11. PCB Pad Size and Placement for "U" Package.

