

**H11G1X, H11G2X, H11G3X  
H11G1, H11G2, H11G3**



## **HIGH VOLTAGE DARLINGTON OUTPUT OPTICALLY COUPLED ISOLATOR**

### **APPROVALS**

- UL recognised, File No. E91231

### **'X' SPECIFICATION APPROVALS**

- VDE 0884 in 2 available lead forms : -
  - STD
  - G form

### **DESCRIPTION**

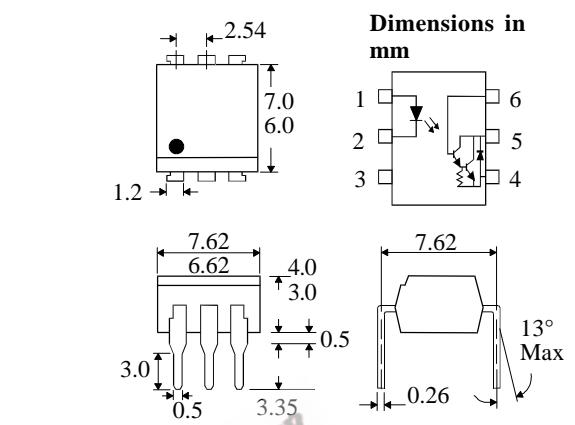
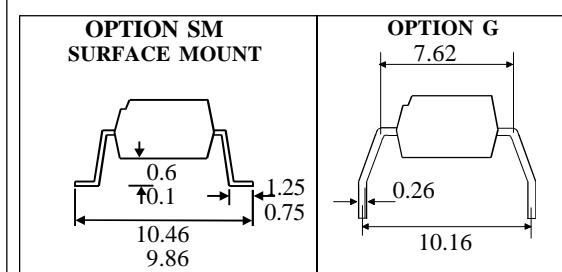
The H11G\_ series are optically coupled isolators consisting of an infrared light emitting diode and a high voltage NPN silicon photo darlington which has an integral base-emitter resistor to optimise switching speed and elevated temperature characteristics in a standard 6pin dual in line plastic package.

### **FEATURES**

- Options :-
  - 10mm lead spread - add G after part no.
  - Surface mount - add SM after part no.
  - Tape&reel - add SMT&R after part no.
- High Isolation Voltage ( $5.3\text{kV}_{\text{RMS}}, 7.5\text{kV}_{\text{PK}}$ )
- High Current Transfer Ratio (1000% min)
- High  $\text{BV}_{\text{CEO}}$  (H11G1 - 100V min.)
- Low collector dark current :-
  - 100nA max. at 80V  $\text{V}_{\text{CE}}$
- Low input current  $1\text{mA}$   $I_{\text{F}}$

### **APPLICATIONS**

- Modems
- Copiers, facsimiles
- Numerical control machines
- Signal transmission between systems of different potentials and impedances



### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (25°C unless otherwise specified)**

Storage Temperature	-55°C to + 150°C
Operating Temperature	-55°C to + 100°C
Lead Soldering Temperature (1/16 inch (1.6mm) from case for 10 secs)	260°C

### **INPUT DIODE**

Forward Current	60mA
Peak Forward Current	3A
(1μs pulse, 300pps)	
Reverse Voltage	3V
Power Dissipation	100mW

### **OUTPUT TRANSISTOR**

Collector-emitter Voltage $\text{BV}_{\text{CEO}}$ H11G3, H11G2, H11G1	55, 80, 100V
Collector-base Voltage $\text{BV}_{\text{CBO}}$ H11G3, H11G2, H11G1	55, 80, 100V
Emitter-base Voltage $\text{BV}_{\text{ECO}}$	6V
Power Dissipation	200mW

### **POWER DISSIPATION**

Total Power Dissipation	260mW
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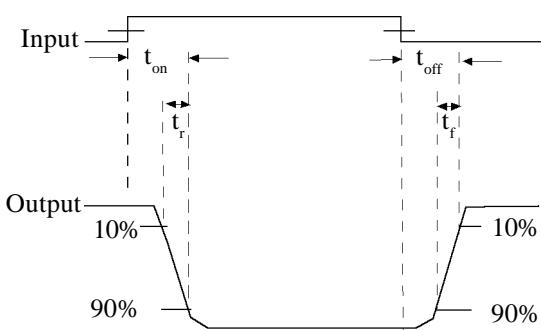
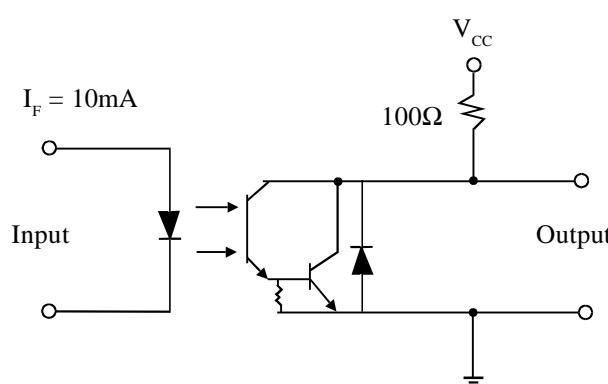
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  Unless otherwise noted )**

PARAMETER		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITION
Input	Forward Voltage ( $V_F$ ) Reverse Voltage ( $V_R$ ) Reverse Current ( $I_R$ )	3	1.2	1.5 10	V V $\mu\text{A}$	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ $I_R = 10\mu\text{A}$ $V_R = 6\text{V}$
Output	Collector-emitter Breakdown ( $BV_{CEO}$ ) H11G1 H11G2 H11G3 Collector-base Breakdown ( $BV_{CBO}$ ) H11G1 H11G2 H11G3 Emitter-base Breakdown ( $BV_{EBO}$ ) Collector-emitter Dark Current ( $I_{CEO}$ ) H11G1 H11G2 H11G3	100 80 55 100 80 55 6			V V V V V V V	$I_C = 1\text{mA}$ $I_C = 1\text{mA}$ $I_C = 1\text{mA}$ $I_C = 100\mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 100\mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 100\mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0.1\text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 80\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 60\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 30\text{V}$
Coupled	Collector Output Current ( $I_C$ ) H11G1, H11G2 H11G1, H11G2 H11G3 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage $V_{CE(SAT)}$ H11G1, H11G2 H11G1, H11G2 H11G3 Input to Output Isolation Voltage $V_{ISO}$ 5300 7500 $10^{11}$ Input-output Isolation Resistance $R_{ISO}$ Input-output Capacitance $C_f$ Turn-on Time $t_{on}$ Turn-off Time $t_{off}$	100 5 2 1.0 1.2 1.2 5300 7500 $10^{11}$ 0.5 5 100			mA mA mA V V V $V_{RMS}$ $V_{PK}$ $\Omega$ pF $\mu\text{s}$ $\mu\text{s}$	10mA $I_F$ , 1.2V $V_{CE}$ 1mA $I_F$ , 5V $V_{CE}$ 1mA $I_F$ , 5V $V_{CE}$ 1mA $I_F$ , 1mA $I_C$ 16mA $I_F$ , 50mA $I_C$ 20mA $I_F$ , 50mA $I_C$ See note 1 See note 1 $V_{IO} = 500\text{V}$ (note 1) $V = 0, f = 1\text{MHz}$ $I_F = 10\text{mA}, V_{CC} = 5\text{V}, R_L = 100\Omega, f = 30\text{Hz}$ , pulse width equal to or less than $300\mu\text{s}$

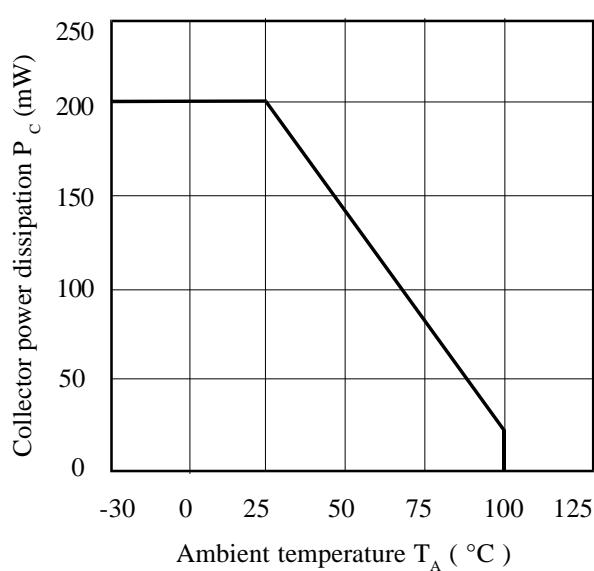
Note 1 Measured with input leads shorted together and output leads shorted together.

Note 2 Special Selections are available on request. Please consult the factory.

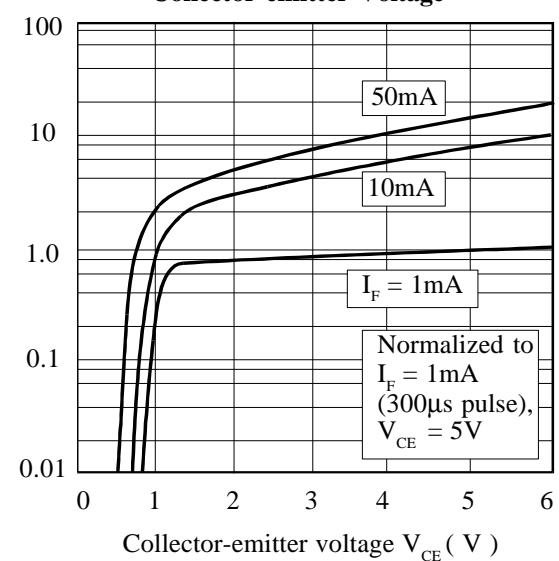
**FIGURE 1**



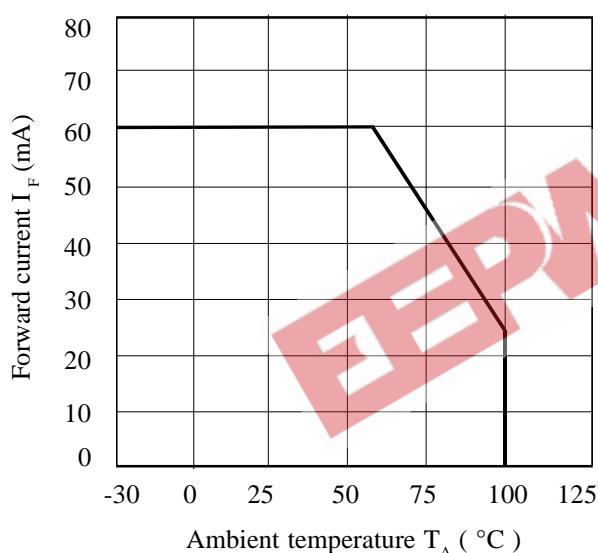
**Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature**



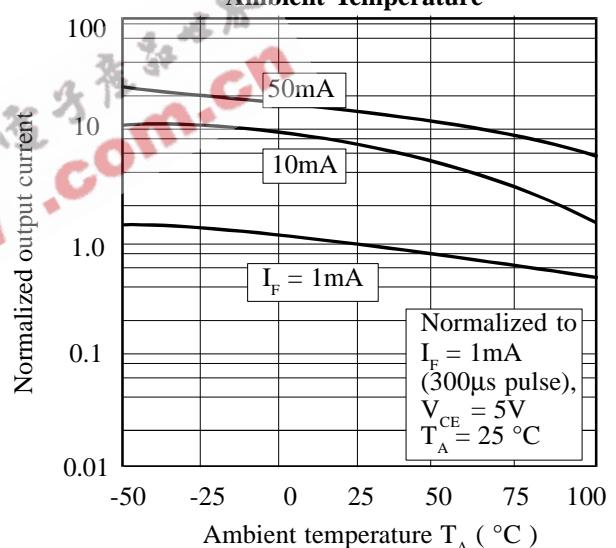
**Normalized Output Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage**



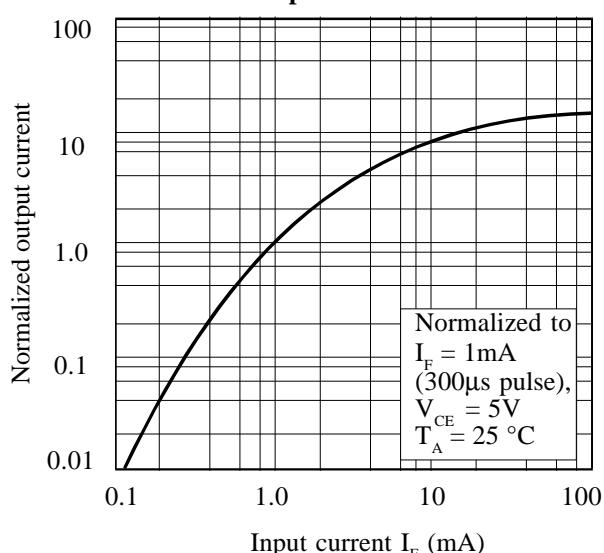
**Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature**



**Normalized Output Current vs. Ambient Temperature**



**Normalized Output Current vs. Input Current**



**Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature**

