Document Title

1Mx36-bit, 2Mx18-bit, 4Mx9-bit QDR™ II b2 SRAM

Revision History

Rev. No.	<u>History</u>	Draft Date	Remark
0.0	1. Initial document.	June, 30 2001	Advance
0.1	 Pin name change from DLL to Doff. Vddq range change from 1.5V to 1.5V~1.8V. Update JTAG test conditions. Reserved pin for high density name change from NC to Vss/SA Delete AC test condition about Clock Input timing Reference Level Delete clock description on page 2 and add HSTL I/O comment 	Dec. 5 2001	Preliminary
0.2	 Update current characteristics in DC electrical characteristics Change AC timing characteristics Update JTAG instruction coding and diagrams 	July, 29. 2002	Preliminary
0.3	 Add 4Mx9 Organization. Add -FC25 part (Part Number, Idd, AC Characteristics) Add AC electrical characteristics. Change AC timing characteristics. Change DC electrical characteristics(ISB1) Change the data Setup/Hold time. Change the Access Time.(tCHQV, tCHQX, etc.) Change the Clock Cycle Time.(MAX value of tKHKH) 	Sep. 6. 2002	Preliminary
0.4	 Change the data Setup/Hold time. Change the Access Time.(tCHQV, tCHQX, etc.) Change the Clock Cycle Time.(MAX value of tKHKH) Change the JTAG instruction coding. 	Oct. 7. 2002	Preliminary
0.5	 Change the Boundary scan exit order. Change the AC timing characteristics(-25, -20) Correct the Overshoot and Undershoot timing diagrams. 	Dec. 16, 2002	Preliminary
0.6	1. Change the JTAG Block diagram	Dec. 26, 2002	Preliminary
0.7	 Correct the JTAG ID register definition Correct the AC timing parameter (delete the tKHKH Max value) Change the Isb1 current. 	Mar. 20, 2003	Preliminary
0.8	 Change the Maximum Clock cycle time. Correct the 165FBGA package ball size. 	April. 4, 2003	Preliminary
1.0	1. Final spec release	Oct. 31, 2003	Final
2.0	1. Delete the x8 Org. Part	Dec. 1, 2003	Final

The attached data sheets are prepared and approved by SAMSUNG Electronics. SAMSUNG Electronics CO., LTD. reserve the right to change the specifications. SAMSUNG Electronics will evaluate and reply to your requests and questions on the parameters of this device. If you have any questions, please contact the SAMSUNG branch office near your office, call or contact Headquarters.



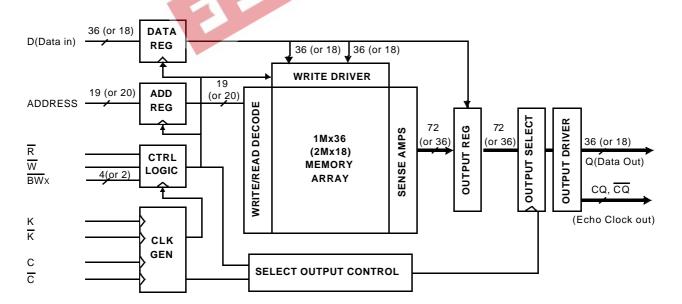
1Mx36-bit, 2Mx18-bit, 4Mx9-bit QDR™ II b2 SRAM

FEATURES

- 1.8V+0.1V/-0.1V Power Supply.
- DLL circuitry for wide output data valid window and future freguency scaling.
- I/O Supply Voltage 1.5V+0.1V/-0.1V for 1.5V I/O, 1.8V+0.1V/-0.1V for 1.8V I/O.
- Separate independent read and write data ports with concurrent read and write operation
- HSTL I/C
- Full data coherency, providing most current data .
- Synchronous pipeline read with self timed early write.
- Registered address, control and data input/output.
- DDR(Double Data Rate) Interface on read and write ports.
- Fixed 2-bit burst for both read and write operation.
- Clock-stop supports to reduce current.
- Two input clocks(K and K) for accurate DDR timing at clock rising edges only.
- Two input clocks for output data(C and C) to minimize clock-skew and flight-time mismatches.
- Two echo clocks (CQ and CQ) to enhance output data traceability.
- · Single address bus.
- Byte write (x9, x18, x36) function.
- Sepatate read/write control pin($\overline{\mathbb{R}}$ and $\overline{\mathbb{W}}$)
- Simple depth expansion with no data contention.
- Programmable output impenance.
- JTAG 1149.1 compatible test access port.
- 165FBGA(11x15 ball aray FBGA) with body size of 15x17mm

Part Cycle Access Organization Unit Number Time Time K7R323682M-FC20 0.45 X36 K7R323682M-FC16 0.50 ns K7R321882M-FC20 5.0 0.45 ns X18 K7R321882M-FC16 6.0 0.50 ns K7R320982M-FC20 5.0 0.45 ns Χ9 K7R320982M-FC16 6.0 0.50 ns

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



Notes: 1. Numbers in () are for x18 device, x9 device also the same with appropriate adjustments of depth and width.



D30

Doff

D31

Q32

Q33

D33

D34

Q35

G

н

J

Κ

L

М

Ν

Ρ

PIN CONFIGURATIONS (TOP VIEW)

D22

VREF

Q31

D32

Q24

Q34

D26

D35

Q22

VDDQ

D23

Q23

D24

D25

Q25

Q26

VDDQ

VDDQ

VDDQ

VDDQ

VDDQ

Vss

Vss

SA

1Mx36 & 2Mx18 & 4Mx9 QDR[™] II b2 SRAM

V DDQ

V ddq

V DDQ

 $V \, \text{ddq}$

VDDQ

Vss

Vss

SA

Q13

VDDQ

D12

Q12

D11

D10

Q10

Q9

D13

VREF

Q4

D3

Q11

Q1

D9

D0

D5

ZQ

D4

Q3

Q2

D2

D1

Q0

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Α	CQ	Vss/SA*	NC/SA*	W	BW ₂	K	BW ₁	R	SA	Vss/SA*	CQ
В	Q27	Q18	D18	SA	BW ₃	K	BW ₀	SA	D17	Q17	Q8
С	D27	Q28	D19	Vss	SA	SA	SA	Vss	D16	Q7	D8
D	D28	D20	Q19	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Q16	D15	D7
E	Q29	D29	Q20	VDDQ	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDDQ	Q15	D6	Q6
F	Q30	Q21	D21	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	V ddq	D14	Q14	Q5

Vss

Vss

Vss

Vss

Vss

Vss

SA

С

VDD

VDD

VDD

VDD

Vss

Vss

SA

SA

VDD

Vdd

VDD

VDD

Vss

Vss

SA

SA

K7R323682M(1Mx36)

	ĸ	TDO	TCK	SA	SA	SA	J	SA	SA	SA	TIVIS	וטו
Ī	Notes: 1	*_ Checke	d No Connec	t(NC) or Vss	pins are rese	erved for high	er density ac	ddress, i.e. 3/	A for 72Mb, 1	0A for 144M	lb and 2A for	288Mb.
	2.	BW ₀ control	s write to D0:	D8, BW₁ con	trols write to	D9:D17, BW	2 controls wr	ite to D18:D2	26 and BW ₃ c	controls write	to D27:D35.	

PIN NAME

INIMANE	n 2		-
SYMBOL	PIN NUMBERS	DESCRIPTION	NOTE
K, K	6B, 6A	Input Clock	
c, C	6P, 6R	Input Clock for Output Data	1
CQ, CQ	11A, 1A	Output Echo Clock	
Doff	1H	DLL Disable when low	
SA	9A,4B,8B,5C-7C,5N-7N,4P,5P,7P,8P,3R-5R,7R-9R	Address Inputs	
D0-35	10P,11N,11M,10K,11J,11G,10E,11D,11C,10N,9M,9L 9J,10G,9F,10D,9C,9B,3B,3C,2D,3F,2G,3J,3L,3M,2N 1C,1D,2E,1G,1J,2K,1M,1N,2P	Data Inputs	
Q0-35	11P,10 <mark>M,11L,11</mark> K,10J,11F,11E,10C,11B,9P,9N,10L 9K,9G,10F,9E,9D,10B,2B,3D,3E,2F,3G,3K,2L,3N 3P,1B,2C,1E,1F,2J,1K,1L,2M,1P	Data Outputs	
W	4A	Write Control Pin,active when low	
R	8A	Read Control Pin,active when low	
BW ₀ , BW ₁ ,BW ₂ , BW ₃	7B,7A,5A,5B	Block Write Control Pin,active when low	
VREF	2H,10H	Input Reference Voltage	
ZQ	11H	Output Driver Impedance Control Input	2
VDD	5F,7F,5G,7G,5H,7H,5J,7J,5K,7K	Power Supply (1.8 V)	
VDDQ	4E,8E,4F,8F,4G,8G,3H,4H,8H,9H,4J,8J,4K,8K,4L,8L	Output Power Supply (1.5V or 1.8V)	
Vss	2A,10A,4C,8C,4D-8D,5E-7E,6F,6G,6H,6J,6K,5L-7L,4M, 8M,4N,8N	Ground	
TMS	10R	JTAG Test Mode Select	
TDI	11R	JTAG Test Data Input	
TCK	2R	JTAG Test Clock	
TDO	1R	JTAG Test Data Output	
NC	3A	No Connect	3

Notes: 1. C, \overline{C} , K or \overline{K} cannot be set to VREF voltage.

2. When ZQ pin is directly connected to \(\frac{\partial b}{\partial b}\) output impedance is set to minimum value and itcannot be connected to ground or left unconnected.

3. Not connected to chip pad internally.



PIN CONFIGURATIONS (TOP VIEW) K7R321882M(2Mx18)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Α	CQ	Vss/SA*	SA	W	BW ₁	K	NC	R	SA	Vss/SA*	CQ
В	NC	Q9	D9	SA	NC	K	BWo	SA	NC	NC	Q8
С	NC	NC	D10	Vss	SA	SA	SA	Vss	NC	Q7	D8
D	NC	D11	Q10	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	NC	NC	D7
Е	NC	NC	Q11	VDDQ	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDDQ	NC	D6	Q6
F	NC	Q12	D12	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	NC	Q5
G	NC	D13	Q13	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	NC	D5
Н	Doff	VREF	VDDQ	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	VDDQ	VREF	ZQ
J	NC	NC	D14	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	Q4	D4
К	NC	NC	Q14	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	D3	Q3
L	NC	Q15	D15	VDDQ	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDDQ	NC	NC	Q2
М	NC	NC	D16	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	NC	Q1	D2
N	NC	D17	Q16	Vss	SA	SA	SA	Vss	NC	NC	D1
Р	NC	NC	Q17	SA	SA	С	SA	SA	NC	D0	Q0
R	TDO	TCK	SA	SA	SA	C	SA	SA	SA	TMS	TDI

Notes: 1. * Checked No Connect(NC) or Vss pins are reserved for higher density address, i.e. 10A for 72Mb and 2A for 144Mb. 2. $\overline{BW_0}$ controls write to D0:D8 and $\overline{BW_1}$ controls write to D9:D17.

PIN NAME

	V3c		
SYMBOL	PIN NUMBERS	DESCRIPTION	NOTE
K, K	6B, 6A	Input Clock	
C, C	6P, 6R	Input Clock for Output Data	1
CQ, CQ	11A, 1A	Output Echo Clock	
Doff	1H	DLL Disable when low	
SA	3A,9A,4B,8B,5C-7C,5N-7N,4P,5P,7P,8P,3R-5R,7R-9R	Address Inputs	
D0-17	10P,11N,11M,10K,11J,11G,10E,11D,11C,3B,3C,2D, 3F,2G,3J,3L,3M,2N	Data Inputs	
Q0-17	11P,10M,11L,11K,10J,11F,11E,10C,11B,2B,3D,3E, 2F,3G,3K,2L,3N,3P	Data Outputs	
W	4A	Write Control Pin,active when low	
R	8A	Read Control Pin,active when low	
BWo, BW1	7B, 5A	Block Write Control Pin,active when low	
VREF	2H,10H	Input Reference Voltage	
ZQ	11H	Output Driver Impedance Control Input	2
Vdd	5F,7F,5G,7G,5H,7H,5J,7J,5K,7K	Power Supply (1.8 V)	
VDDQ	4E,8E,4F,8F,4G,8G,3H,4H,8H,9H,4J,8J,4K,8K,4L,8L	Output Power Supply (1.5V or 1.8V)	
Vss	2A,10A,4C,8C,4D-8D,5E-7E,6F,6G,6H,6J,6K,5L-7L,4M-8M,4N,8N	Ground	
TMS	10R	JTAG Test Mode Select	
TDI	11R	JTAG Test Data Input	
TCK	2R	JTAG Test Clock	
TDO	1R	JTAG Test Data Output	
NC	7A,1B,5B,9B,10B,1C,2C,9C,1D,9D,10D,1E,2E,9E,1F,9F, 10F,1G,9G,10G,1J,2J,9J,1K,2K,9J,1L,9L,10L,1M,2M, 9M,1N,9N,10N,1P,2P,9P	No Connect	3

Notes: 1. C, \overline{C} , K or \overline{K} cannot be set to V_{REF} voltage.

^{2.} When ZQ pin is directly connected to Vob output impedance is set to minimum value and it cannot be connected to ground or left unconnected. 3. Not connected to chip pad internally.



PIN CONFIGURATIONS (TOP VIEW) K7R320982M(4Mx9)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Α	CQ	Vss/SA*	SA	W	NC	K	NC	R	SA	SA	CQ
В	NC	NC	NC	SA	NC	K	BW	SA	NC	NC	Q3
С	NC	NC	NC	Vss	SA	SA	SA	Vss	NC	NC	D3
D	NC	D4	NC	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	NC	NC	NC
E	NC	NC	Q4	VDDQ	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDDQ	NC	D2	Q2
F	NC	NC	NC	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	NC	NC
G	NC	D5	Q5	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	NC	NC
н	Doff	VREF	VDDQ	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	VDDQ	VREF	ZQ
J	NC	NC	NC	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	Q1	D1
К	NC	NC	NC	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	NC	NC
L	NC	Q6	D6	VDDQ	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDDQ	NC	NC	Q0
М	NC	NC	NC	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	NC	NC	D0
N	NC	D7	NC	Vss	SA	SA	SA	Vss	NC	NC	NC
Р	NC	NC	Q7	SA	SA	С	SA	SA	NC	D8	Q8
R	TDO	TCK	SA	SA	SA	C	SA	SA	SA	TMS	TDI

Notes: 1. * Checked No Connect(NC) or Vss pins are reserved for higher density address, i.e. 2A for 72Mb, 2. BW controls write to D0:D8 .

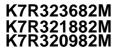
PIN NAME

SYMBOL	PIN NUMBERS	DESCRIPTION	NOTE	
K, K	6B, 6A	Input Clock		
C, C	6P, 6R	Input Clock for Output Data	1	
CQ, CQ	11A, 1A	Output Echo Clock		
Doff	1H	DLL Disable when low		
SA	3A,9A,10A,4B,8B,5C-7C,5N-7N,4P,5P,7P,8P,3R-5R,7R-9R	Address Inputs		
D0-8	11M,11J,10E,11C,2D,2G,3L,2N,10P	Data Inputs		
Q0-8	11L,10J,11E,11B,3E,3G,2L,3P,11P	Data Outputs		
W	4A	Write Control Pin,active when low		
R	8A	Read Control Pin, active when low		
BW	7B	Nybble Write Control Pin, active when low		
VREF	2H,10H	Input Reference Voltage		
ZQ	11H	Output Driver Impedance Control Input	2	
VDD	5F,7F,5G,7G,5H,7H,5J,7J,5K,7K	Power Supply (1.8 V)		
VDDQ	4E,8E,4F,8F,4G,8G,3H,4H,8H,9H,4J,8J,4K,8K,4L,8L	Output Power Supply (1.5V or 1.8V)		
Vss	2A,4C,8C,4D-8D,5E-7E,6F,6G,6H,6J,6K,5L-7L,4M-8M,4N,8N	Ground		
TMS	10R	JTAG Test Mode Select		
TDI	11R	JTAG Test Data Input		
TCK	2R	JTAG Test Clock		
TDO	1R	JTAG Test Data Output		
NC	7A,5A,1B,2B,3B,5B,9B,10B,1C,2C,3C,9C,10C,1D,3D,9D,10D,11D 1E,2E,9E,1F,2F,3F,9F,10F,11F,1G,9G,10G,11G,1J,2J,3J,9J 1K,2K,3K,10K,11K,9K,1L,9L,10L,1M,2M,3M,9M,10M,1N,3N,9N 10N,11N,1P,2P,9P	No Connect	3	

Notes: 1. C, \overline{C} , K or \overline{K} cannot be set to V_{REF} voltage.

2. When ZQ pin is directly connected to Vob output impedance is set to minimum value and it cannot be connected to ground or left unconnected 3. Not connected to chip pad internally.





GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The K7R323682M,K7R321882M and K7R320982M are 37,748,736-bits QDR(Quad Data Rate)

Synchronous Pipelined Burst SRAMs.

They are organized as 1,048,576 words by 36bits for K7R323682M, 2,097,152 words by 18 bits for K7R321882M and 4,194,304 words by 9bits for K7R320982M.

The QDR operation is possible by supporting DDR read and write operations through separate data output and input ports with the same cycle. Memory bandwidth is maxmized as data can be transferred into sram on every rising edge of K and \overline{K} , and transferred out of sram on every rising edge of C and \overline{C} .

And totally independent read and write ports eliminate the need for high speed bus turn around.

Address, data inputs, and all control signals are synchronized to the input clock (K or \overline{K}).

Normally data outputs are synchronized to output clocks (C and \overline{C}), but when C and \overline{C} are tied high,

the data outputs are synchronized to the input clocks (K and \overline{K}).

Read data are referenced to echo clock (CQ or CQ) outputs.

Read address is registered on rising edges of the input K clocks, and write address is registered on rising edges of the input \overline{K} clocks.

Common address bus is used to access address both for read and write operations.

The internal burst counter is fiexd to 2-bit sequential for both read and write operations.

Synchronous pipeline read and early write enable high speed operations.

Simple depth expansion is accomplished by using \overline{R} and \overline{W} for port selection.

Byte write operation is supported with $\overline{BW}0$ and $\overline{BW}1$ ($\overline{BW}2$ and $\overline{BW}3$) pins for x18 (x36) device and only \overline{BW} pin for x9 device.

Nybble write operation is supported with NW o and NW1 pins for x8 device.

IEEE 1149.1 serial boundary scan (JTAG) simplifies monitoriing package pads attachment status with system.

The K7R323682M,K7R321882M and K7R320982M are implemented with SAMSUNG's high performance 6T CMOS technology and is available in 165pin FBGA packages. Multiple power and ground pins minimize ground bounce.

Read Operations

Read cycles are initiated by activating \overline{R} at the rising edge of the positive input clock K. Address is presented and stored in the read address register synchronized with K clock.

For 2-bit burst DDR operation, it will access two 36-bit or 18-bit or 9-bit or 8-bit data words with each read command.

The first pipelined data is transferred out of the device triggered by \overline{C} clock following next \overline{K} clock rising edge.

Next burst data is triggered by the rising edge of following C clock rising edge.

Continuous read operations are initated with K clock rising edge.

And pipelined data are transferred out of device on every rising edge of both C and \overline{C} clocks.

In case C and \overline{C} tied to high, output data are triggered by K and \overline{K} insted of C and \overline{C} .

When the \overline{R} is disabled after a read operation, the K7R323682M,K7R321882M and K7R320982M will first complete burst read operation before entering into deselect mode at the next K clock rising edge.

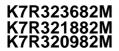
Then output drivers disabled automatically to high impedance state.

Power-Up/Power-Down Supply Voltage Sequencing

The following power-up supply voltage application is recommended: VSS, VDD, VDDQ, VREF, then VIN. VDD and VDDQ can be applied simultaneously, as long as V DDQ does not exceed VDD by more than 0.5V during power-up. The following power-down supply voltage removal sequence is recommended: VIN, VREF, VDDQ, VDD, VSS. VDD and VDDQ can be removed simultaneously, as long as VDDQ does not exceed VDD by more than 0.5V during power-down.



Dec. 2003



1Mx36 & 2Mx18 & 4Mx9 QDR™ II b2 SRAM

Write Operations

Write cycles are initiated by activating \overline{W} at the rising edge of the positive input clock K.

Address is presented and stored in the write address register synchronized with following \overline{K} clock.

For 2-bit burst DDR operation, it will write two 36-bit or 18-bit or 9-bit or 8-bit data words with each write command.

The first "early" data is transfered and registered in to the device synchronous with same K clock rising edge with \overline{W} presented.

Next burst data is transferred and registered synchronous with following \overline{K} clock rising edge.

Continuous write operations are initated with K rising edge.

And "early writed" data is presented to the device on every rising edge of both K and $\overline{\text{K}}$ clocks.

When the \overline{W} is disabled, the K7R323682M,K7R321882M and K7R320982M will enter into deselect mode.

The device disregards input data presented on the same cycle W disabled.

The K7R323682M, K7R321882M and K7R320982M support byte write operations.

With activating \overline{BW} 0 or \overline{BW} 1 (\overline{BW} 2 or \overline{BW} 3) in write cycle, only one byte of input data is presented.

In K7R321882M, BWo controls write operation to D0:D8, BW1 controls write operation to D9:D17.

And in K7R323682M BW2 controls write operation to D18:D26, BW3 controls write operation to D27:D35.

And in K7R320982M BW controls write operation to D0:D8.

Programmable Impedance Output Buffer Operation

The designer can program the SRAM's output buffer impedance by terminating the ZQ pin to Vss. through a precision resistor(RQ). The value of RQ (within 15%) is five times the output impedance desired.

For example, 250Ω resistor will give an output impedance of 50Ω .

Impedance updates occur early in cycles that do not activate the outputs, such as deselect cycles.

In all cases impedance updates are transparent to the user and do not produce access time "push-outs" or other anomalous behav-

To guarantee optimum output driver impedance after power up, the SRAM needs 1024 non-read cycles.

Clock Consideration

K7R323682M,K7R321882M and K7R320982M utilizes internal DLL(Delay-Locked Loops) for maximum output data valid window.

It can be placed into a stopped-clock state to minimize power with a modest restart time of 1024 clock cycles.

Circuitry automatically resets the DLL when absence of input clock is detected.

Single Clock Mode

K7R323682M,K7R321882M and K7R320982M can be operated with the single clock pair K and \overline{K} ,

insted of C or \overline{C} for output clocks.

To operate these devices in single clock mode, C and \overline{C} must be tied high during power up and must be maintained high

After power up, this device can't change to or from single clock mode.

System flight time and clock skew could not be compensated in this mode.

Depth Expansion

Separate input and output ports enables easy depth expansion.

Each port can be selected and deselected independently and read and write operation do not affect each other.

Before chip deselected, all read and write pending operations are completed.

Echo clock operation

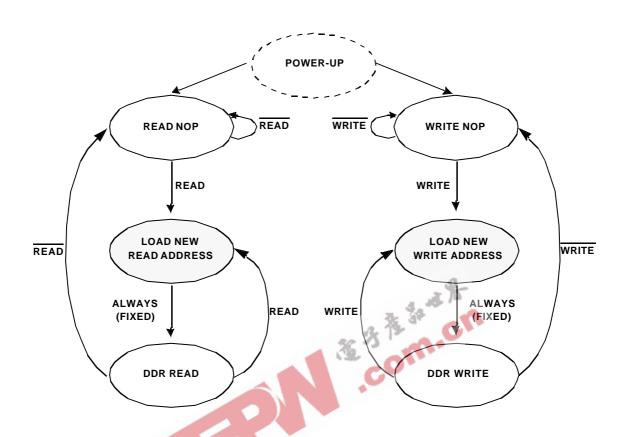
To assure the output tracibility, the SRAM provides the output Echo clock, pair of compliment clock CQ and \overline{CQ} , which are synchronized with internal data output.

Echo clocks run free during normal operation.

The Echo clock is triggered by internal output clock signal, and transfered to external through same structures as output driver.



STATE DIAGRAM



Notes: 1. Internal burst counter is fixed as 2-bit linear, i.e. when first address is A0+0, next internal burst address is A0+1.

- 2. "READ" refers to read active status with R=Low, "READ" refers to read inactive status with R=high. "WRITE" and "WRITE" are the same case.
- 3. Read and write state machine can be active simulateneously.
- 4. State machine control timing sequence is controlled by K.

TRUTH TABLES

SYNCHRONOUS TRUTH TABLE

К	R	w	Γ)		OPERATION		
K	ĸ	VV	D(A0)	D(A1)	Q(A0)	Q(A1)	OI ERATION	
Stopped	Х	Х	Previous state	Previous state	Previous state	Previous state	Clock Stop	
1	Н	Н	Х	X	High-Z	High-Z	No Operation	
1	L	Х	Х	X	Do∪⊤ at \overline{C} (t+1)	Doυτ at C(t+2)	Read	
1	Х	L	Din at K(t)	Din at $\overline{K}(t)$	Х	X	Write	

Notes: 1. X means "Don't Care".

- 2. The rising edge of clock is symbolized by (\uparrow).
- 3. Before enter into clock stop status, all pending read and write operations will be completed.

WRITE TRUTH TABLE(x18)

К	K	BW ₀	BW ₁	OPERATION
1		L	L	WRITE ALL BYTEs (K↑)
	\uparrow	L	L	WRITE ALL BYTEs (K↑)
1		L	Н	WRITE BYTE 0 (K1)
	↑	L	Н	WRITE BYTE 0 (K↑)
1		Н	L	WRIT E BYTE 1 (K ↑)
	\uparrow	Н	L	WRITE BYTE 1 (K↑)
1		Н	Н	WRITE NOTHING (K↑)
	↑	Н	Н	WRITE NOTHING (K ↑)

Notes: 1. X means "Don't Care".

- 2. All inputs in this table must meet setup and hold time around the rising edge of input clock K or \overline{K} (\uparrow).
- 3. Assumes a WRITE cycle was initiated.
- 4. This table illustates operation for x18 devices. x9 device operation is similar except that BW controls D0:D8.

WRITE TRUTH TABLE(x36)

K	K	BW ₀	BW 1	BW ₂	BW ₃	OPERATION
1		L	L	L	L	WRITE ALL BYTEs (K↑)
	1	L	L	L	L	WRITE ALL BYTEs (K↑)
1		L	Н	Н	Н	WRITE BYTE 0 (K↑)
	1	L	Н	Н	Н	WRITE BYTE 0 (K↑)
1		Н	L	Н	Н	WRITE BYTE 1 (K↑)
	1	Н	L	Н	Н	WRITE BYTE 1 (K↑)
1		Н	Н	L	L	WRITE BYTE 2 and BYTE 3 (K↑)
	1	Н	Н	L	L	WRITE BYTE 2 and BYTE 3 (K ↑)
1		Н	Н	Н	Н	WRITE NOTHING (K↑)
	1	Н	Н	Н	Н	WRITE NOTHING (K↑)

Notes: 1. X means "Don't Care".

- 2. All inputs in this table must meet setup and hold time around the rising edge of input clock K or \overline{K} (\uparrow).
- 3. Assumes a WRITE cycle was initiated.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Voltage on VDD Supply Relative to VSS	VDD	-0.5 to 2.9	V
Voltage on VDDQ Supply Relative to Vss	VDDQ	-0.5 to V DD	V
Voltage on Input Pin Relative to Vss	Vin	-0.5 to VDD+0.3	V
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-65 to 150	°C
Operating Temperature	Topr	0 to 70	°C
Storage Temperature Range Under Bias	TBIAS	-10 to 85	°C

^{*}Note: 1. Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(VDD=1.8V ±0.1V, TA=0°C to +70°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	MAX	UNIT	NOTES
Input Leakage Current	lı∟	VDD=Max; VIN=Vssto VDDQ		-2	+2	μΑ	
Output Leakage Current	lol	Output Disabled,		-21	+2	μΑ	
Operating Current (x36): DDR	lcc	VDD=Max , IOUT=0mA	-20	A.Th	870	mA	1,5
Operating Current (x36). DDK	ICC	Cycle Time ≥ tkHkH Min	-16	10 m	740	IIIA	1,5
Operating Current (x18): DDR	lcc	VDD=Max , IOUT=0mA	-20		760	mA	1,5
Operating Current (x10). DDIX	icc	Cycle Time ≥ tkHkH Min	-16	-	650		
Operating Current (x9): DDR	lcc	VDD=Max , IOUT=0mA	-20	-	720	mA	1,5
Operating Current (x9). DDK	ICC	Cycle Time ≥ tkнkн Min	-16	-	620	ША	1,5
		Device deselected, IOUT=0mA,	-20	-	300		
Standby Current(NOP): DDR	ISB1	f=Max, All Inputs≤0.2V or≥VDD-0.2V	-16	-	270	mA	1,6
Output High Voltage	VOH1			VDDQ/2-0.12	VDDQ/2+0.12	V	2,7
Output Low Voltage	VOL1			VDDQ/2-0.12	VDDQ/2+0.12	V	3,7
Output High Voltage	VOH2	IOH=-1.0mA		VDDQ-0.2	VDDQ	٧	4
Output Low Voltage	VOL2	IOL=1.0mA		Vss	0.2	V	4
Input Low Voltage	VIL	_		-0.3	VREF-0.1	V	8,9
Input High Voltage	ViH			VREF+0.1	VDDQ+0.3	V	8,10

Notes: 1. Minimum cycle. IouT=0mA.

- 2. $|I_{OH}|=(V_{DDQ}/2)/(RQ/5)\pm15\%$ for $175\Omega \le RQ \le 350\Omega$.
- 3. $|IoL|=(V_{DDQ}/2)/(RQ/5)\pm15\%$ for $175\Omega \le RQ \le 350\Omega$.
- 4. Minimum Impedance Mode when ZQ pin is connected to $\ensuremath{\mathsf{VDDQ}}\,.$
- 5. Operating current is calculated with 50% read cycles and 50% write cycles.6. Standby Current is only after all pending read and write burst opeactions are completed.
- 7. Programmable Impedance Mode.
- 8. These are DC test criteria. DC design criteria is VREF±50mV. The AC VIH/VIL levels are defined separately for measuring timing parameters.
- 9. VIL (Min)DC=-0.3V, VIL (Min)AC=-1.5V(pulse width \leq 3ns).
- 10. VIH (Max)DC=VDDQ+0.3, V H (Max)AC=VDDQ+0.85V(pulse width \leq 3ns).



^{2.} VDDQ must not exceed VDD during normal operation.

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (VDD=1.8V ±0.1V, TA=0°C to +70°C)

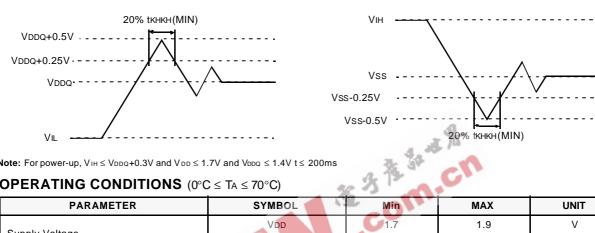
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNIT	NOTES
Input High Voltage	VIH (AC)	VREF + 0.2	-	V	1,2
Input Low Voltage	VIL (AC)	-	VREF - 0.2	V	1,2

Notes: 1. This condition is for AC function test only, not for AC parameter test.

- 2. To maintain a valid level, the transitioning edge of the input must:
- a) Sustain a constant slew rate from the current AC level through the target AC level, VL(AC) or VH(AC) b) Reach at least the target AC level
- c) After the AC target level is reached, continue to maintain at least the target DC level, VIL(DC) or VIH(DC)

Overershoot Timing

Undershoot Timing



Note: For power-up, $V_{IH} \le V_{DDQ} + 0.3V$ and $V_{DD} \le 1.7V$ and $V_{DDQ} \le 1.4V$ $t \le 200$ ms

OPERATING CONDITIONS $(0^{\circ}C \le TA \le 70^{\circ}C)$

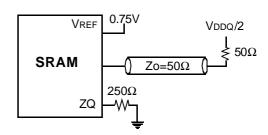
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	Min	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage	VDD	1.7	1.9	V
Supply Voltage	VDDQ	1.4	1.9	V
Reference Voltage	VREF	0.68	0.95	V
Ground	Vss	0	0	V

AC TEST CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Core Power Supply Voltage	VDD	1.7~1.9	V
Output Power Supply Voltage	VDDQ	1.4~1.9	V
Input High/Low Level	VIH/VIL	1.25/0.25	V
Input Reference Level	VREF	0.75	V
Input Rise/Fall Time	TR/TF	0.3/0.3	ns
Output Timing Reference Level		VDDQ/2	V

Note: Parameters are tested with RQ=250 Ω

AC TEST OUTPUT LOAD





AC TIMING CHARACTERISTICS(VDD=1.8V±0.1V, TA=0°C to +70°C)

DADAMETER	OVMDOL	-2	20	-1	6	шито	NOTES
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Clock	•		•	•		•	
Clock Cycle Time (K, K, C, C)	tкнкн	5.00	7.88	6.00	8.40	ns	
Clock Phase Jitter (K, \overline{K} , C, \overline{C})	tKC var		0.20		0.20	ns	5
Clock High Time (K, K, C, C)	tkhkl	2.00		2.40		ns	
Clock Low Time (K, K, C, C)	tklkh	2.00		2.40		ns	
Clock to $\overline{\text{Clock}}$ (K $\uparrow \rightarrow \overline{\text{K}}\uparrow$, C $\uparrow \rightarrow \overline{\text{C}}\uparrow$)	tkh k h	2.20		2.70		ns	
Clock to data clock $(K \uparrow \to C \uparrow, \overline{K} \uparrow \to \overline{C} \uparrow)$	tĸнсн	0.00	2.30	0.00	2.80	ns	
DLL Lock Time (K, C)	tKC lock	1024		1024		cycle	6
K Static to DLL reset	tKC reset	30		30		ns	
Output Times							
C, C High to Output Valid	tCHQV		0.45		0.50	ns	3
C, C High to Output Hold	tCHQX	-0.45		-0.50		ns	3
C, C High to Echo Clock Valid	tCHCQV		0.45		0.50	ns	
C, C High to Echo Clock Hold	tchcqx	-0.45		-0.50		ns	
CQ, CQ High to Output Valid	tcqhqv		0.35	4, 35, 11	0.40	ns	
CQ, CQ High to Output Hold	tcqhqx	-0.35	0.3	-0.40		ns	
C, High to Output High-Z	tCHQZ		0.45	-00-	0.50	ns	3
C, High to Output Low-Z	tCHQX1	-0.45	130	-0.50		ns	3
Setup Times							
Address valid to K rising edge	tavkh	0.40		0.50		ns	
Control inputs valid to K rising edge	tivkh	0.40		0.50		ns	2
Data-in valid to K, K rising edge	tdvkh	0.40		0.50		ns	
Hold Times			_			_	
K rising edge to address hold	tkhax	0.40		0.50		ns	
K rising edge to control inputs hold	tkhix	0.40		0.50		ns	
K, K rising edge to data-in hold	tkhdx	0.40		0.50		ns	

Notes: 1. All address inputs must meet the specified setup and hold times for all latching clock edges.

2. Control signal are R and W.

In case of BWo,BW1 (BW2, BW3, also for x36) signal follow the data setup/hold times.

3. If C,C are tied high, KK become the references for C,C timing parameters.

4. To avoid bus contention, at a given voltage and temperature tCHQX₁ is bigger than tCHQZ. The specs as shown do not imply bus contention beacuse tCHQX₁ is a MIN parameter that is worst case at totally different test conditions (0°C, 1.9V) than tCHQZ, which is a MAX parameter(worst case at 70°C, 1.7V)

It is not possible for two SRAMs on the same board to be at such different voltage and temperature.

5. Clock phase jitter is the variance from clock rising edge to the next expected clock rising edge.

6. Vdd slew rate must be less than 0.1V DC per 50 ns for DLL lock retention. DLL lock time begins once Vdd and input clock are stable.



PIN CAPACITANCE

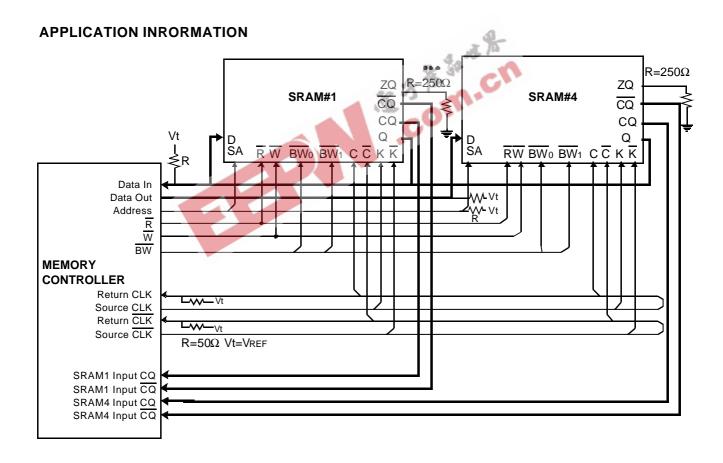
PRMETER	SYMBOL	TESTCONDITION	Тур	Max	Unit	NOTES
Address Control Input Capacitance	CIN	VIN=0V	4	5	pF	
Input and Output Capacitance	Соит	Vout=0V	6	7	pF	
Clock Capacitance	CCLK	-	5	6	pF	

Note: 1. Parameters are tested with RQ=250 Ω and V DDQ=1.5V.

THERMAL RESISTANCE

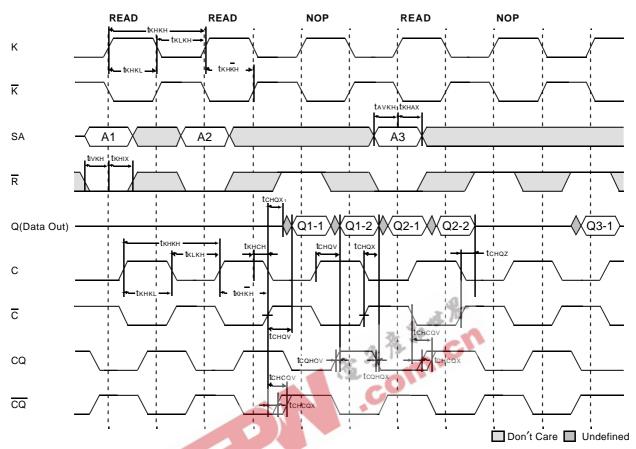
PRMETER	SYMBOL	Тур	Unit	NOTES
Junction to Ambient	θJA	20.8	°C/W	
Junction to Case	θυς	2.3	°C/W	
Junction to Pins	θЈВ	4.3	°C/W	

Note: Junction temperature is a function of on-chip power dissipation, package thermal impedance, mounting site temperature and mounting site thermal impedance. T_J=T_A + P_D x θ_JA



^{2.} Periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

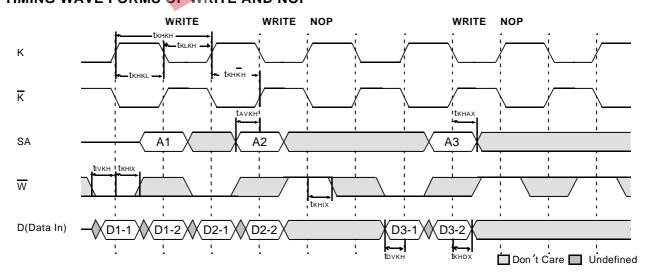
TIMING WAVE FORMS OF READ AND NOP



Note: 1. Q1-1 refers to output from address A1+0, Q1-2 refers to output from address A1+1 i.e. the next internal burst address following A1+0.

2. Outputs are disabled one cycle after a NOP.

TIMING WAVE FORMS OF WRITE AND NOP

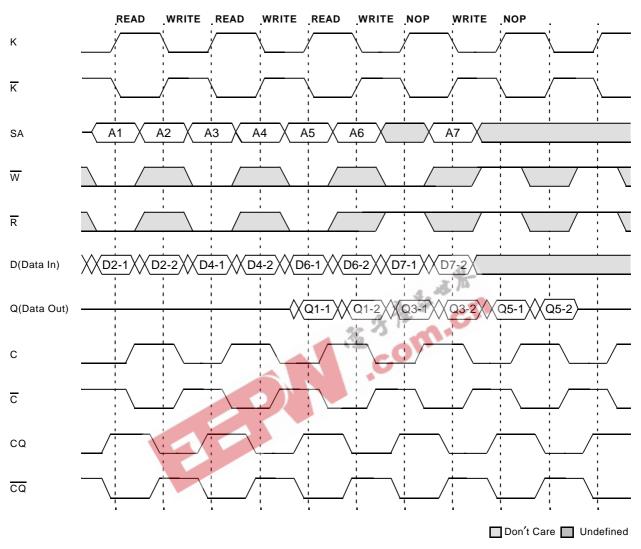


Note: 1.D1-1 refers to input to address A1+0, D1-2 refers to input to address A1+1, i.e the next internal burst address following A1+0.

2. BWx (NWx) assumed active.



TIMING WAVE FORMS OF READ, WRITE AND NOP



Note: 1. If address A1=A2, data Q1-1=D2-1, data Q1-2=D2-2.

Write data is forwarded immediately as read results.

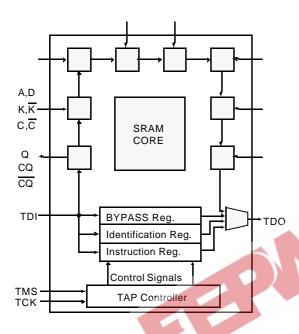
2. BWx (NWx) assumed active.



IEEE 1149.1 TEST ACCESS PORT AND BOUNDARY SCAN-JTAG

This part contains an IEEE standard 1149.1 Compatible Test Access Port(TAP). The package pads are monitored by the Serial Scan circuitry when in test mode. This is to support connectivity testing during manufacturing and system diagnostics. Internal data is not driven out of the SRAM under JTAG control. In conformance with IEEE 1149.1, the SRAM contains a TAP controller, Instruction Register, Bypass Register and ID register. The TAP controller has a standard 16-state machine that resets internally upon power-up, therefore, TRST signal is not required. It is possible to use this device without utilizing the TAP. To disable the TAP controller without interfacing with normal operation of the SRAM, TCK must be tied to Vss to preclude mid level input. TMS and TDI are designed so an undriven input will produce a response identical to the application of a logic 1, and may be left unconnected. But they may also be tied to VDD through a resistor. TDO should be left unconnected.

JTAG Block Diagram



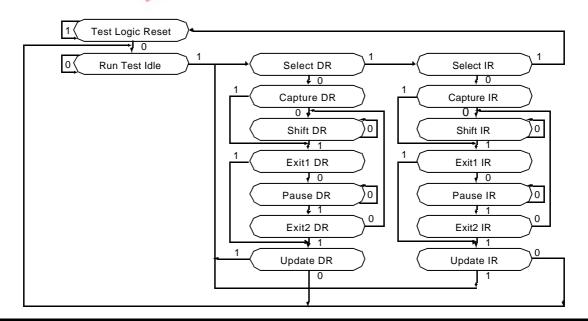
JTAG Instruction Coding

IR2	IR1	IR0	Instruction	TDO Output	Notes
0	0	0	EXTEST	Boundary Scan Register	1
0	0	1	IDCODE	Identification Register	3
0	1	0	SAMPLE-Z	Boundary Scan Register	2
0	1	1	RESERVED	Do Not Use	6
1	0	0	SAMPLE	Boundary Scan Register	5
1	0	1	RESERVED	Do Not Use	6
1	1	0	RESERVED	Do Not Use	6
1	1	1	BYPASS	Bypass Register	4

NOTE:

- Places DQs in Hi-Z in order to sample all input data regardless of other SRAM inputs. This instruction is not IEEE 1149.1 compliant.
- Places DQs in Hi-Z in order to sample all input data regardless of other SRAM inputs.
- TDI is sampled as an input to the first ID register to allow for the serial shift of the external TDI data.
- 4. Bypass register is initiated to Vss when BYPASS instruction is invoked. The Bypass Register also holds serially loaded TDI when exiting the Shift DR states
- 5. SAMPLE instruction dose not places DQs in Hi-Z.
- 6. This instruction is reserved for future use.

TAP Controller State Diagram





SCAN REGISTER DEFINITION

Part	Instruction Register	Bypass Register	ID Register	Boundary Scan
1Mx36	3 bits	1 bit	32 bits	109 bits
2Mx18	3 bits	1 bit	32 bits	109 bits
4Mx9	3 bits	1 bit	32 bits	109 bits

ID REGISTER DEFINITION

Part	Revision Number (31:29)	Part Configuration (28:12)	Samsung JEDEC Code (11: 1)	Start Bit(0)
1Mx36	000	00def0wx0t0q0b0s0	00001001110	1
2Mx18	000	00def0wx0t0q0b0s0	00001001110	1
4Mx9	000	00def0wx0t0q0b0s0	00001001110	1

Note: Part Configuration

/def=010 for 36Mb, /wx=11 for x36, 10 for x18, 00 for x9.

/t=1 for DLL Ver., 0 for non-DLL Ver. /q=1 for QDR, 0 for DDR /b=1 for 4Bit Burst, 0 for 2Bit Burst /s=1 for Separate I/O, 0 for Common I/O

ORDER

PIN ID

BOUNDARY SCAN EXIT ORDER

ORDER	PIN ID
1	6R
2	6P
3	6N
4	7P
5	7N
6	7R
7	8R
8	8P
9	9R
10	11P
11	10P
12	10N
13	9P
14	10M
15	11N
16	9M
17	9N
18	11L
19	11M
20	9L
21	10L
22	11K
23	10K
24	9J
25	9K
26	10J
27	11J
28	11H
29	10G
30	9G
31	11F
32	11G
33	9F
34	10F
35	11E
36	10E

0.1.2.1.1	
37	10D
38	9E
39	10C
40	11D
41	9C
42	9D
43	11B
44	11C
45	9B
46	10B
47	11A
48	10A
49	9A
50	8B
51	7C
52	6C
53	8A
54	7A
55	7B
56	6B
57	6A
58	5B
59	5A
60	4A
61	5C
62	4B
63	3A
64	2A
65	1A
66	2B
67	3B
68	1C
69	1B
70	3D
71	3C
72	1D

ONDER	FINID
73	2C
74	3E
75	2D
76	2E
77	1E
78	2F
79	3F
80	1G
81	1F
82	3G
83	2G
84	1H
85	1J
86	2J
87	3K
88	3J
89	2K
90	1K
91	2L
92	3L
93	1 M
94	1L
95	3N
96	3M
97	1N
98	2M
99	3P
100	2N
101	2P
102	1P
103	3R
104	4R
105	4P
106	5P
107	5N
108	5R
109	Internal

ORDER

PIN ID

Note: 1. NC pins are read as "X" (i.e. don't care.)



JTAG DC OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	VDD	1.7	1.8	1.9	V	
Input High Level	VIH	1.3	-	VDD+0.3	V	
Input Low Level	VIL	-0.3	-	0.5	V	
Output High Voltage(IOH=-2mA)	Voн	1.4	-	VDD	V	
Output Low Voltage(lot=2mA)	Vol	Vss	-	0.4	V	

Note: 1. The input level of SRAM pin is to follow the SRAM DC specification.

JTAG AC TEST CONDITIONS

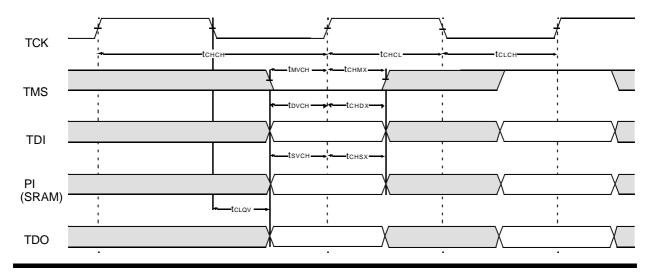
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Unit	Note
Input High/Low Level	VIH/VIL	1.8/0.0	V	
Input Rise/Fall Time	TR/TF	1.0/1.0	ns	
Input and Output Timing Reference Level		0.9	V	1

Note: 1. See SRAM AC test output load on page 11.

JTAG AC Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
TCK Cycle Time	tCHCH	50	4	ns	
TCK High Pulse Width	tchcL	20		ns	
TCK Low Pulse Width	tCLCH	20	-	ns	
TMS Input Setup Time	tmvch	5	-	ns	
TMS Input Hold Time	tCHMX	5	-	ns	
TDI Input Setup Time	tDVCH	5	-	ns	
TDI Input Hold Time	tCHDX	5	-	ns	
SRAM Input Setup Time	tsvch	5	-	ns	
SRAM Input Hold Time	tchsx	5	-	ns	
Clock Low to Output Valid	tCLQV	0	10	ns	

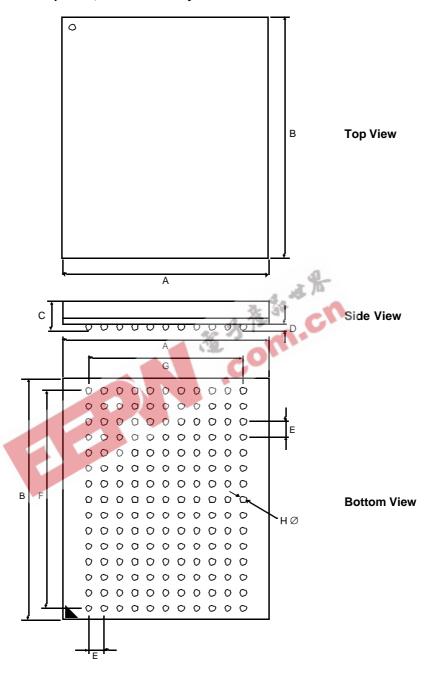
JTAG TIMING DIAGRAM





165 FBGA PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

15mm x 17mm Body, 1.0mm Bump Pitch, 11x15 Ball Array



Symbol	Value	Units	Note	Symbol	Value	Units	Note
Α	15 ± 0.1	mm		E	1.0	mm	
В	17 ± 0.1	mm		F	14.0	mm	
С	1.3 ± 0.1	mm		G	10.0	mm	
D	0.35 ± 0.05	mm		Н	0.5 ± 0.05	mm	

