


Small Outline Optoisolators Transistor Output

These devices consist of a gallium arsenide infrared emitting diode optically coupled to a monolithic silicon phototransistor detector, in a surface mountable, small outline, plastic package. They are ideally suited for high density applications, and eliminate the need for through-the-board mounting.

- Convenient Plastic SOIC-8 Surface Mountable Package Style
- Closely Matched Current Transfer Ratios
- Minimum $V_{(BR)CEO}$ of 70 Volts Guaranteed
- Standard SOIC-8 Footprint, with 0.050" Lead Spacing
- Shipped in Tape and Reel, which Conforms to EIA Standard RS481A
- Compatible with Dual Wave, Vapor Phase and IR Reflow Soldering
- High Input-Output Isolation of 3000 Vac (rms) Guaranteed
- UL Recognized  File #E54915

Ordering Information:

- To obtain MOC205, 206, 207, 208 in Tape and Reel, add R2 suffix to device numbers:
R2 = 2500 units on 13" reel
- To obtain MOC205, 206, 207, 208 in quantities of 50 (shipped in sleeves) — No Suffix

Marking Information:

- MOC205 = 205
- MOC206 = 206
- MOC207 = 207
- MOC208 = 208

Applications:

- Feedback Control Circuits
- Interfacing and coupling systems of different potentials and impedances
- General Purpose Switching Circuits
- Monitor and Detection Circuits

MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
INPUT LED			
Forward Current — Continuous	I_F	60	mA
Forward Current — Peak (PW = 100 μs , 120 pps)	$I_F(\text{pk})$	1.0	A
Reverse Voltage	V_R	6.0	V
LED Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	P_D	90 0.8	mW mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$

OUTPUT TRANSISTOR

Collector-Emitter Voltage	V_{CEO}	70	V
Collector-Base Voltage	V_{CBO}	70	V
Emitter-Collector Voltage	V_{ECO}	7.0	V
Collector Current — Continuous	I_C	150	mA
Detector Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	P_D	150 1.76	mW mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$

NOTE: Thickness through insulation between input and output ≥ 0.5 mm.

Preferred devices are Motorola recommended choices for future use and best overall value.

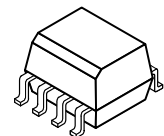
REV 1

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MOC205
[CTR = 40–80%]
MOC206*
[CTR = 63–125%]
MOC207*
[CTR = 100–200%]
MOC208*
[CTR = 40–125%]

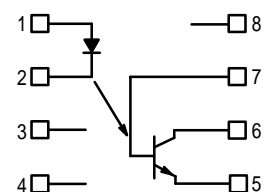
*Motorola Preferred Devices

**SMALL OUTLINE
OPTOISOLATORS
TRANSISTOR OUTPUT**



CASE 846-01, STYLE 1
PLASTIC

SCHEMATIC



1. LED ANODE
2. LED CATHODE
3. NO CONNECTION
4. NO CONNECTION
5. EMITTER
6. COLLECTOR
7. BASE
8. NO CONNECTION

MOC205 MOC206 MOC207 MOC208

MAXIMUM RATINGS — continued ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
TOTAL DEVICE			
Input–Output Isolation Voltage ^(1,2) (60 Hz, 1.0 sec. duration)	V_{ISO}	3000	Vac(rms)
Total Device Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	P_D	250 2.94	mW mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Ambient Operating Temperature Range ⁽³⁾	T_A	–55 to +100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range ⁽³⁾	T_{stg}	–55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Soldering Temperature (1/16" from case, 10 sec. duration)	—	260	$^\circ\text{C}$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)⁽⁴⁾

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ ⁽⁴⁾	Max	Unit
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INPUT LED

Forward Voltage ($I_F = 10\text{ mA}$)	V_F	—	1.15	1.5	V
Reverse Leakage Current ($V_R = 6.0\text{ V}$)	I_R	—	0.1	100	μA
Capacitance	C	—	18	—	pF

OUTPUT TRANSISTOR

Collector–Emitter Dark Current ($V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$) ($V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$, $T_A = 100^\circ\text{C}$)	I_{CEO1}	—	1.0	50	nA
	I_{CEO2}	—	1.0	—	μA
Collector–Emitter Breakdown Voltage ($I_C = 100\ \mu\text{A}$)	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	70	120	—	V
Emitter–Collector Breakdown Voltage ($I_E = 100\ \mu\text{A}$)	$V_{(BR)ECO}$	7.0	7.8	—	V
Collector–Emitter Capacitance ($f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$, $V_{CE} = 0$)	C_{CE}	—	7.0	—	pF

COUPLED

Output Collector Current ($I_F = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$)	MOC205	I_C (CTR) ⁽⁵⁾	4.0 (40)	6.0 (60)	8.0 (80)	mA (%)
	MOC206		6.3 (63)	9.4 (94)	12.5 (125)	
	MOC207		10 (100)	15 (150)	20 (200)	
	MOC208		4.0 (40)	8.0 (80)	12.5 (125)	
Collector–Emitter Saturation Voltage ($I_C = 2.0\text{ mA}$, $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$)	$V_{CE(sat)}$	—	0.15	0.4	V	
Turn–On Time ($I_C = 2.0\text{ mA}$, $V_{CC} = 10\text{ V}$, $R_L = 100\ \Omega$)	t_{on}	—	3.0	—	μs	
Turn–Off Time ($I_C = 2.0\text{ mA}$, $V_{CC} = 10\text{ V}$, $R_L = 100\ \Omega$)	t_{off}	—	2.8	—	μs	
Rise Time ($I_C = 2.0\text{ mA}$, $V_{CC} = 10\text{ V}$, $R_L = 100\ \Omega$)	t_r	—	1.6	—	μs	
Fall Time ($I_C = 2.0\text{ mA}$, $V_{CC} = 10\text{ V}$, $R_L = 100\ \Omega$)	t_f	—	2.2	—	μs	
Input–Output Isolation Voltage ($f = 60\text{ Hz}$, $t = 1.0\text{ sec.}$) ^(1,2)	V_{ISO}	3000	—	—	Vac(rms)	
Isolation Resistance ($V_{I-O} = 500\text{ V}$) ⁽²⁾	R_{ISO}	10^{11}	—	—	Ω	
Isolation Capacitance ($V_{I-O} = 0$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$) ⁽²⁾	C_{ISO}	—	0.2	—	pF	

1. Input–Output Isolation Voltage, V_{ISO} , is an internal device dielectric breakdown rating.
2. For this test, pins 1 and 2 are common, and pins 5, 6 and 7 are common.
3. Refer to Quality and Reliability Section in Opto Data Book for information on test conditions.
4. Always design to the specified minimum/maximum electrical limits (where applicable).
5. Current Transfer Ratio (CTR) = $I_C/I_F \times 100\%$.

MOC205 MOC206 MOC207 MOC208

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

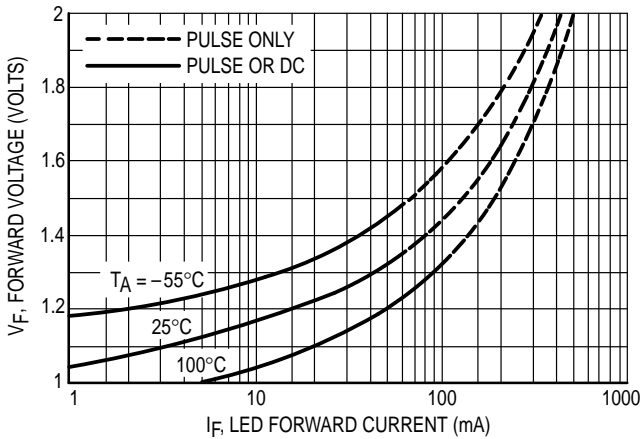


Figure 1. LED Forward Voltage versus Forward Current

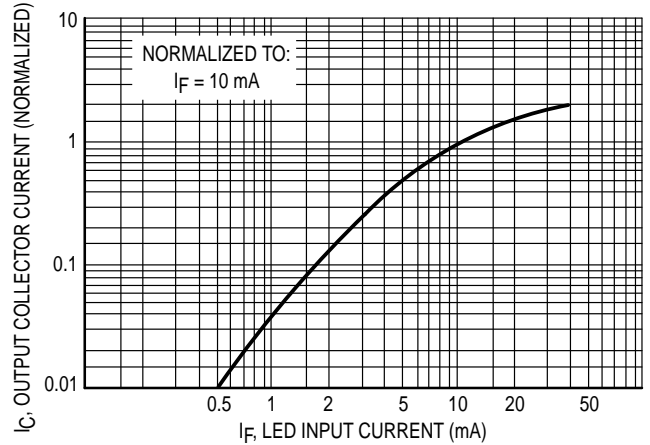


Figure 2. Output Current versus Input Current

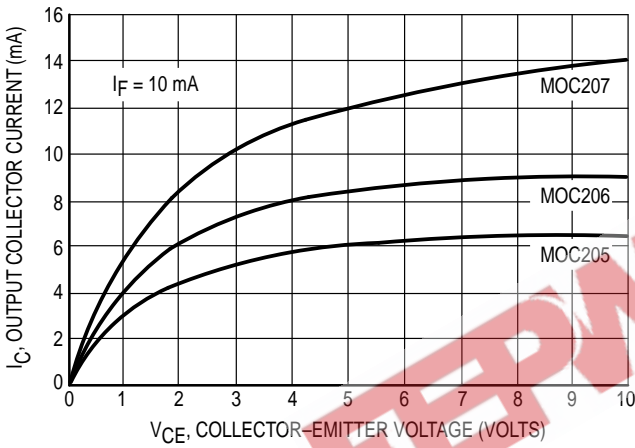


Figure 3. Output Current versus Collector-Emitter Voltage

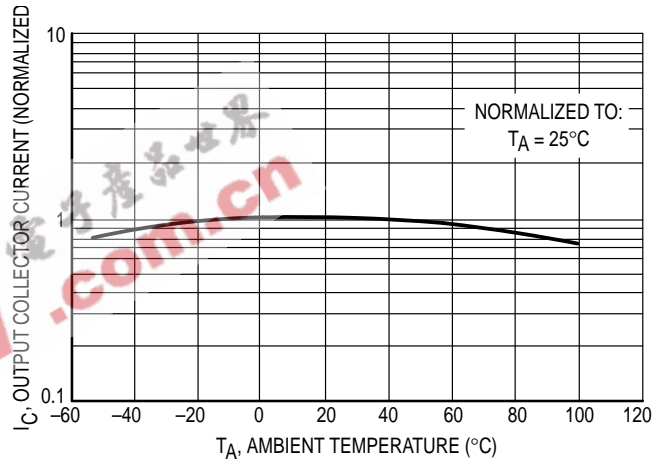


Figure 4. Output Current versus Ambient Temperature

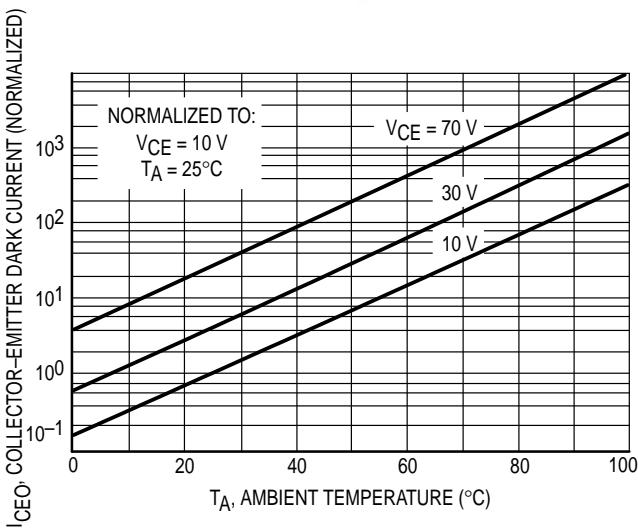


Figure 5. Dark Current versus Ambient Temperature

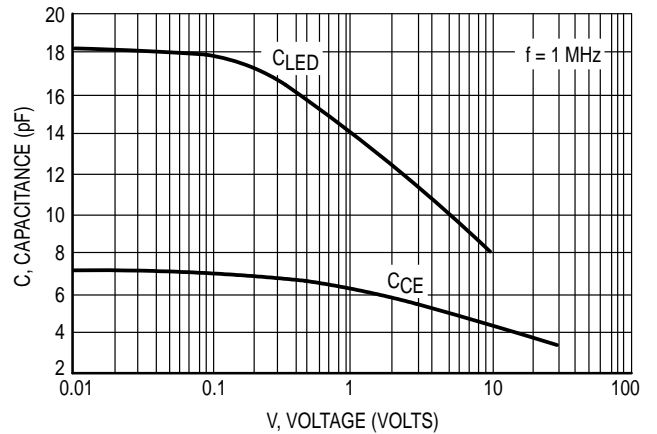
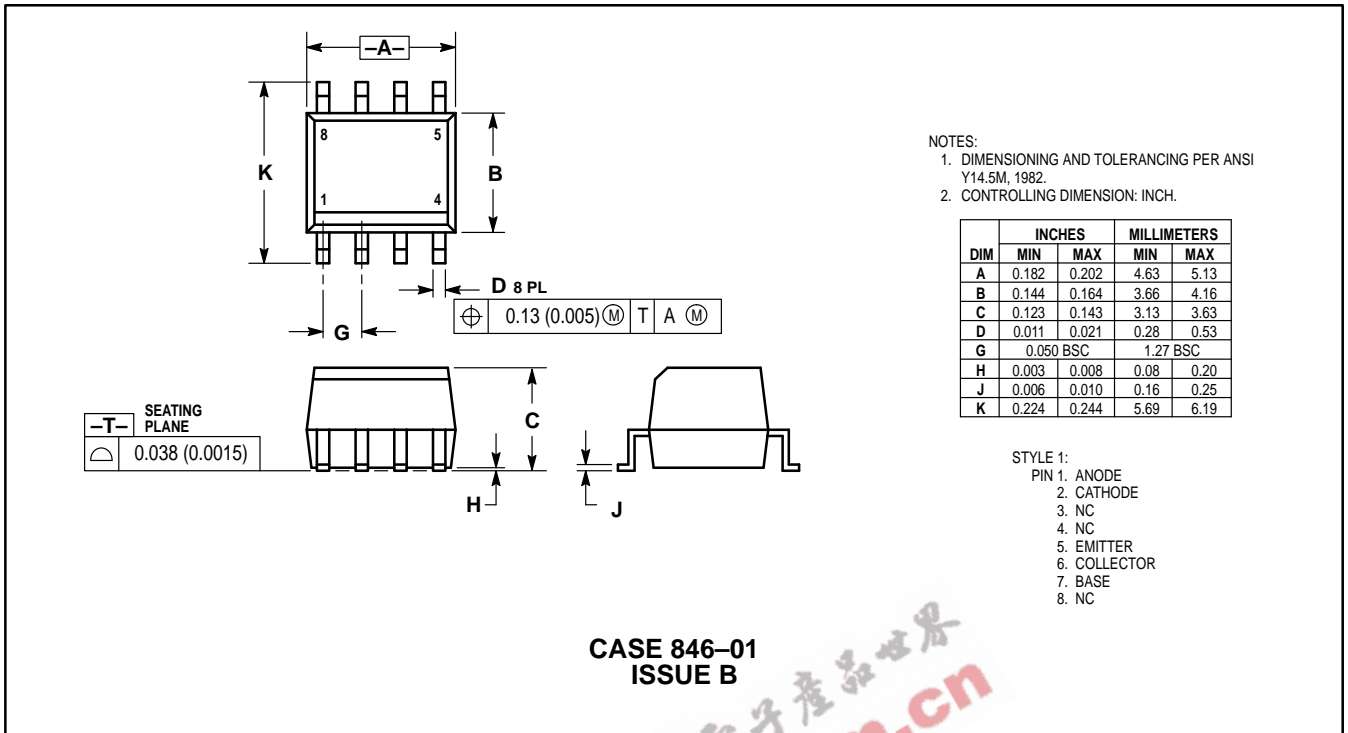


Figure 6. Capacitance versus Voltage

MOC205 MOC206 MOC207 MOC208

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



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