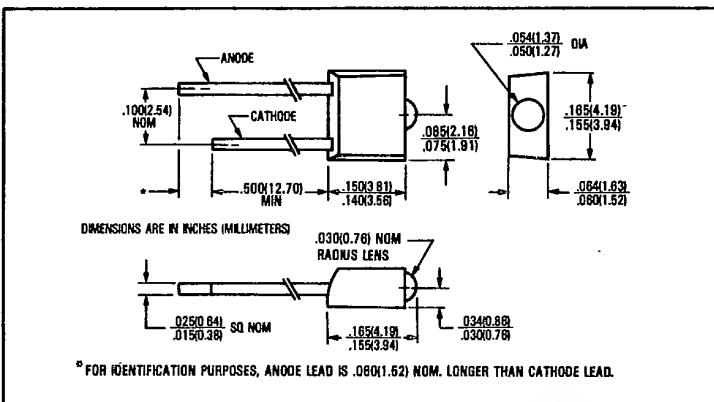
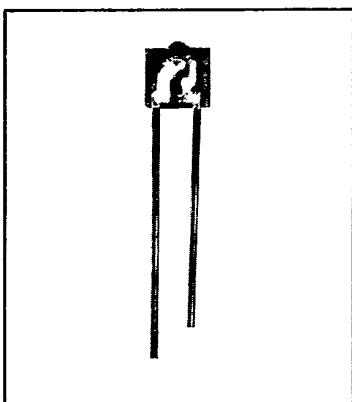


T-41-11



## GaAs Plastic Infrared Emitting Diodes

### Types OP169SL, OP169SLD, OP169SLC

**Features**

- Integral lens for narrow beam angle
- Easily stackable on 0.100 inch (2.54 mm) hole centers
- Mechanically and spectrally matched to the OP509 phototransistor series

**Description**

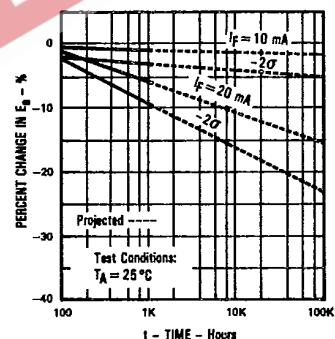
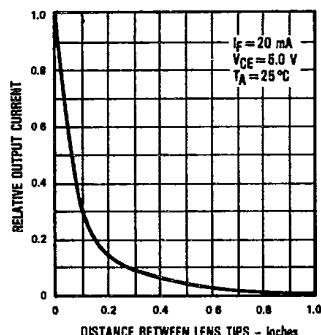
The OP169SL series are gallium arsenide infrared emitting diodes molded in "end-emitting" miniature clear packages. The molded lens insures improved uniformity of lens magnification from unit to unit. The OP169SL series provides a broad range of on-line and radiant intensities and has considerable design flexibility due to its small size. These devices are mechanically and spectrally matched to the OP509 series of phototransistors. For additional information on spectral emission characteristics, please refer to the OP509 data sheet.

**Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Continuous Forward Current	50 mA
Peak Forward Current (Pulse Width = 1 $\mu\text{sec}$ , 300 pps)	3.0 A
Reverse Voltage	2.0 V
Storage and Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +100°C
Lead Soldering Temperature (1/16 inch [1.6 mm] from Case for 5 sec. with soldering iron) <sup>(1)</sup>	240°C
Power Dissipation	100 mW <sup>(2)</sup>

**Notes:**

- (1) RMA flux is recommended. Duration can be extended to 10 sec. max. when flow soldering.
- (2) Derate linearly 1.33 mW/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$  above 25°C.
- (3)  $E_{\text{g}}(\text{APT})$  is a measurement of the average apertured radiant incidence upon a sensing area 0.180" (4.67 mm) in diameter perpendicular to and centered on the mechanical axis of the lens, and 0.653" (16.6 mm) from the lens tip.  $E_{\text{g}}(\text{APT})$  is a measurement of the average radiant intensity within the cone formed by the above conditions.  $E_{\text{g}}(\text{APT})$  is not necessarily uniform within the measured area.

**Typical Performance Curves****Percent Changes in Radiant Intensity vs Time****Coupling Characteristics of OP169SL and OP509**

T-41-11

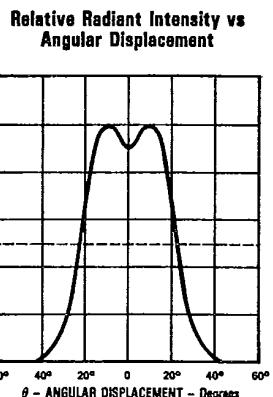
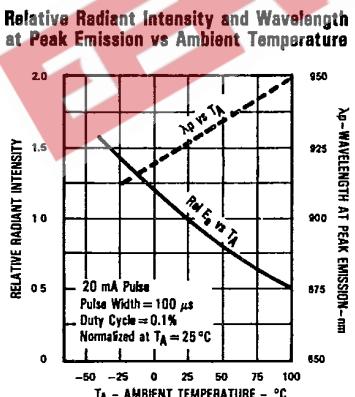
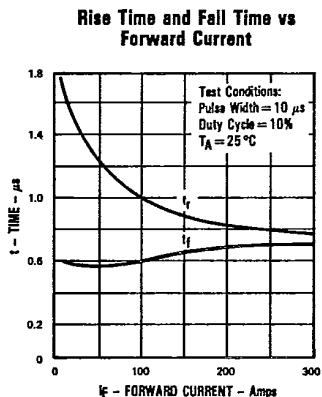
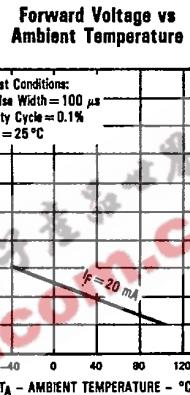
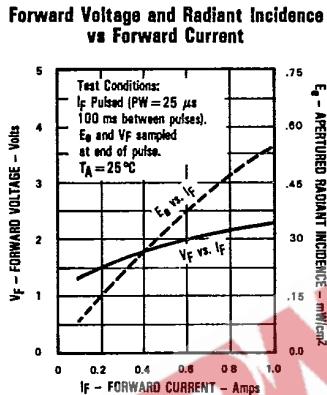
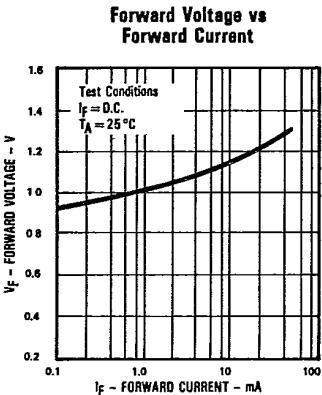
## Types OP169SL, OP169SLD, OP169SLC

Electrical Characteristics ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
$P_0$	Radiant Power Output OP169SL		0.20		mW	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
$E_{el(APT)^{(3)}}$	Apertured Radiant Incidence OP169SL OP169SLD OP169SLC	0.020 0.116 0.195		0.24	$\text{mW/cm}^2$	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
$V_F$	Forward Voltage			1.80	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
$I_R$	Reverse Current			100	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_R = 2.0 \text{ V}$
$\lambda_p$	Wavelength at Peak Emission			930	nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
$B$	Spectral Bandwidth Between Half Power Points		50		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
$\Delta\lambda_p/\Delta T$	Spectral Shift with Temperature		+0.30		$\text{nm}/^\circ\text{C}$	$I_F = \text{Constant}$
$\theta_{HP}$	Emission Angle at Half Power Points		48		Deg.	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
$t_r$	Output Rise Time		1650		ns	
$t_f$	Output Fall Time		580		ns	$(I_FPK) = 20 \text{ mA}, PW = 10.0 \mu\text{s}, D.C. = 10.0\%$

C

## Typical Performance Curves



TRW reserves the right to make changes at any time in order to improve design and to supply the best product possible.

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