

S11MD5T/S21MD3TV/ S21MD4TV

High Noise-resistance Type Phototriac Coupler

■ Features

1. NO.5 pin completely sealed in the mold for external noise resistance

2. Built-in zero-cross circuit (**S21MD4TV**)

3. High repetitive peak OFF-state voltage.

S11MD5T V_{DRM} : MIN. 400V

S21MD3TV/S21MD4TV V_{DRM} : MIN. 600V

4. Isolation voltage between input and output
(Viso : 5 000 Vrms)

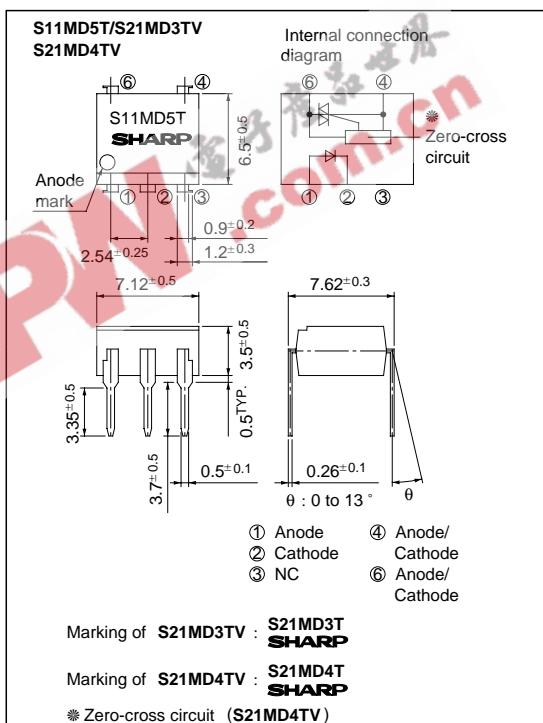
5. Recognized by UL : recognized, file No. E64380

■ Applications

1. For triggering of power triac

■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)



■ Model Line-ups

100V	S11MD5T
200V	S21MD3TV/S21MD4TV

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating		Unit
		S11MD5T	S21MD3TV/S21MD4TV	
Input	Forward current	I _F	50	mA
	Reverse voltage	V _R	6	V
Output	RMS ON-state current	I _T	0.1	A _{rms}
	* ¹ Peak one cycle surge current	I _{surge}	1.2	A
	Repetitive peak OFF-state voltage	V _{DRM}	400 600	V
	* ² Isolation voltage	V _{iso}	5 000	V _{rms}
	Operating temperature	T _{opr}	- 30 to +100	°C
	Storage temperature	T _{stg}	- 55 to +125	°C
	* ³ Soldering temperature	T _{sol}	260	°C

*1 Sine wave

*2 40 to 60% RH, AC for 1 minute, f = 60Hz

*3 For 10 seconds

■ Electro-optical Characteristics

(Ta= 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Input	Forward voltage	S11MD5T/S21MD4TV S21MD3TV	V _F	I _F = 20mA	-	1.2	1.4	V
				I _F = 30mA	-	-	-	
	Reverse current	I _R	V _R = 3V	-	-	10 ⁻⁵	A	
Output	Repetitive peak OFF-state current	I _{DRM}	V _{DRM} = R _{rated}	-	-	10 ⁻⁶	A	
	ON-state voltage	V _T	I _T = 0.1A	-	1.3	2.0	V	
				-	1.7	2.5	V	
	Holding current	I _H	V _D = 6V	0.1	1	3.5	mA	
	Critical rate of rise of OFF-state voltage	dV/dt	V _{DRM} = 1/ $\sqrt{2}$ Rated	100	-	-	V/ μ s	
Transfer characteristics	Zero-cross voltage	V _{Ox}	Resistance load I _F = 15mA	-	-	35	V	
	Minimun trigger current	I _{FT}	V _D = 6V R _L = 100Ω	-	-	10	mA	
	Isolation resistance	R _{ISO}	DC500V 40 to 60% RH	5 x 10 ¹⁰	10 ¹¹	-	Ω	
	Turn-on time	t _{on}	V _D = 6V, I _F = 20mA ^{*4} R _L = 100Ω	-	80	200	μs	
				-	-	100	μs	
				-	20	50	μs	

*4 S21MD3TV : I_F=30mA

Fig. 1 RMS ON-state Current vs. Ambient Temperature

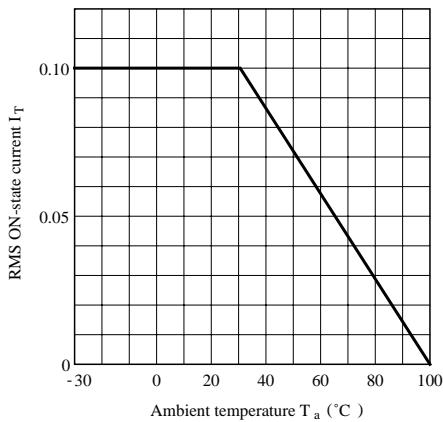
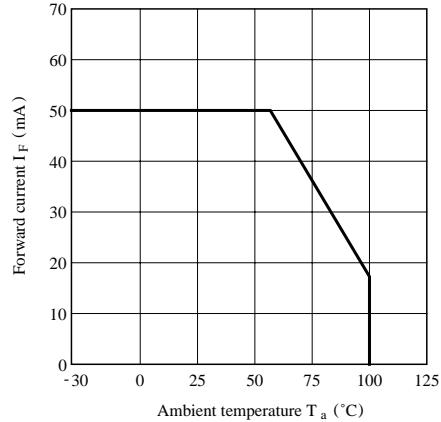
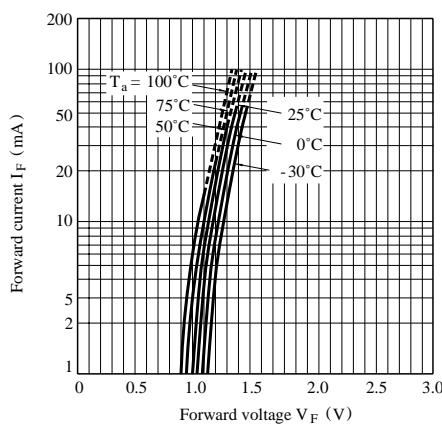
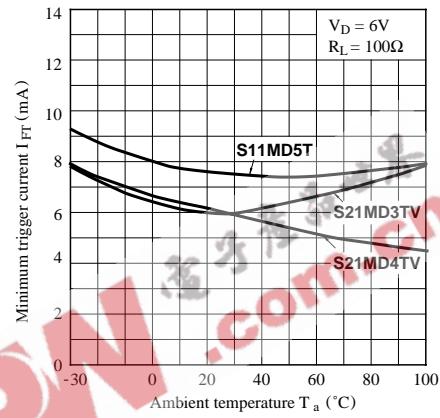
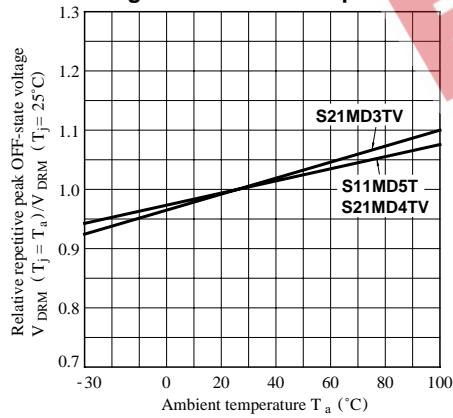
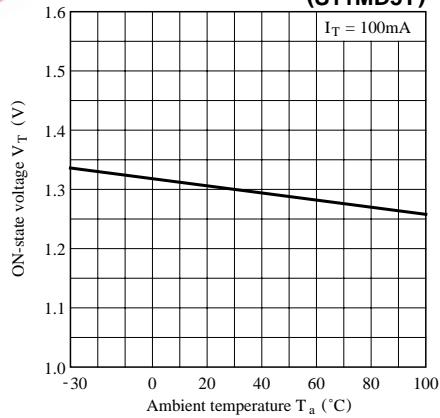
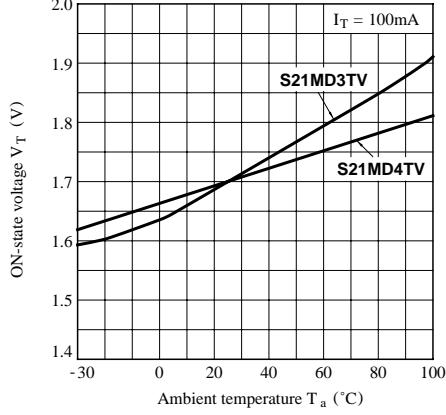
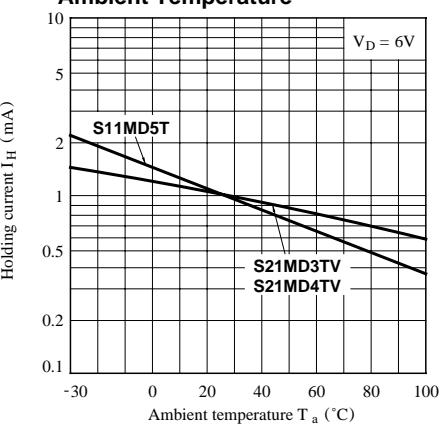


Fig. 2 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature



SHARP**S11MD5T/S21MD3TV/S21MD4TV****Fig. 3 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage****Fig. 4 Minimum Trigger Current vs. Ambient Temperature****Fig. 5 Relative Repetitive Peak OFF-state Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature****Fig. 6-a ON-state Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature (S11MD5T)****Fig. 6-b ON-state Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature (S21MD3TV/S21MD4TV)****Fig. 7 Holding Current vs. Ambient Temperature**

SHARP

S11MD5T/S21MD3TV/S21MD4TV

Fig. 8-a Repetitive Peak OFF-state Current vs. OFF-state Voltage (S11MD5T)

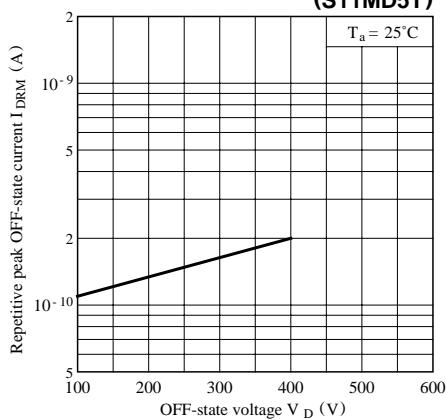


Fig. 8-b Repetitive Peak OFF-state Current vs. OFF-state Voltage (S21MD3TV/S21MD4TV)

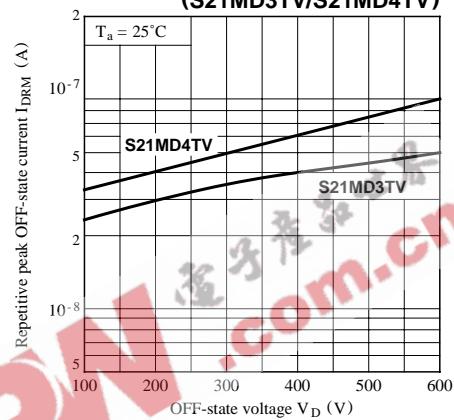


Fig. 9-a Repetitive Peak OFF-state Current vs. Ambient Temperature (S11MD5T)

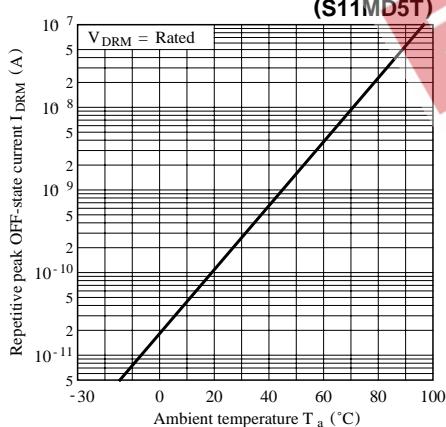


Fig. 9-b Repetitive Peak OFF-state Current vs. Ambient Temperature (S21MD3TV/S21MD4TV)

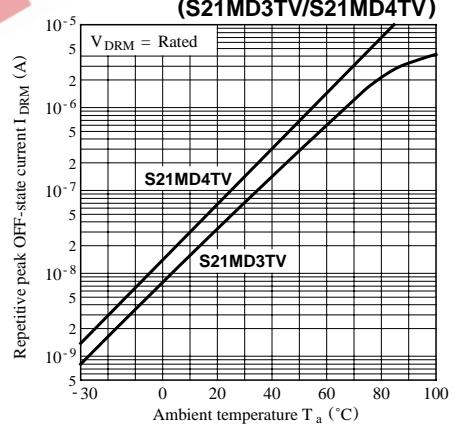


Fig.10 Turn-on Time vs. Forward Current (S11MD5T/S21MD3TV)

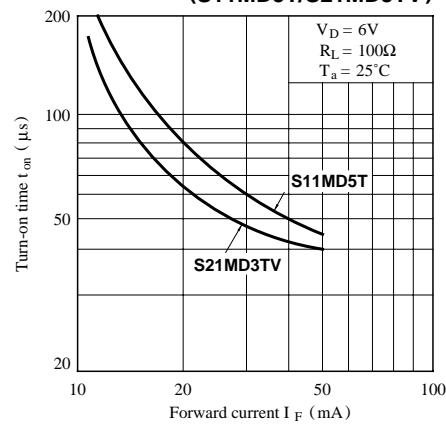
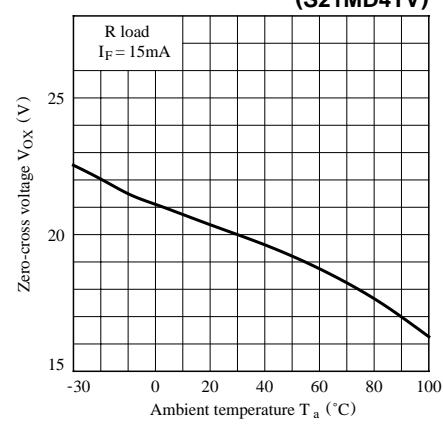
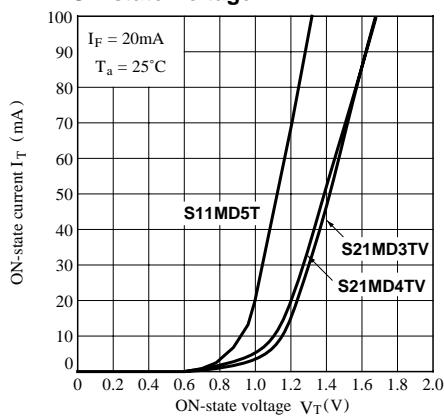


Fig.11 Zero-cross Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature (S21MD4TV)

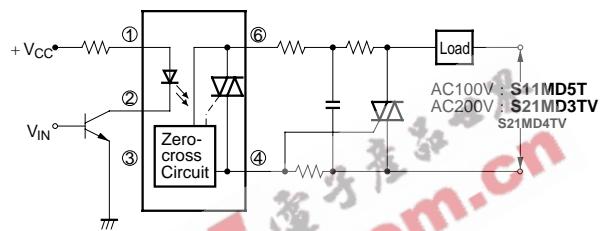


**Fig.12 ON-state Current vs.
ON-state Voltage**



■ Basic Operation Circuit

Medium/High Power Triac Drive Circuit



Note) Please use on condition of the triac for power triggers.
Zero-cross circuit is applied to S21MD4TV.

- Please refer to the chapter "Precautions for Use."