

TC622 TC624

# LOW COST, SINGLE TRIP POINT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

### **FEATURES**

- Temperature Set Point Easily Programs with a Single External Resistor
- Operates with 2.7V Power Supply (TC624)
- TO-220 Package for Direct Mounting to Heatsink (TC622xAT) or Standard 8-Pin PDIP and SOIC
- Cost Effective

### **APPLICATIONS**

- Power Supply Over-temperature Detection
- Consumer Electronics
- Fire/ Heat Detection
- UPS's, Amplifiers, Motors
- CPU Thermal Management in PC's

## **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The TC622 and TC624 are programmable solid state temperature switches designed to replace mechanical switches in sensing and control applications. Both devices integrate the temperature sensor along with a voltage reference and all required detector circuitry to form a stand-alone temperature switch. The desired temperature set point is set by the user with a single external resistor.

Ambient temperature is sensed and compared to the programmed setpoint. The OUT and OUT outputs are driven to their active state when the measured temperature exceeds the programmed setpoint.

## **ORDERING INFORMATION**

The TC622 has a power supply voltage range of 4.5V to 18.0V while the TC624 operates over a power supply range of 2.7V to 4.5V. Both devices are usable over a temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $+125^{\circ}$ C (TC622Vxx, TC624Vxx). Both devices feature low supply current making them suitable for many portable applications.

Eight-pin through-hole and surface mount packages are available. The TC622 is also offered in a 5-pin TO-220 package.

#### FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



Part No.	Voltage Operation	Package	Ambient Temperature		
TC622COA	4.5V to 18V	8-Pin SOIC	0°C to +70°C		
TC622CPA	4.5V to 18V	8-Pin Plastic DIP	0°C to +70°C		
TC622EAT	4.5V to 18V	5-Pin TO-220	– 40°C to +85°C		
TC622EOA	4.5V to 18V	8-Pin SOIC	– 40°C to +85°C		
TC622EPA	4.5V to 18V	8-Pin Plastic DIP	– 40°C to +85°C		
TC622VAT	4.5V to 18V	5-Pin TO-220	– 40°C to +125°C		
TC622VOA	4.5V to 18V	8-Pin SOIC	– 40°C to +125°C		
TC622VPA	4.5V to 18V	8-Pin Plastic DIP	– 40°C to +125°C		
TC624COA	2.7V to 4.5V	8-Pin SOIC	0°C to +70°C		
TC624CPA	2.7V to 4.5V	8-Pin Plastic DIP	0°C to +70°C		
TC624EOA	2.7V to 4.5V	8-Pin SOIC	– 40°C to +85°C		
TC624EPA	2.7V to 4.5V	8-Pin Plastic DIP	– 40°C to +85°C		
TC624VOA	2.7V to 4.5V	8-Pin SOIC	– 40°C to +125°C		
TC624VPA	2.7V to 4.5V	8-Pin Plastic DIP	– 40°C to +125°C		



## LOW COST, SINGLE TRIP POINT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

## TC622 TC624

## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS\***

Supply Voltage (TC622)	20V
(TC624)	5.5V
Input Voltage Any Input (GND -	- 0.3V) to (V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3V)
Operating Temperature	40°C to +125°C
C Version	0°C to +70°C
E Version	40°C to +85°C
V Version	40°C to +125°C
Maximum Junction Temperature	+150°C

Storage Temperatu	re	– 65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (	(Soldering, 10 sec)	+300°C

\*Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (C	Over Oper	ating Temperature	Range, unless	otherwise specified.)
-------------------------------	-----------	-------------------	---------------	-----------------------

Parameter		Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage Range	TC622			4.5	5 _	18	V
	TC624			2.7	-	4.5	
Supply Current	TC622	$5.0V \le V_{DD} \le 18V$	Ge.	19 - C	200	600	μΑ
	TC624	$2.7V \le V_{DD} \le 4.5V$	36.7	-	170	300	
V <sub>OH</sub>	TC622	$5.0V \le V_{DD} \le 18V$ ,		0			
		$-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +125^{\circ}C$	, I <sub>OH</sub> = 250µA	0.90 x V <sub>DD</sub>	—	_	V
			I <sub>OH</sub> = 500µA	0.80 x V <sub>DD</sub>	—		
V <sub>OL</sub>	TC622	$-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +85^{\circ}C$ ,	$I_{OL} = 500 \mu A$	_		0.15 x V <sub>DD</sub>	V
			$I_{OL} = 1 \text{mA}$	_	—	0.30 x V <sub>DD</sub>	
		$-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +125^{\circ}C$	, I <sub>OL</sub> = 1mA	_	—	0.35 x V <sub>DD</sub>	
V <sub>OH</sub>	TC624	$2.7V \le V_{DD} \le 4.5V,$					
		$-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +125^{\circ}C$	, I <sub>OH</sub> = 250µА	0.9 x V <sub>DD</sub>	—		V
			I <sub>OH</sub> = 500µА	0.8 x V <sub>DD</sub>	—		
V <sub>OL</sub>	TC624	$-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +85^{\circ}C,$	I <sub>OL</sub> = 500μA	_	—	0.1 x V <sub>DD</sub>	V
			$I_{OL} = 1 mA$	_	—	0.2 x V <sub>DD</sub>	
		$-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +125^{\circ}C$	, I <sub>OL</sub> = 1mA		—	0.25 x V <sub>DD</sub>	
Absolute Accuracy	TC622	T <sub>SET</sub> = Programmed T	emperature	T – 5	T ± 1	T + 5	°C
	TC624	T <sub>SET</sub> = Programmed T	emperature	T – 5	T ± 1	T + 5	
Trip Point Hysteresis	TC622				2	—	°C
	TC624			—	2		

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The TC622 and TC624 are single point temperature detectors ideal for use in a wide variety of applications. When the temperature of the device exceeds the programmed temperature trip point, T<sub>SET</sub>, the OUT and OUT outputs are driven into their active states. The desired trippoint temperature is programmed with a single external resistor connected between the T<sub>SET</sub> input and V<sub>CC</sub>. The relationship between the resistor value and the trip point temperature is given by the equation below.

 $R_{TRIP} = 0.5997 \text{ x } T^{2.1312}$ Where Rtrip = Programming resistor value in Ohms T = Desired trip temperature in degrees Kelvin. For example, to program the device to trip at 50°C, the programming resistor is:

 $R_{TRIP} = 0.5997 \text{ x} ((50 + 273.15)^{2.1312}) = 133,652 \Omega$ 



## LOW COST, SINGLE TRIP POINT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

TC622 TC624

#### **Hysteresis**

To prevent output "chattering" at the trip point temperature, the temperature detector in the TC622/624 has  $2^{\circ}$ C of hysteresis (See Figure 1).

The outputs are driven active when the temperature crosses the setpoint determined by the external resistor. As temperature declines below the setpoint, the hysteresis action will hold the outputs true until the temperature drops  $2^{\circ}$ C below the threshold.



Figure 1. TC622/624 Hysteresis

