

Adjustable Precision Shunt Regulator

TO-92



SOT-89



Pin Definition:

1. Reference
2. Anode
3. Cathode

SOT-23



Pin Definition:

1. Reference
2. Cathode
3. Anode

SOP-8



Pin Definition:

- | | |
|------------|--------------|
| 1. Cathode | 8. Reference |
| 2. Anode | 7. Anode |
| 3. Anode | 6. Anode |
| 4. N/C | 5. N/C |

General Description

The TS4311/431AI/431BI integrated circuits are three-terminal programmable shunt regulator diodes. These monolithic IC voltage references operate as a low temperature coefficient zener which is programmable from V_{ref} to 36 volts with two external resistors. These devices exhibit a wide operating current range of 1.0 to 100mA with a typical dynamic impedance of 0.22Ω . The characteristics of these references make them excellent replacements for zener diodes in many applications such as digital voltmeters, power supplies, and op amp circuitry. The 2.5volt reference makes it convenient to obtain a stable reference from 5.0volt logic supplies, and since The TS4311/431AI/431BI operates as a shunt regulator, it can be used as either a positive or negative stage reference.

Features

- Precision Reference Voltage
TS431I – $2.495V \pm 2\%$
TS431AI – $2.495V \pm 1\%$
TS431BI – $2.495V \pm 0.5\%$
- Equivalent Full Range Temp. Coefficient: $50\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$
- Programmable Output Voltage up to 36V
- Fast Turn-On Response
- Sink Current Capability of 1~100mA
- Low Dynamic Output Impedance: 0.2Ω
- Low Output Noise

Ordering Information

Part No.	Package	Packing
TS431x T B0	TO-92	1Kpcs / Bulk
TS431x T A3	TO-92	2Kpcs / Ammo
TS431x X RF	SOT-23	3Kpcs / 7" Reel
TS431x Y RM	SOT-89	1Kpcs / 7" Reel
TS431x S RL	SOP-8	2.5Kpcs / 2.5" Reel

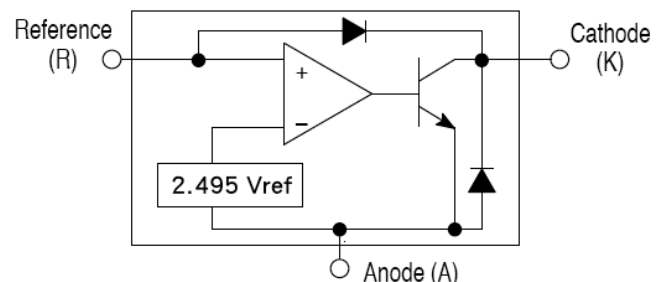
Note: Where **xx** denotes voltage tolerance

- Blank: $\pm 2\%$
- A: $\pm 1\%$
- B: $\pm 0.5\%$

Application

- Voltage Monitor
- Delay Timmer
- Constant –Current Source/Sink
- High-Current Shunt Regulator
- Crow Bar
- Over-Voltage / Under-Voltage Protection

Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Rating (Ta = 25 °C unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Cathode Voltage (Note 1)	Vka	37	V
Continuous Cathode Current Range	Ik	-100 ~ +150	mA
Reference Input Current Range	Iref	-0.05 ~ +10	mA
Power Dissipation	TO-92	0.625	W
	SOT-23	0.30	
	SOT-89 / SOP-8	0.50	
Junction Temperature	Tj	+150	°C
Operating Temperature Range	Toper	-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-65 ~ +150	°C

Note 1: Voltage values are with respect to the anode terminal unless otherwise noted.

Recommend Operating Condition

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Cathode Voltage (Note 1)	Vka	Ref ~ 36	V
Continuous Cathode Current Range	I _k	1 ~ 100	mA

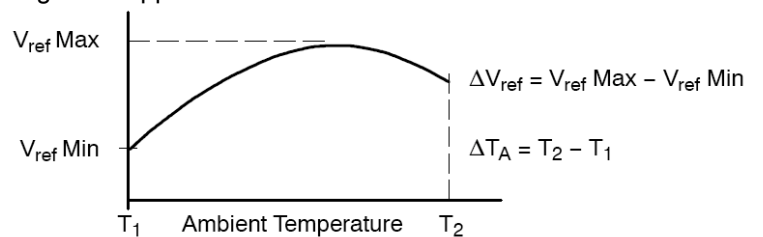
Recommend Operating Condition

Parameter	Symbo	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Reference voltage	V _{ref}	V _{ka} = V _{ref} , I _k = 10mA (Figure 1) T _a = 25 °C	2.450	2.495	2.550	V
			2.475		2.525	
			2.487		2.513	
Deviation of reference input voltage	ΔV _{ref}	V _{ka} = V _{ref} , I _k = 10mA (Figure 1) T _a = full range	--	3	17	mV
Radio of change in V _{ref} to change in cathode Voltage	ΔV _{ref} /ΔV _{ka}	I _{ka} = 10mA, V _{ka} = 10V to V _{ref} V _{ka} = 36V to 10V (Figure 2)	--	-1.4 -1.0	-2.7 -2.0	mV/V
Reference Input current	I _{ref}	R1=10KΩ, R2=∞, I _{ka} =10mA T _a = full range (Figure 2)	--	0.7	4.0	uA
Deviation of reference input current, over temp.	ΔI _{ref}	R1=10KΩ, R2=∞, I _{ka} =10mA T _a = full range (Figure 2)	--	0.4	1.2	uA
Off-state Cathode Current	I _{ka(off)}	V _{ref} =0V (Figure 3), V _{ka} =36V	--	--	1.0	uA
Dynamic Output Impedance	Z _{ka}	f<1KHz, V _{ka} =V _{ref} I _{ka} =1mA to 100mA (Figure 1)	--	0.22	0.5	Ω
Minimum operating cathode current	I _{ka(min)}	V _{ka} =V _{ref} (Figure 1)	--	0.4	0.6	mA

* The deviation parameters ΔV_{ref} and ΔI_{ref} are defined as difference between the maximum value and minimum value obtained over the full operating ambient temperature range that applied.

* The average temperature coefficient of the reference input voltage, αV_{ref} is defined as:

$$\alpha V_{ref} \left(\frac{\text{ppm}}{^{\circ}\text{C}} \right) = \frac{\left(\frac{\Delta V_{ref}}{V_{ref} (T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C})} \times 10^6 \right)}{\Delta T_A}$$



Where: T₂-T₁ = full temperature change.

αV_{ref} can be positive or negative depending on whether the slope is positive or negative.

Example: Maximum V_{ref}=2.496V at 30°C, minimum V_{ref}=2.492V at 0°C, V_{ref}=2.495V at 25°C, ΔT=70 °C

$$|\alpha_{V_{ref}}| = \frac{\left(\frac{4 \text{ mV}}{2495 \text{ mV}} \right) \times 10^6}{70^{\circ}\text{C}} \approx \frac{23 \text{ ppm}}{^{\circ}\text{C}}$$

Because minimum V_{ref} occurs at the lower temperature, the coefficient is positive

* The dynamic impedance Z_{KA} is defined as:

$$|Z_{KA}| = \frac{\Delta V_{KA}}{\Delta I_K}$$

* When the device operating with two external resistors, R1 and R2, (refer to Figure 2) the total dynamic impedance of the circuit is given by:

$$|Z_{KA}'| = |Z_{KA}| \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2} \right)$$

Test Circuits

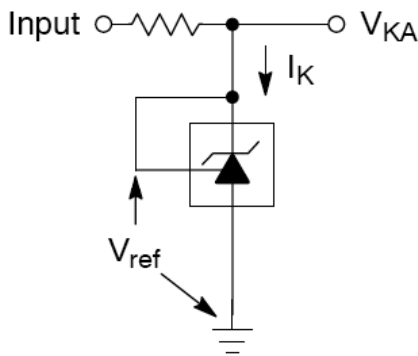


Figure 1: Vka = Vref

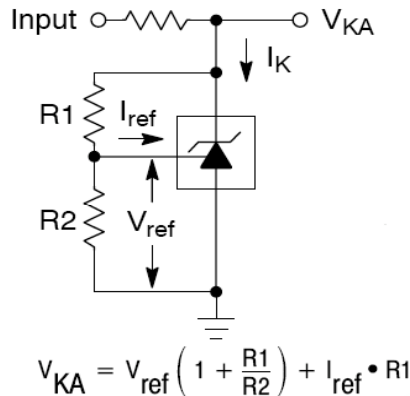


Figure 2: Vka > Vref

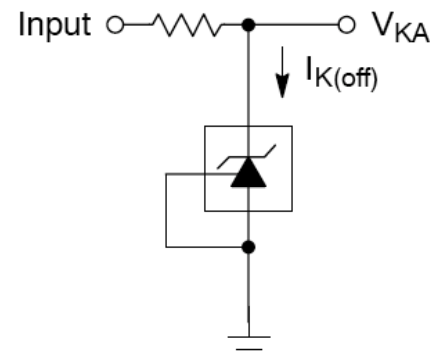


Figure 3: Off-State Current

Additional Information – Stability

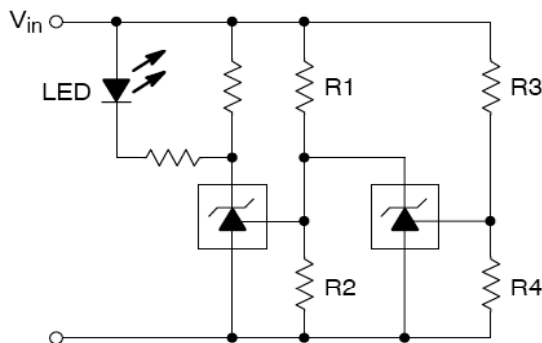
When The TS431I/431AI/431BI is used as a shunt regulator, there are two options for selection of C_L , are recommended for optional stability:

- A) No load capacitance across the device, decouple at the load.
- B) Large capacitance across the device, optional decoupling at the load.

The reason for this is that TS431I/431AI/431BI exhibits instability with capacitances in the range of 10nF to 1uF (approx.) at light cathode current up to 3mA (typ). The device is less stable the lower the cathode voltage has been set for. Therefore while the device will be perfectly stable operating at a cathode current of 10mA (approx.) with a 0.1uF capacitor across it, it will oscillate transiently during start up as the cathode current passes through the instability region. Select a very low capacitance, or alternatively a high capacitance (10uF) will avoid this issue altogether. Since the user will probably wish to have local decoupling at the load anyway, the most cost effective method is to use no capacitance at all directly across the device. PCB trace/via resistance and inductance prevent the local load decoupling from causing the oscillation during the transient start up phase.

Note: if the TS431I/431AI/431BI is located right at the load, so the load decoupling capacitor is directly across it, then this capacitor will have to be $\leq 1nF$ or $\geq 10uF$.

Applications Examples

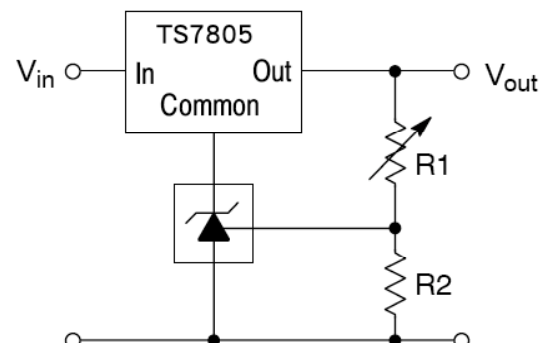


L.E.D. indicator is 'ON' when V_{in} is between the upper and lower limits,

$$\text{Lower limit} = \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2} \right) V_{ref}$$

$$\text{Upper limit} = \left(1 + \frac{R3}{R4} \right) V_{ref}$$

Figure 4: Voltage Monitor



$$V_{out} = \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2} \right) V_{ref}$$

$$V_{out(min)} = V_{ref} + 5.0 V$$

Figure 5: Output Control for Three Terminal Fixed Regulator

Applications Examples (Continue)

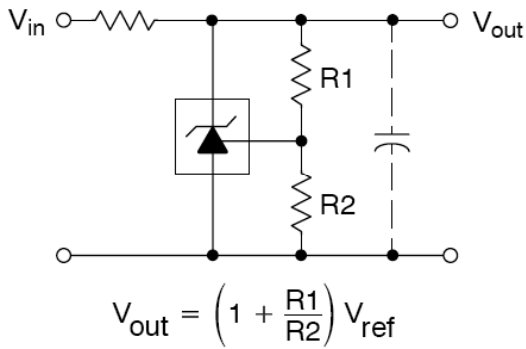


Figure 6: Shunt Regulator

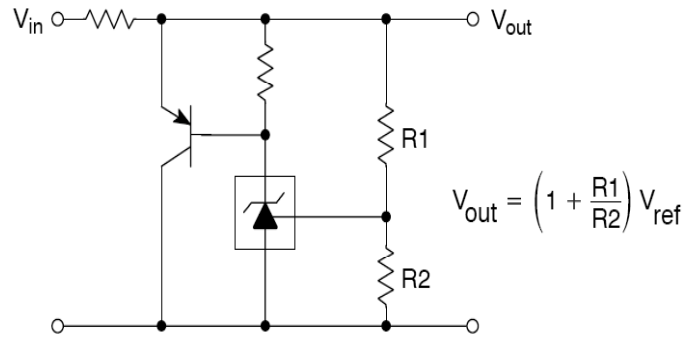


Figure 7: High Current Shunt Regulator

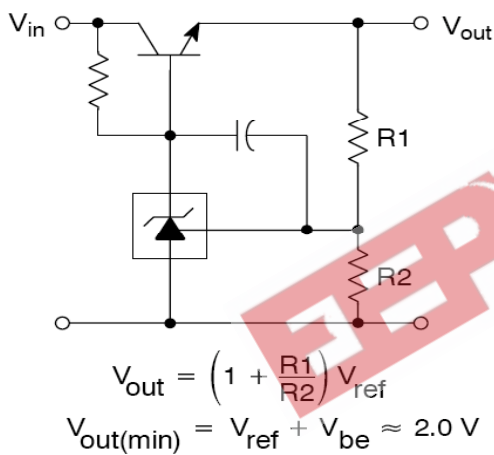


Figure 8: Series Pass Regulator

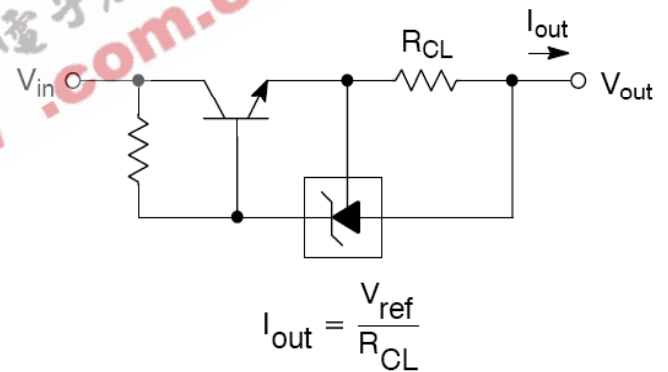


Figure 9: Constant Current Source

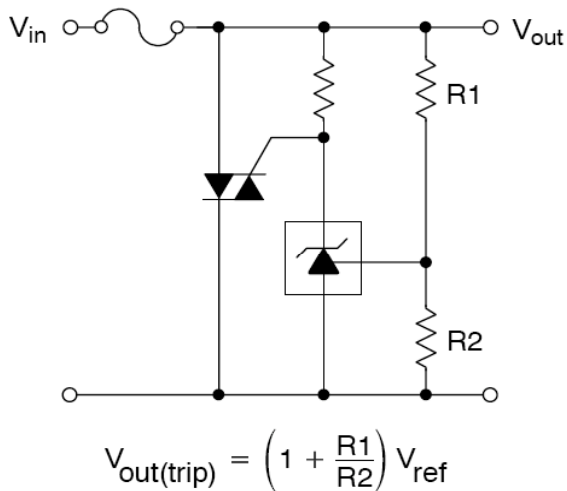


Figure 10: TRIAC Crowbar

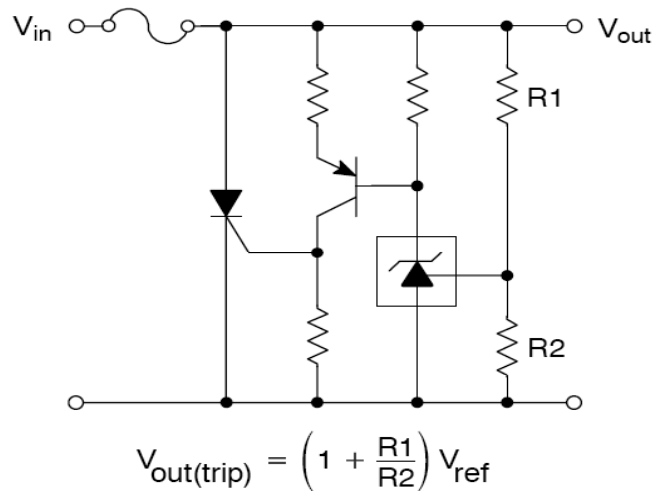


Figure 11: SCR Crowbar

Applications Examples (Continue)

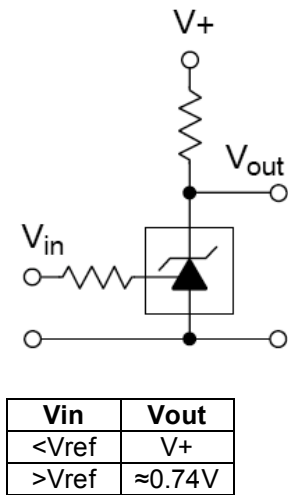


Figure 12: Single-Supply Comparator with Temperature-Compensated Threshold

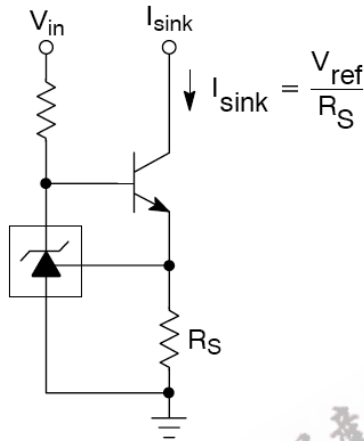


Figure 13: Constant Current Sink

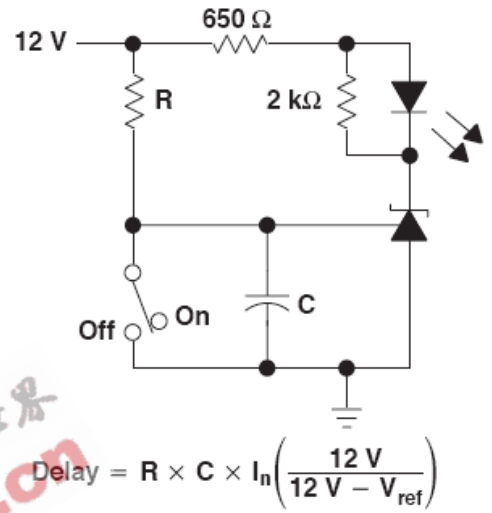


Figure 14: Delay Timer



Typical Performance Characteristics

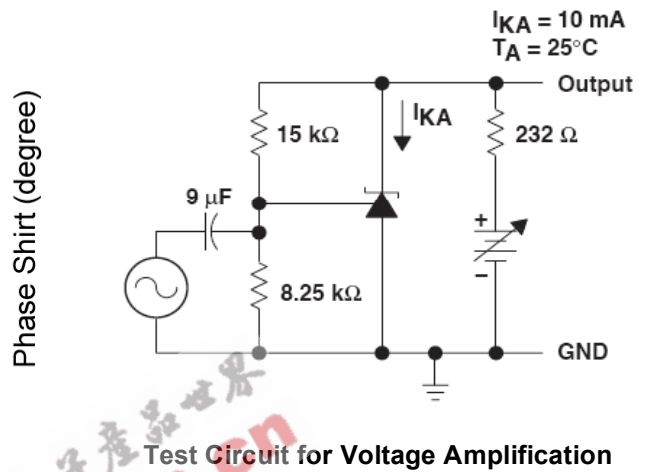
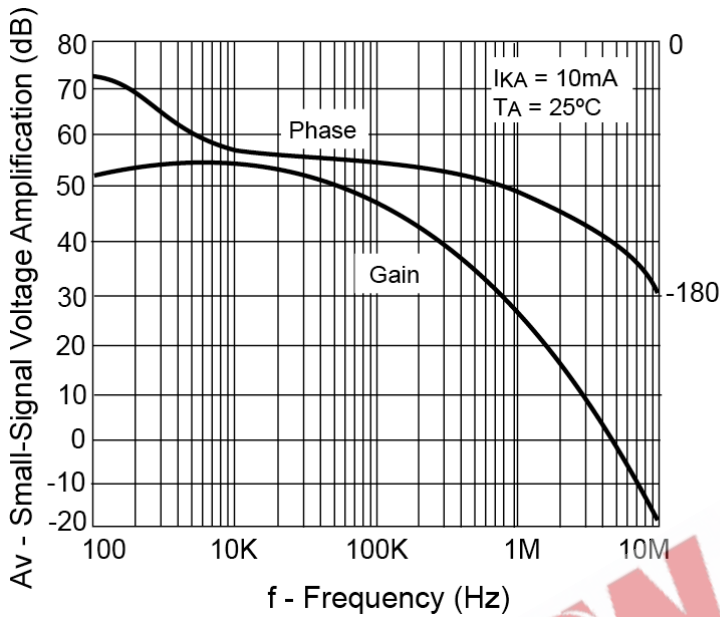
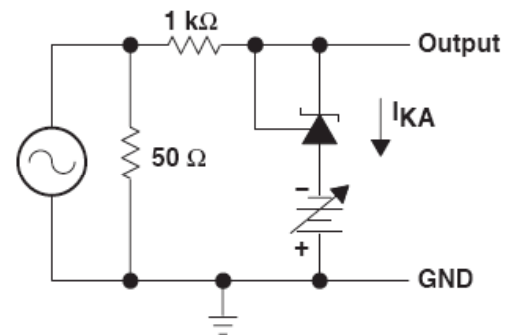
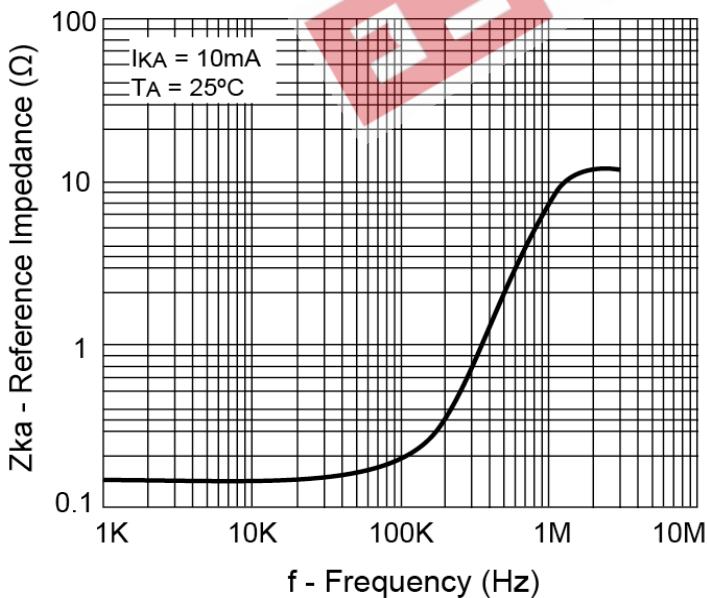


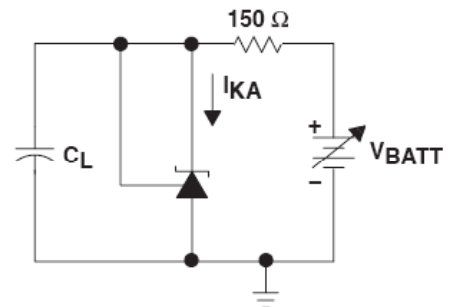
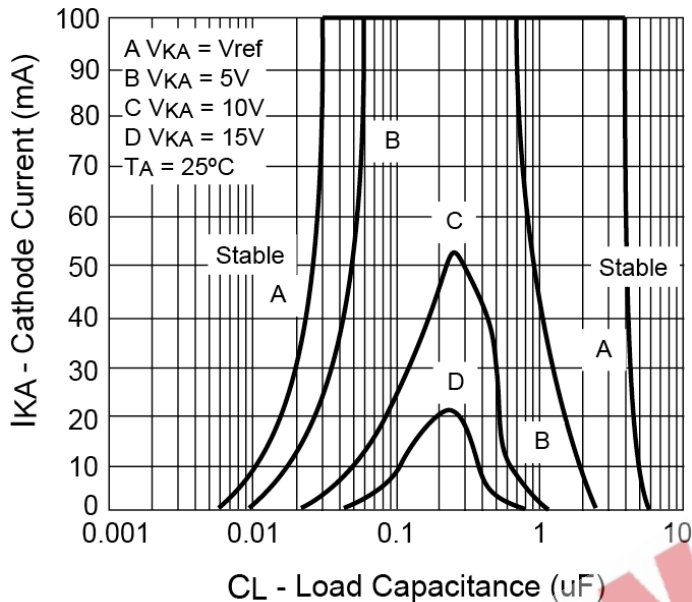
Figure 14: Small-Signal Voltage Gain and Phase Shift vs. Frequency



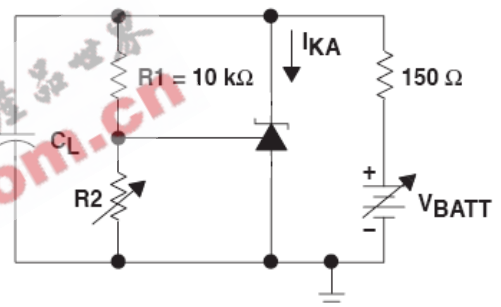
Test Circuit for Reference Impedance

Figure 15: Reference Impedance vs. Frequency

Typical Performance Characteristics (Continue)



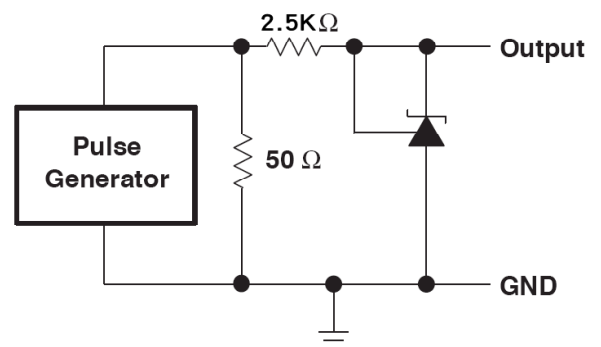
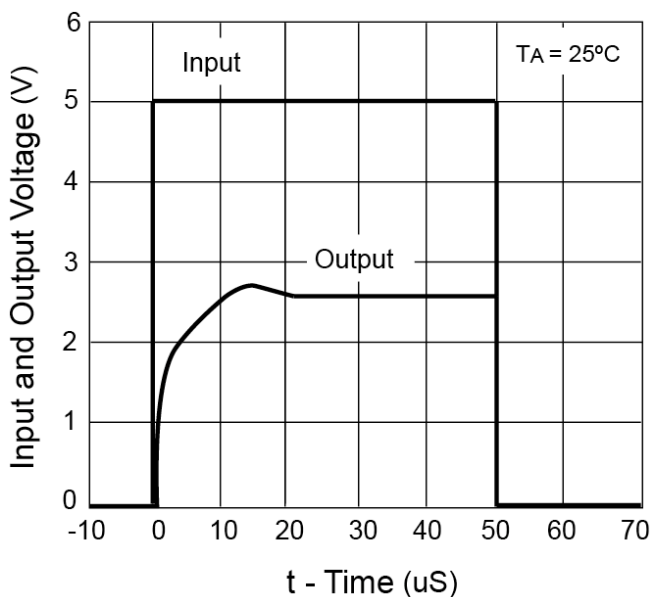
Test Circuit for Curve A



Test Circuit for Curve B, C and D

The areas under the curves represent conditions that may cause the device to oscillate. For curves B, C, and D, R_2 and V_+ were adjusted to establish the initial V_{KA} and I_{KA} conditions with $C_L=0$. V_{BATT} and C_L then were adjusted to determine the ranges of stability.

Figure 16: Stability Boundary Condition



Test Circuit for Pulse Response, $I_k=1mA$

Figure 17: Pulse Response

Electrical Characteristics

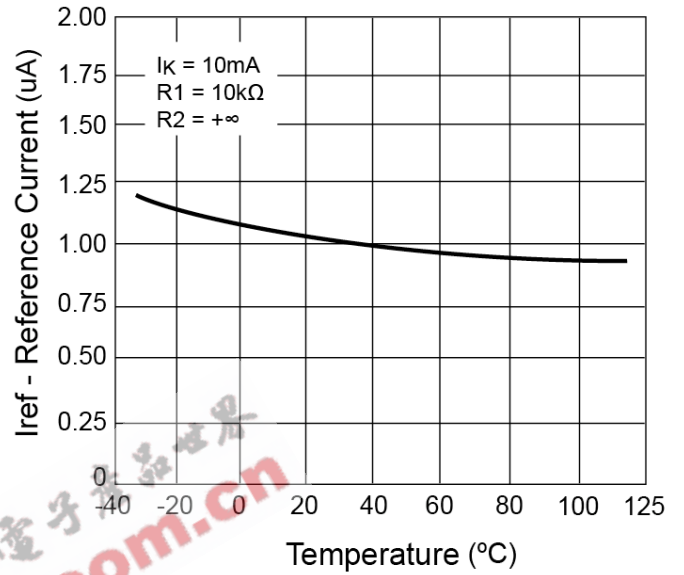
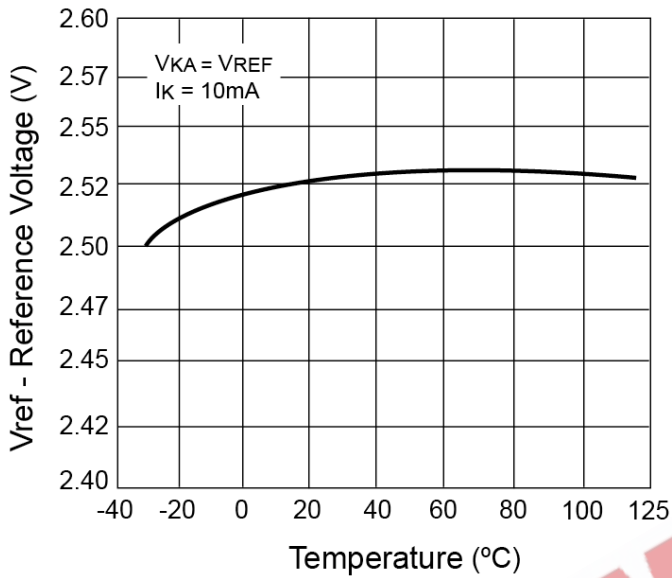


Figure 18: Reference Voltage vs. Temperature

Figure 19: Reference Current vs. Temperature

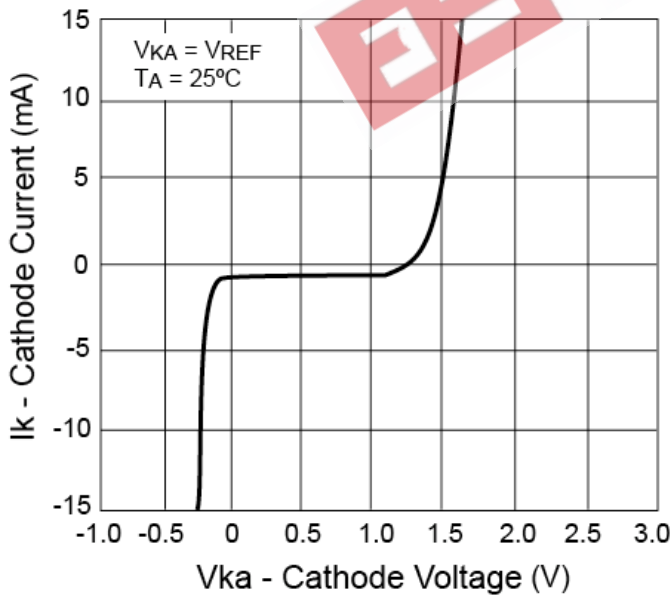
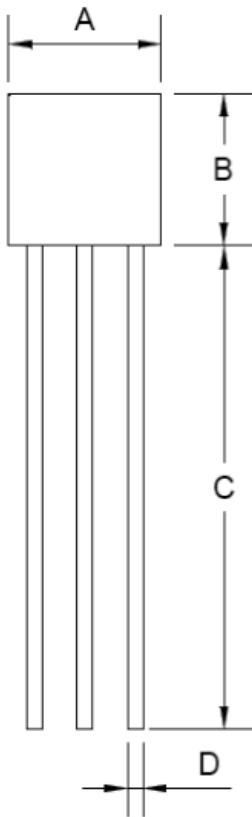


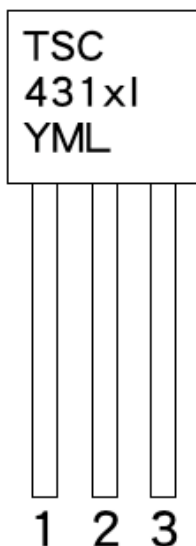
Figure 20: Cathode Current vs. Cathode Voltage

TO-92 Mechanical Drawing



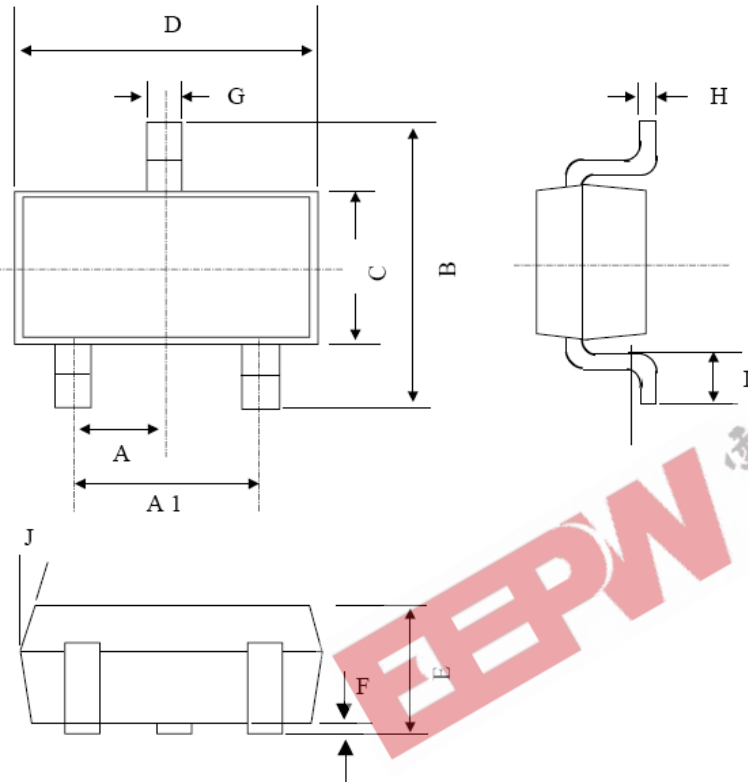
TO-92 DIMENSION				
DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.30	4.70	0.169	0.185
B	4.30	4.70	0.169	0.185
C	14.30(typ)		0.563(typ)	
D	0.43	0.49	0.017	0.019
E	2.19	2.81	0.086	0.111
F	3.30	3.70	0.130	0.146
G	2.42	2.66	0.095	0.105
H	0.37	0.43	0.015	0.017

Marking Diagram



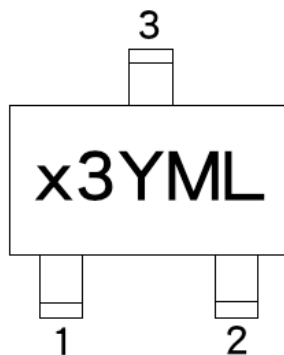
- X** = Tolerance Code
(**A** = ±1%, **B** = ±0.5%, **Blank** = ±2%,)
- Y** = Year Code
- M** = Month Code
(**A**=Jan, **B**=Feb, **C**=Mar, **D**=Apr, **E**=May, **F**=Jun, **G**=Jul, **H**=Aug, **I**=Sep, **J**=Oct, **K**=Nov, **L**=Dec)
- L** = Lot Code

SOT-23 Mechanical Drawing



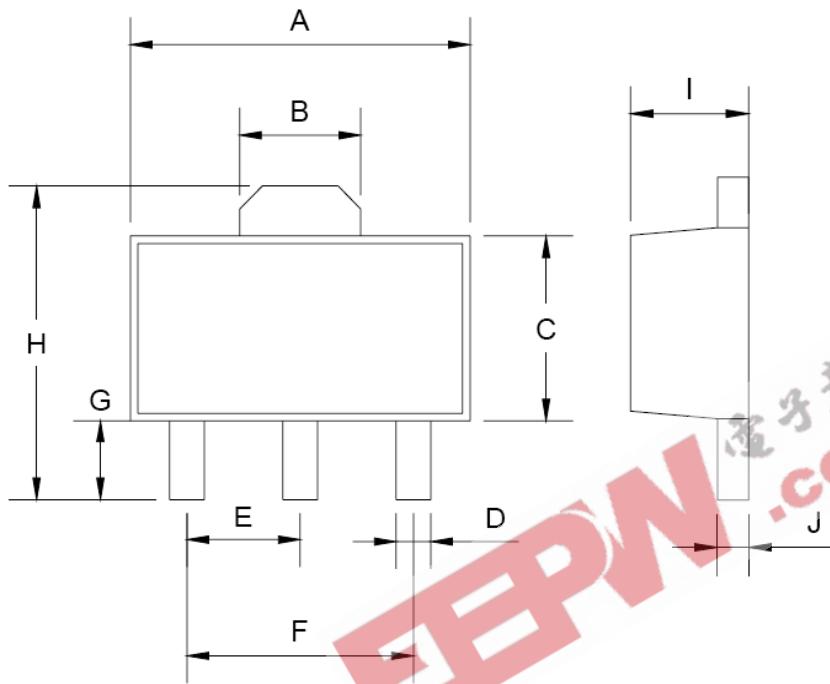
SOT-23 DIMENSION				
DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX.
A	0.95 BSC		0.037 BSC	
A1	1.9 BSC		0.074 BSC	
B	2.60	3.00	0.102	0.118
C	1.40	1.70	0.055	0.067
D	2.80	3.10	0.110	0.122
E	1.00	1.30	0.039	0.051
F	0.00	0.10	0.000	0.004
G	0.35	0.50	0.014	0.020
H	0.10	0.20	0.004	0.008
I	0.30	0.60	0.012	0.024
J	5°	10°	5°	10°

Marking Diagram



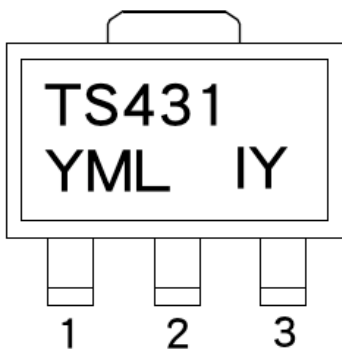
- X** = Device Code
(A = TS431AI, B = TS431BI, C = TS431I,)
- 3** = SOT-23 package
- Y** = Year Code
- M** = Month Code
(A=Jan, B=Feb, C=Mar, D=Apr, E=May, F=Jun, G=Jul, H=Aug, I=Sep, J=Oct, K=Nov, L=Dec)
- L** = Lot Code

SOT-89 Mechanical Drawing



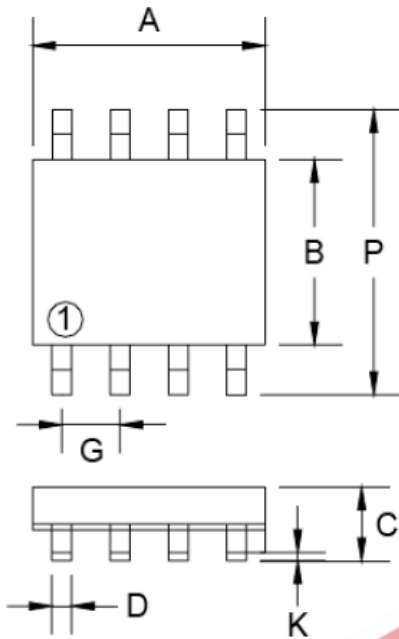
DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.40	4.60	0.173	0.181
B	1.50	1.7	0.059	0.070
C	2.30	2.60	0.090	0.102
D	0.40	0.52	0.016	0.020
E	1.50	1.50	0.059	0.059
F	3.00	3.00	0.118	0.118
G	0.89	1.20	0.035	0.047
H	4.05	4.25	0.159	0.167
I	1.4	1.6	0.055	0.068
J	0.35	0.44	0.014	0.017

Marking Diagram



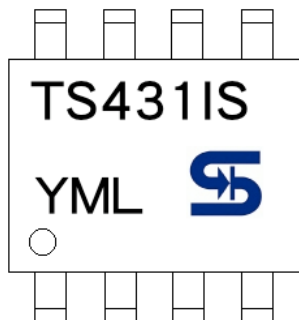
- Y** = Year Code
- M** = Month Code
(A=Jan, B=Feb, C=Mar, D=Apl, E=May, F=Jun, G=Jul, H=Aug, I=Sep, J=Oct, K=Nov, L=Dec)
- L** = Lot Code
- IY** = Package Code

SOP-8 Mechanical Drawing



SOP-8 DIMENSION				
DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX.
A	4.80	5.00	0.189	0.196
B	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157
C	1.35	1.75	0.054	0.068
D	0.35	0.49	0.014	0.019
F	0.40	1.25	0.016	0.049
G	1.27BSC		0.05BSC	
K	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.009
M	0°	7°	0°	7°
P	5.80	6.20	0.229	0.244
R	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.019

Marking Diagram



- Y** = Year Code
- M** = Month Code
(A=Jan, B=Feb, C=Mar, D=Apl, E=May, F=Jun, G=Jul, H=Aug, I=Sep, J=Oct, K=Nov, L=Dec)
- L** = Lot Code

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