

Energy Management

Power Analyzer with plug-in Output Modules

Type WM22-DIN

CARLO GAVAZZI



- Front dimensions: 9 DIN modules
- Analogue output by means of optional module (20mA or 10VDC)
- RS 422/485 Serial port by means of optional module
- Alarm output by means of optional module
- Dual pulse output by means of optional module
- Control of phase asymmetry

- Class 0.5 (current/voltage)
- Three-phase power analyzer
- Back-lighted LCD
- 4 x 3½ DGT instantaneous variables read out
- 7½ DGT energy read-out
- Measurements of system and phase variables: W, Wdmd, var, VA, VAdmd, PF ($\cos\phi$), V, A, Hz, THD-A, THD-V
- Measurements of total energies: kWh, kvarh
- Measurements of partial energies: kWh, kvarh
- Energy measurements according to EN61036 and EN61268
- TRMS measurements of distorted wave forms (voltages/currents)
- Two basic models: direct connection 20(90)AAC, CT 5(10)AAC and VT connection
- Maximum value indication of W dmd and VA dmd (only 5A version); maximum value indication of A (only 90A version)
- Self power supply (available for some models only) or auxiliary power supply: 24V, 48V, 115V, 230V, 50-60Hz; 18 to 60VDC, 77 to 143VDC
- Degree of protection (front): IP 40

Product description

Three-phase power analyzer with built-in configuration key-pad;

Particularly indicated for the analysis of main, secondary and energy metering electrical variables.

Housing for DIN-rail or wall-mounting, IP40 (front) protection degree.

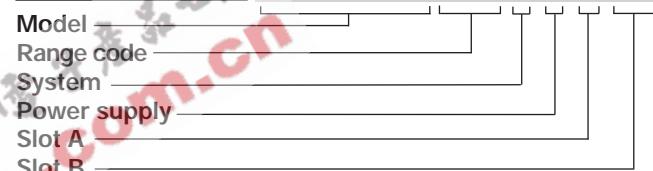
Completely sealable housing. In case of direct connection up to 90A, the measuring input terminals are suitable for cables with a cross-section area from 6 to 35 mm².

The special design of the instrument's housing allows to add at any time the interface modules, even when the instrument is already installed.

The following modules are available:

- for all versions: pulses output;
- only for the versions with auxiliary power supply: analogue output, RS485 port or alarm output.

How to order WM22-DIN AV5 3 X X XX



Important note:

- The models from AV0 to AV7 can be equipped with any type of available modules (slot A and B).
- The models AV8 and AV9 can be equipped only with the "O" and "R" type modules.
- The AV8 and AV9 models can measure all the parameters even if the three phase system being connected is missing one phase.
- The Av2 model is suitable only for three-phase unbalanced system without neutral.

Type selection

Range Code	Power supply	Slot A (retransmission)	Slot B (retransmission)
Auxiliary Power Supply:	For all versions		
AV0: 208V _{L-L} /20(90)AAC [3]	A: 24VAC B: 48VAC C: 115VAC D: 230VAC	X: None O: AO2900 module Dual open collector output	Only with A-B-C-D-4 power supply
AV1: 400V _{L-L} /20(90)AAC [1]	-15+10%, 50-60Hz	Three operating modes: • two pulse outputs (kWh and kvarh); • one alarm output and one pulse output (kWh or kvarh)	XX: None
AV3: 660V _{L-L} /20(90)AAC [2]	-15+10%, 50-60Hz	• one output which is remotely controlled by a serial port and one pulse output (kWh or kvarh)	A1: AO2920 module 0-20mADC analogue output
AV4: 208V _{L-L} /5(10)AAC [3]	-15+10%, 50-60Hz	R: AO2910 module. One relay output + one open collector output. Operation modes like module AO2900.	V1: AO2921 module 0-10VDC analogue output
AV5: 400V _{L-L} /5(10)AAC [1]	-15+10%, 50-60Hz		S0: AR2950 module RS422/485 serial port
AV6: 100V _{L-L} /5(10)AAC [3]	4: 18 to 60VDC 5: 77 to 143VDC		
AV7: 660V _{L-L} /5(10)AAC [2]	D: -15+10%, 50-60Hz		
Self Power Supply:	AV2, AV8 and AV9 only		
AV2: 220V _{L-L} /20(90)AAC [4]	X: Self Power Supply 400V _{L-L} (-20+15%, 50-60Hz)		
AV8: 208V _{L-L} /20(90)AAC [1]	208V _{L-L} (-20+15%, 50-60Hz)		
AV9: 400V _{L-L} /20(90)AAC [1]	220V _{L-L} (-10+15%, 50-60Hz)		
System			
3 : Three-phase, unbalanced load with or without neutral			

[1] Un: -20+15% [2] Un: -30+15% [3] Un: -20+20% [4] Un: -10 +15%

Specifications are subject to change without notice WM22-DINDS1003

Input specifications

Number of inputs		Additional errors		
Current	3	Wave form	Acc. to EN61036, EN61268	
Voltage	4	Voltage asymmetry	<1% (3 rd harmonic: 10%)	
Accuracy (display, RS485)	Ib: 5A, Imax: 10A Ib: 20A, Imax: 90A Un: see previous page "Range code" from 0.003lb to 0.2lb: ±(0.5%RDG +3DGT) from 0.2lb to Imax: ±(0.5%RDG +1DGT) in the range Un: ±(0.5% RDG + 1DGT) ±0.1% RDG (50 to 60 Hz)	Magnetic induction	< 0.5% (referred to Un)	
Current		HF Electromagnetic fields	0 (up to 0.5 mT)	
Voltage		Operation of accessories	< 1%	
Frequency			0	
Active power (@ 25°C ± 5°C, R.H. ≤ 90%)	±(1% RDG +1DGT). PF 1, 0.1lb to Imax, in the Un range; PF 0.5L, PF 0.8C, 0.2lb to Imax, in the Un range	Temperature drift	≤ 200ppm/°C	
Reactive power (@ 25°C ± 5°C, R.H. ≤ 90%)	±(2% RDG +1DGT). sinφ 1, 0.05lb to Imax, in the Un range; sinφ 0.5L, sinφ 0.5C, 0.1lb to Imax, in the Un range	Sampling rate	1000 samplings/s @ 50Hz	
Apparent power (@ 25°C ± 5°C, R.H. ≤ 90%)	±(1% RDG +1DGT). PF 1, 0.1lb to Imax, in the Un range	Display	Back-lighted LCD 4x3½ DGT Total: 1x7½ DGT Partial: 1x7½ DGT	
Energies (@ 25°C ± 5°C, R.H. ≤ 90%)	Class 1 acc. to EN61036 Class 2 acc. to EN61268 Ib: 5A, Imax: 10A 0.1lb: 500mA, Start up current: 20mA Un: see table "range code" Ib: 20A, Imax: 90A 0.1lb: 2A, Start up current: 80mA Un: see table "range code" ±3% f.s. (f.s.: 100%) up to the 7 th harmonic; Un: see table "range code" Imin: 500mA; Imax: 15Ap; Imin: 2A; Imax: 127Ap;	Max. and Min. indication	Max. 1999 (1999999), Min. 0	
Harmonic distortion (@ 25°C ± 5°C, R.H. ≤ 90%)	Ib 5A Ib 20A	Measurements	Current, voltage, power, energy, power factor, frequency, harmonic distortion (see display specs). TRMS measurements of distorted wave forms.	
Ib 5A		Coupling type	Direct	
Ib 20A		Crest factor	Ib 3 (15A max. peak) ≤ 6 (127A max. peak)	
		Current overload	300 A max, @ 50Hz 200 A max, @ 50Hz 10A, @ 50Hz 2700A max, @ 50Hz 90A, @ 50Hz	
		Voltage overload	1.2 Un 2 Un	
		Input impedance	400V _{L-L} (AV1-AV5-AV9) 208V _{L-L} (AV0-AV4-AV8-AV2) 660V _{L-L} (AV3-AV7) 100V _{L-L} (AV6) 5(10) A (AV4-AV5-AV6-AV7) 20(90) A (AV0-AV1-AV3-AV8-AV9) 20(90) A (AV2)	> 720KΩ > 720KΩ > 1.97MΩ > 400KΩ < 0.3VA < 4VA < 4VA
		Frequency	50 to 60 Hz	

Interface module specifications

Analogue outputs (on request)		
Number of outputs	1	the following ranges: 0 and 20mADC, 0 and 10VDC
Range	0 to 20 mADC (AO2920 module slot B, only for versions with auxiliary power supply) 0 to 10VDC (AO2921 module slot B, only for versions with auxiliary power supply)	V, W, VA, var, PF (cosφ) 900ms
Accuracy	±0.5% F.S. ≤ 300 ppm/ °C	1.4s
Temperature drift	Programmable within the whole range of retransmission; it allows the retransmission of all the values included in	THD-V, THD-A 3s ≤1% according to IEC 60688-1, EN 60688-1
Scaling factor		≤ 500 Ω ≥ 10 kΩ By means of optocouplers, 2000 V _{RMS} between output and measuring input

Interface module specifications (cont.)

	2000 V _{RMS} between output and power supply input	Insulation	According to DIN43864 By means of optocouplers, 2000 V _{RMS} outputs to measuring inputs, 2000 V _{RMS} output to supply input. Insulation between the two outputs: functional
RS422/RS485 (on request)	AR2950 module Multidrop bidirectional (static and dynamic variables) 2 or 4 wires, max. distance 1200m, termination directly on the module		
Type	255, selectable by key-pad	Alarm output Number of outputs Alarm type	1 Up alarm, down alarm phase asymmetry, phase loss.
Connections	MODBUS/JBUS	Setpoint adjustment	0 to 100% of the electrical scale
Addresses	Phase and system variables: see table "Display pages"	Hysteresis	0 to 100% of the electrical scale
Protocol	All the programming data, reset of energy, activation of static output.	On-time delay	0 to 255 seconds
Data (bidirectional)	Stored energy (EEPROM) max. 19.999.999 kWh/kvarh	Response time system variables FFT off, filter off	V, W, VA, var, PF (cosφ) 700ms
Dynamic (reading only)	1 start bit, 8 data bit, no parity, 1 stop bit	FFT on, filter on	1.2s
Static (writing only)	9600 bit/s	variables Filter off	THD-V, THD-A
	By means of optocouplers, 2000 V _{RMS} output to measuring inputs	Output type	3s Open collector (transistor NPN) V _{ON} 1.2 VDC / max. 100 mA V _{OFF} 30 VDC max.
	2000 V _{RMS} output to supply input	Insulation	By means of optocouplers, 2000 V _{RMS} output to measuring input, 2000 V _{RMS} output to supply input. Insulation between the two outputs: functional
Digital outputs (on request)	To be used as alarm, energy retransmission, or remote static outputs.	AO2910 module	Relay + open collector output. Working mode like AO2900.
AO2900 module	Three working modes are selectable: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• two pulse outputs (kWh and kvarh);• one alarm output and one pulse output (kWh or kvarh)• one output remotely controlled by means of the serial port and one pulse output (kWh or kvarh)	Pulse output	One static output+one relay output, other characteristics like AO2900.
	2	Alarm output	Only relay output, other characteristics like AO2900.
	From 0.01 to 100 pulses programmable according to the selected CT and VT ratios	Output type	Static type like module AO2900;
	Open collector (transistor NPN) V _{ON} 1.2 VDC / max. 100 mA V _{OFF} 30 VDC max.	Insulation	Relay type: SPDT, AC1, AC15: 1AAC @250VAC
	220 ms (ON), ≥ 220 ms (OFF)		By means of optocouplers, 2000 V _{RMS} outputs to measuring inputs, 2000 V _{RMS} output to supply input. Insulation between the two outputs: 2000 V _{RMS}
Pulse outputs			
Number of outputs			
Number of pulses			
Output type			
Pulse duration			

Software functions

Password	Numeric code of max. 3 digits 2 protection levels of the programming data Password "0", no protection Password from 1 to 1000, all data are protected	Electrical range	Programmable within the whole measuring range.
1 st level 2 nd level		Filter Filter operating range Filter coefficient Filter action	0 to 99.9% of the input electrical scale. 1 to 16 Alarm, analogue and serial output (fundamental variables: V, A, W and their derived ones).
System selection	Three-phase with neutral Three-phase without neutral		
Transformer ratio		Display System variables Single phase variables System variables Single phase variables	Up to 4 variables per page Page 1: W-var-PF (cosφ) Page 2: W dmd - VA dmd - Hz Page 3: THD-V Page 4: THD-A Page 5: kWh total Page 6: kvarh total Page 7: kWh partial Page 8: kvarh partial Page 9: V _{L-N} Page 10: A Page 11a: A _{MAX} Page 11b: W dmd _{MAX} VA dmd _{MAX} Page 12: W Page 13: VA Page 14: var Page 15: PF (cosφ)
Scaling factor Operating mode	Compression/expansion of the measuring range to be connected to the analogue output.	20(90) A 5(10) A	

Supply specifications

Self supplied version	400V _{L-L} -20% +15%, 50-60Hz 208V _{L-L} -20% +15%, 50-60Hz 220V _{L-L} -10% +15%, 50-60Hz	115VAC -15 +10%, 50-60Hz 48VAC -15 +10%, 50-60Hz 24VAC -15 +10%, 50-60Hz
Auxiliary power supply	230VAC -15 +10%, 50-60Hz	18 to 60VDC 77 to 143VDC
Energy consumption		≤ 7VA

General Specifications

Operating temperature	0 to +55°C (R.H. < 90% non-condensing 40°C)	Pulse voltage (1.2/50μs)	8kV (EN61000-4-5)
Storage temperature	-20 to +60°C (R.H. < 90% non-condensing 40°C)	Standards Safety Metrology	IEC664-1 Energy measurements: EN61036, EN61268, DIN43864
Installation category	Cat. III (IEC 664)	Pulse output	
Insulation	2000 VRMS between all inputs / outputs to earth	Approvals	CE
Dielectric strength	4000 VRMS for 1 minute	Connections 5(10) A	Screw-type, 4 mm ²
Noise rejection CMRR	100 dB, 48 to 62 Hz	Connections 20(90) A	Screw-type, 6 mm ² / 35 mm ² Min./Max. screws tightening torque 2 Nm / 6 Nm
EMC Burst Immunity to irradiated electromagnetic fields	4kV/level 4 (EN61000-4-4) 10V/m 26-1000MHz (EN61000-4-3) 15kV (EN61000-4-2) according to CISPR 14 and CISPR 22	Housing Dimensions Material	162.5 x 90 x 63 mm ABS, NORYL, PC self-extinguishing: UL 94 V-0
Electrostatic discharges Radio frequency emissions		Mounting	DIN-rail and wall
		Degree of protection	Front: IP40 Connections: IP20
		Weight	800 g approx. (packing included)

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Function description

Input and output scaling capability

Working examples of the analogue output (Y) versus the input variable (x) - (input/output scaling possibilities).

Figure A

The sign of measured quantity and output quantity remains the same. The output quantity is proportional to the measured quantity.

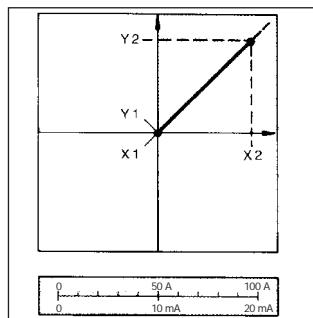


Figure B

The sign of measured quantity and output quantity remains the same. With the measured quantity being zero, the output quantity already has the value $Y_1 = 0.2 Y_2$. Live zero output.

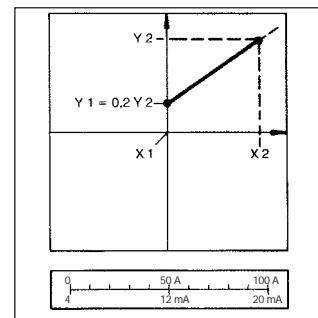
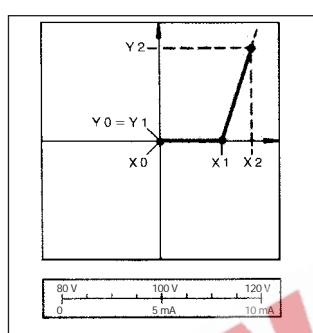


Figure C

The sign of measured quantity and output quantity remains the same. On the range $X_0 \dots X_1$, the output quantity is zero. The range $X_1 \dots X_2$ is delineated on the entire output range $Y_0 = Y_1 \dots Y_2$ and thus presented in strongly expanded form.



Mode of Operation

Waveform of the signals that can be measured

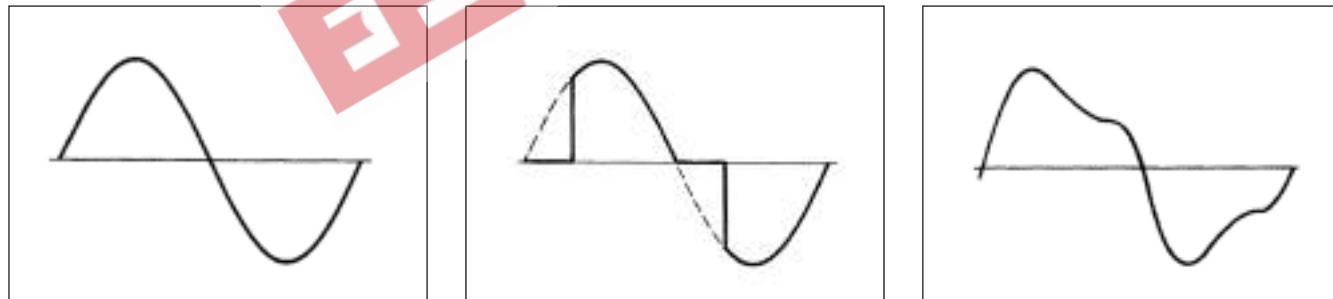


Figure D

Sine wave, undistorted

Fundamental content 100%
Harmonic content 0%
 $A_{rms} = 1.1107 |A|$

Figure E

Sine wave, indented

Fundamental content 10...100%
Harmonic contents 0...90%
Frequency spectrum: 3rd to the 16th harmonic
Additional error: <1% rdg

Figure F

Sine wave, distorted

Fundamental content 70...90%
Harmonic content 10...30%
Frequency spectrum: 3rd to the 16th harmonic
Additional error: <0.5% rdg

Harmonic distortion analysis

Analysis principle	FFT	THD (Al2), THD (Al3)
Harmonic measurement	Up to the 7 th harmonic Up to the 7 th harmonic	Read-out
Current Voltage		THD %
Type of harmonics	THD (Vl1), THD (Vl2), THD (Vl3), THD (Al1)	System
		The harmonic distortion can be measured in 3-wire or 4-wire systems.

Display pages

Variables that can be displayed

No	1 st variable	2 nd variable	3 rd variable	4 th variable	Notes
1	W sys	PF sys	Var sys		sys = system
2	W dmd	Hz	VA dmd		dmd = demand (integration time from 1 to 30 minutes)
3	V _{L1} THD	V _{L2} THD	V _{L3} THD		THD = tot. harmonic distortion
4	A _{L1} THD	A _{L2} THD	A _{L3} THD		THD = tot. harmonic distortion
5	kWh				total energy
6	kvarh				total energy
7	kWh				partial energy
8	kvarh				partial energy
9	V _{L1}	V _{L2}	V _{L3}	V _{L-L} sys	sys = system
10	A _{L1}	A _{L2}	A _{L3}	Err	Err = in case of negative power
11a	W dmd MAX	VA dmd MAX			Only version 1-5A, dmd = demand
11b	A _{L1} MAX	A _{L2} MAX	A _{L3} MAX		Only version 90A
12	W _{L1}	W _{L2}	W _{L3}	W sys	sys = system
13	VA _{L1}	VA _{L2}	VA _{L3}	VA sys	The system value remains always 0 if the neutral is not connected
14	Var _{L1}	Var _{L2}	Var _{L3}	Var sys	
15	PF _{L1}	PF _{L2}	PF _{L3}	PF sys	

Used calculation formulas

Phase variables

Instantaneous effective voltage

$$V_{1N} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^n (V_{1Ni})^2}$$

Instantaneous active power

$$W_i = \frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^n (V_{1Ni})_i \cdot (A_i)_i$$

Instantaneous power factor

$$\cos\phi_i = \frac{W_i}{VA_i} \quad (\text{TPF})$$

Instantaneous effective current

$$A_i = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^n (A_i)_i^2}$$

Instantaneous apparent power

$$VA_i = V_{1N} \cdot A_i$$

Instantaneous reactive power

$$VAr_i = \sqrt{(VA_i)^2 - (W_i)^2}$$

System variables

Equivalent system voltage

$$V_{\Sigma} = \frac{V_1 + V_2 + V_3}{3} * \sqrt{3}$$

System reactive power

$$VAr_{\Sigma} = (VAr_1 + VAr_2 + VAr_3)$$

System active power

$$W_{\Sigma} = W_1 + W_2 + W_3$$

System apparent power

$$VA_{\Sigma} = \sqrt{W_{\Sigma}^2 + VAr_{\Sigma}^2}$$

System power factor

$$\cos\phi_{\Sigma} = \frac{W_{\Sigma}}{VA_{\Sigma}} \quad (\text{TPF})$$

Total harmonic distortion

$$THD_i = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{n=2}^{n=10} T_n^2}{T_i}}$$

Note:

i = phase (L1, L2 or L3)

T = variable (V or I)

n = harmonic order

Consumption recording

$$kWh_i = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} P_i(t) dt \cong \Delta t \sum_{n=1}^m P_{i,n} \quad kVarh_i = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} Q_i(t) dt \cong \Delta t \sum_{n=1}^m Q_{i,n}$$

Note:

i = phase (L1, L2 or L3)

P = active power

Q = reactive power

t₁, t₂ = starting and ending time points of consumption recording

n = time unit

Δt = time interval of consumption recording

n₁, n₂ = starting and ending discrete time points of consumption recording

List of the variables that can be connected to the analogue and alarm output

N°	Variable	Notes	N°	Variable	Notes
1	V sys	sys = system	6	THD-V	Max. THD value among the three phases
2	W sys	sys = system	7	THD-A	Max. THD value among the three phases
3	var sys	sys = system	8	VA dmd	Power demand in the selected integration time
4	VA sys	sys = system	9	W dmd	
5	PF sys	sys = system	10	ASY	Phase asymmetry

Available models

Type	Inputs	Power supply	Ordering code
WM22-DIN AV9.3.X.	400V _{L-L} , 20(90)A	Self power supply	AF2100
WM22-DIN AV8.3.X.	208V _{L-L} , 20(90)A	Self power-supply	AF2101
WM22-DIN AV2.3.D.	220V _{L-L} , 20(90)A	Self power-supply	AF2144
WM22-DIN AV1.3.D.	400V _{L-L} , 20(90)A	230VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2102
WM22-DIN AV0.3.D.	208V _{L-L} , 20(90)A	230VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2103
WM22-DIN AV3.3.D.	660V _{L-L} , 20(90)A	230VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2104
WM22-DIN AV1.3.C.	400V _{L-L} , 20(90)A	115VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2105
WM22-DIN AV0.3.C.	208V _{L-L} , 20(90)A	115VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2106
WM22-DIN AV3.3.C.	660V _{L-L} , 20(90)A	115VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2107
WM22-DIN AV1.3.B.	400V _{L-L} , 20(90)A	48VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2108
WM22-DIN AV0.3.B.	208V _{L-L} , 20(90)A	48VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2109
WM22-DIN AV3.3.B.	660V _{L-L} , 20(90)A	48VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2110
WM22-DIN AV1.3.A.	400V _{L-L} , 20(90)A	24VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2111
WM22-DIN AV0.3.A.	208V _{L-L} , 20(90)A	24VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2112
WM22-DIN AV3.3.A.	660V _{L-L} , 20(90)A	24VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2113
WM22-DIN AV5.3.D.	400V _{L-L} , 5(10)A	230VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2114
WM22-DIN AV4.3.D.	208V _{L-L} , 5(10)A	230VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2115
WM22-DIN AV7.3.D.	660V _{L-L} , 5(10)A	230VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2116
WM22-DIN AV5.3.C.	400V _{L-L} , 5(10)A	115VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2117
WM22-DIN AV4.3.C.	208V _{L-L} , 5(10)A	115VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2118
WM22-DIN AV7.3.C.	660V _{L-L} , 5(10)A	115VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2119
WM22-DIN AV5.3.B.	400V _{L-L} , 5(10)A	48VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2120
WM22-DIN AV4.3.B.	208V _{L-L} , 5(10)A	48VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2121
WM22-DIN AV7.3.B.	660V _{L-L} , 5(10)A	48VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2122
WM22-DIN AV5.3.A.	400V _{L-L} , 5(10)A	24VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2123
WM22-DIN AV4.3.A.	208V _{L-L} , 5(10)A	24VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2124
WM22-DIN AV7.3.A.	660V _{L-L} , 5(10)A	24VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2125
WM22-DIN AV6.3.D.	100V _{L-L} , 5(10)A	230VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2126
WM22-DIN AV6.3.C.	100V _{L-L} , 5(10)A	115VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2127
WM22-DIN AV6.3.B.	100V _{L-L} , 5(10)A	48VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2128
WM22-DIN AV6.3.A.	100V _{L-L} , 5(10)A	24VAC, 50-60Hz	AF2129
WM22-DIN AV1.3.4 / [5]	400V _{L-L} , 20(90)A	18-60VDC [77-143VDC]	AF2130 [AF2137]
WM22-DIN AV0.3.4 / [5]	208V _{L-L} , 20(90)A	18-60VDC [77-143VDC]	AF2131 [AF2138]
WM22-DIN AV3.3.4 / [5]	660V _{L-L} , 20(90)A	18-60VDC [77-143VDC]	AF2132 [AF2139]
WM22-DIN AV5.3.4 / [5]	400V _{L-L} , 5(10)A	18-60VDC [77-143VDC]	AF2133 [AF2140]
WM22-DIN AV4.3.4 / [5]	208V _{L-L} , 5(10)A	18-60VDC [77-143VDC]	AF2134 [AF2141]
WM22-DIN AV7.3.4 / [5]	660V _{L-L} , 5(10)A	18-60VDC [77-143VDC]	AF2135 [AF2142]
WM22-DIN AV6.3.4 / [5]	100V _{L-L} , 5(10)A	18-60VDC [77-143VDC]	AF2136 [AF2143]

Available modules

Type	Channels	Code	Type	Channels	Code
Open collector output	2	AO2900	0-10VDC Analogue Output	1	AO2921
0-20mADC analogue output	1	AO2920	RS485 Serial Output	1	AR2950
Relay + open c. output	2	AO2910			

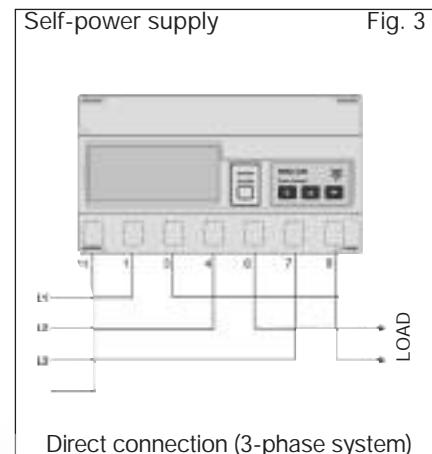
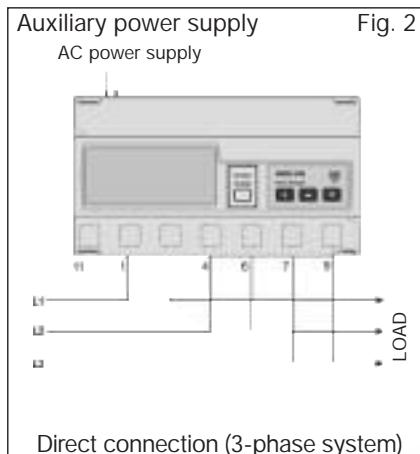
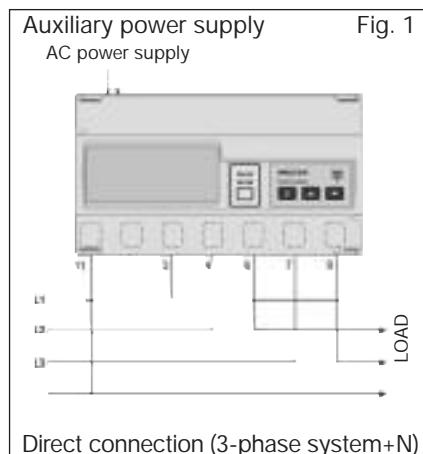
Possible module combinations

Power supply	Self p.s.		Auxiliary p.s.		Power supply	Self p.s.		Auxiliary p.s.	
Basic unit	Slot A	Slot B	Slot A	Slot B	Basic unit	Slot A	Slot B	Slot A	Slot B
Open collector output	●			●	Analogue output		● (*)		●
Relay + open c. output	●			●	RS485 Serial Output		● (*)		●

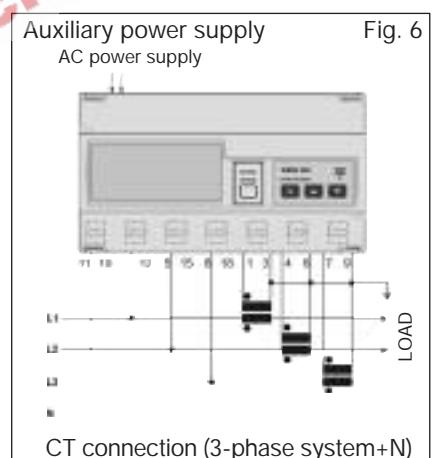
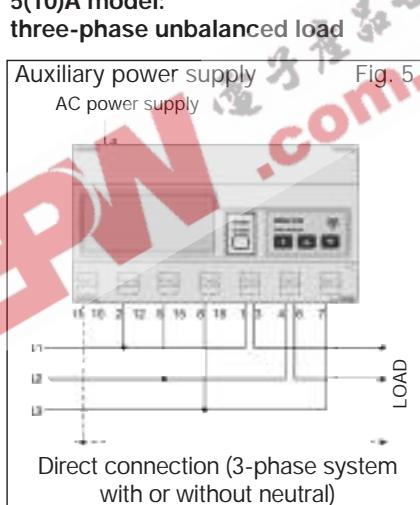
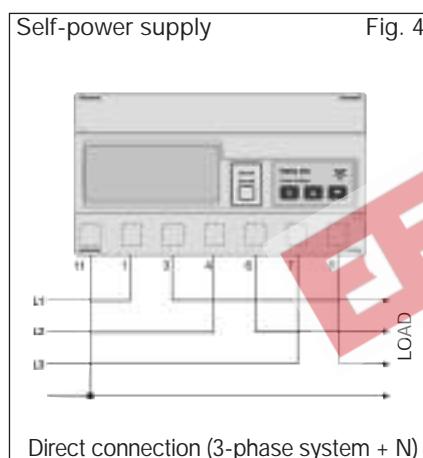
(*) AV2 only

Wiring diagrams

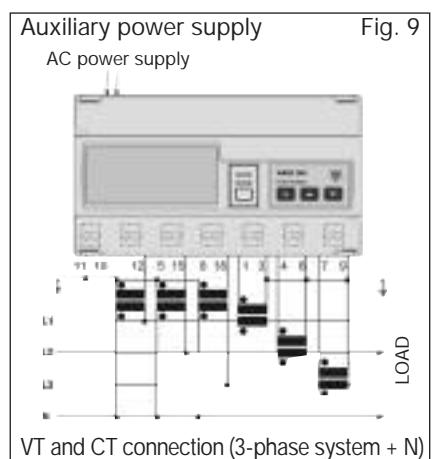
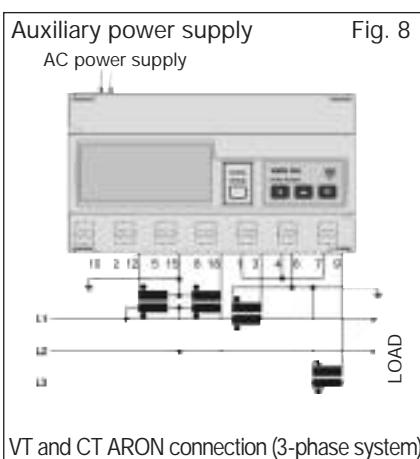
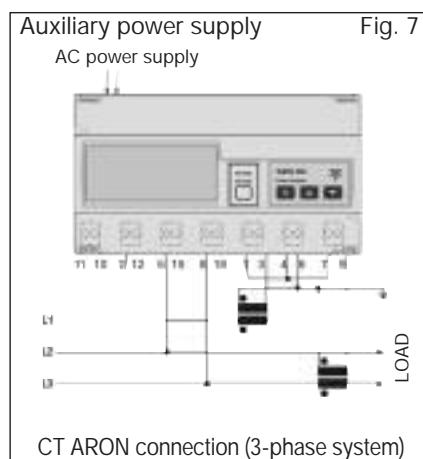
20(90)A model: three-phase unbalanced load



**20(90)A model:
three-phase unbalanced load**



5(10)A model: three-phase unbalanced load



Wiring diagrams (optional modules)

Open collector output

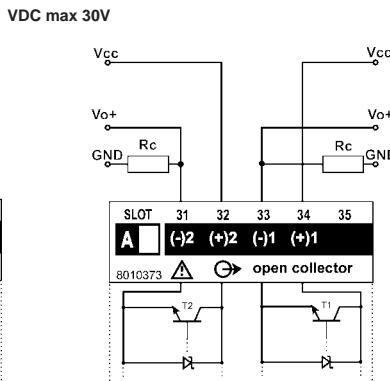
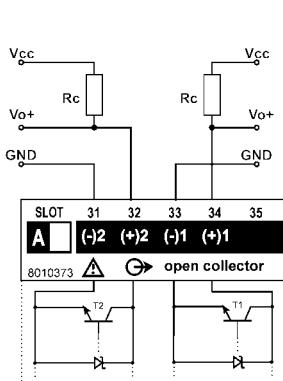
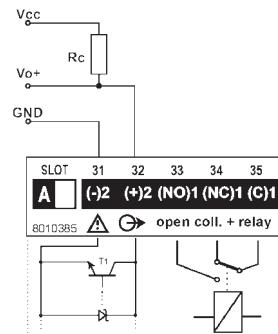


Fig.10

Relay + open collector output Fig. 11



Only open collector outputs: the grounds of the outputs are separated, and therefore it's possible to carry out, for the same module, two different connections. The load resistance (Rc) must be designed so that the closed contact current is lower than 100mA; the VDC voltage must be lower than or equal to 30V. VDC: power supply voltage output. Vo+: positive output contact (open collector transistor). GND: ground output contact (open collector transistor).

Analogue output

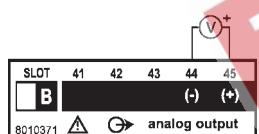
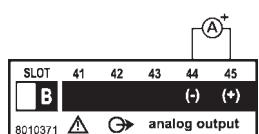
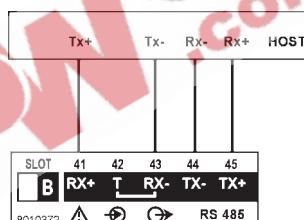


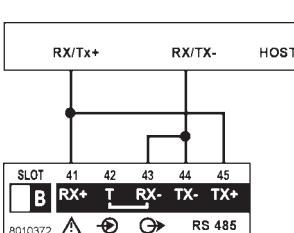
Fig. 12

RS485 Serial output



4-wire connection

RS485 Serial output

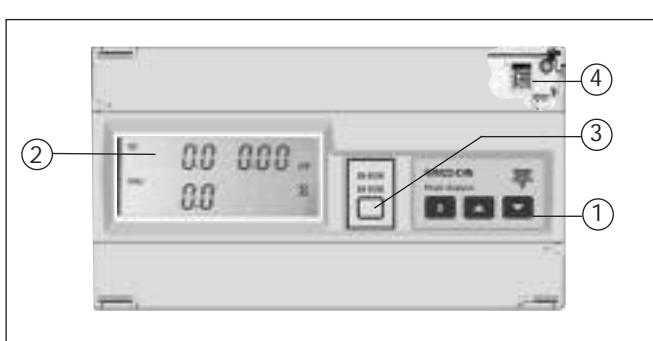


2-wire connection

Fig. 13

Fig. 14

Front panel description



Keys for:

- value programming;
- function selection;
- displaying the measuring pages.

2. Display

LCD with alphanumeric indications to:
 - display configuration parameters;
 - display all the measured variables.

3. Removable label

Label to write the instrument ID number.

4. Hidden dip-switch

Enable/ disable the access to the programming procedure.

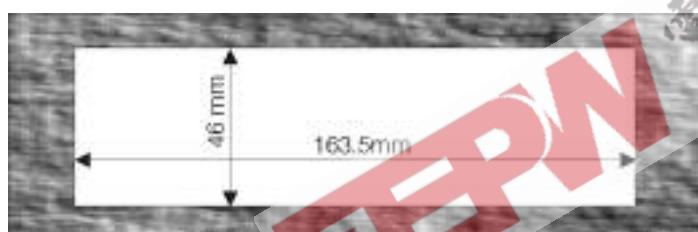
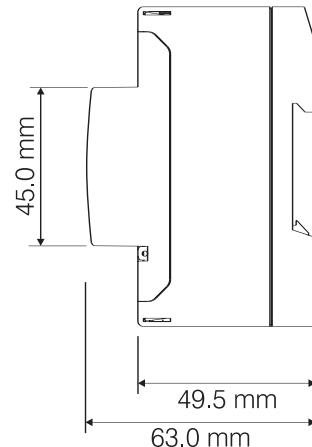
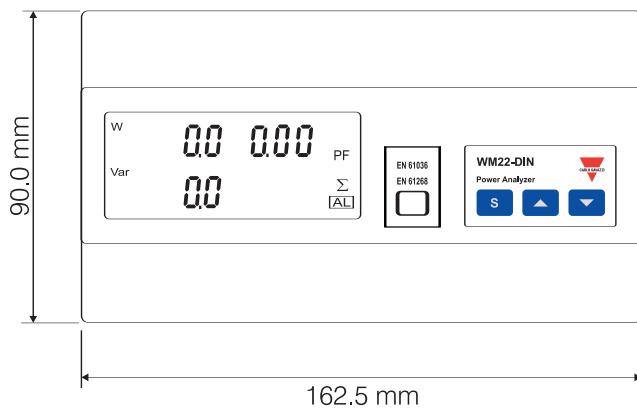
1. Key-pad

To program configuration parameters and to display variables.



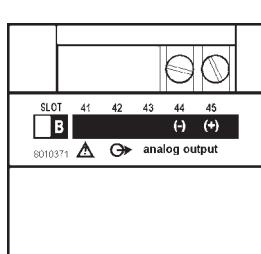
S-key to enter programming and confirm selections;

Dimensions and panel cut-out



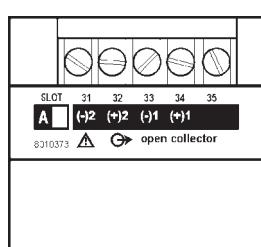
Terminal boards

Analogue output module



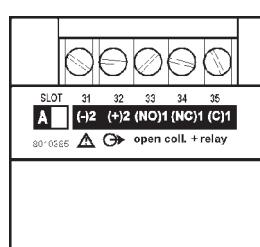
AO 2920: 0-20 mA
AO 2921: 0-10 V

Dual output open collector module



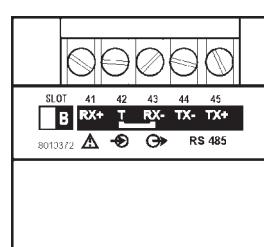
AO 2900

Relay output module + open collector output



AO 2910

RS485 serial output module



AR 2950